SCG-02-WP

Workpapers Supporting the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan A. Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis T. Sera

(Technical - Project Execution and Management, Volume IV of VII)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

VOLUME	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
I.	Workpapers Introduction	WP-1 to 464
	SoCalGas TIMP ILI Workpapers (Vol. I)	
II.	SoCalGas TIMP ILI Workpapers (Vol. II)	WP-465 to 955
III.	SoCalGas TIMP ILI Workpapers (Vol. III)	WP-956 to 1440
IV.	SoCalGas TIMP ILI Workpapers (Vol. IV)	WP-1441 to 1960
V.	SoCalGas TIMP ILI Workpapers (Vol. V)	WP-1961 to 2066
VI.	SoCalGas TIMP Retrofit Workpapers (Vol. VI)	WP-2067 to 2119
VII.	SoCalGas TIMP Direct Assessment Workpapers (Vol. VII)	WP-2120 to 2647
	Appendix A - Glossary	WP-A1 to A6



Final Workpaper for Line 3003 and Line 1205

I. LINE 3003 AND LINE 1205

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

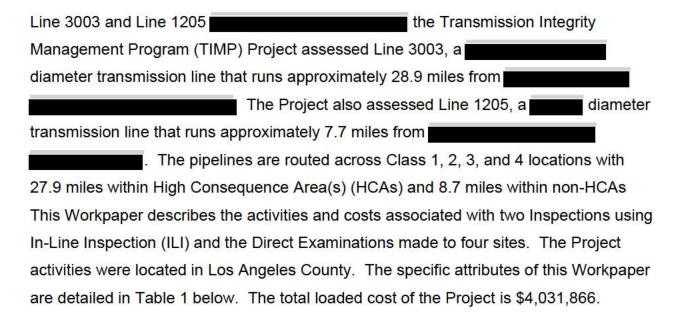




Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details	
Pipelines	3003 and 1205
Segment	
Inspection Type	Tools
Location	Santa Clarita, Encino, Los Angeles
Class	1, 2, 3, 4
HCA Length	27.9 miles
Vintage	Multiple vintages from
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Final Tool Run Date	
Inspection Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	2		
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	No Repair		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details			
Site	3		
Site Examination ID	3		
	3 Soft Pad		
Examination ID			
Examination ID Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		
Examination ID Mitigation/Remediation Type Within HCA	Soft Pad No		
Examination ID Mitigation/Remediation Type Within HCA SRC/IRC	Soft Pad No		
Examination ID Mitigation/Remediation Type Within HCA SRC/IRC Pipe Diameter	Soft Pad No		
Examination ID Mitigation/Remediation Type Within HCA SRC/IRC Pipe Diameter MAOP	Soft Pad No		



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details					
Site	4		10		
Examination ID					
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement				
Within HCA	Yes				
SRC/IRC	No	No			
Pipe Diameter					
MAOP					
SMYS					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total		
Loaded Project Costs	1,244,617	2,787,249	4,031,866		



Final Workpaper for Line 3003 and Line 1205

B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 3003 and Line 1205

Project





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that typically occur during the Inspections including Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

1.	<u>Inspection – Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> SoCalGas identified Line
	3003 and Line 1205 TIMP Project for Inspection using
	ILI which was completed in two parts.
	a. Part 1 of the ILI from a temporary launcher site within to a
	temporary receiver site near the intersection of
	b. Part 2 of the ILI from a temporary launcher site near the intersection of
	to a temporary receiver site near

- c. The Project required installation of two temporary launcher sites, two temporary receiver sites, including all associated piping and filter separators.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the completion of the Inspections using ILI, four Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of no repairs.
 - Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.



- d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 49 foot pipeline replacement.
- Post Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in two additional examinations that will be addressed after 2023.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspections
 using ILI, and four Direct Examinations.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

ā	Final Project Scope						
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits		
3003	28.9 mi				No		
3003	28.9 mi				No		
1205	7.7 mi				No		
1205	7.7 mi				No		

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
3003	1	No	No	22 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
3003	2	Yes	No	15 ft	No Repairs	N/A	O&M
3003	3	No	No	24 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
1205	4	Yes	No	53 ft	Replacement	49 ft	Capital



Final Workpaper for Line 3003 and Line 1205
B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection
SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 3003 and Line 1205 TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:
 Site Description: The Project Team completed the Inspections in two parts by considering similar pipeline diameters and configurations for Line 3003 and Line 1205. a. Part 1 from a temporary launcher site within to a temporary receiver site near the intersection of Part 1 inspected sections of Line 3003 that are and in diameter. b. Part 2 from a temporary launcher site near the intersection of to a temporary receiver site near
Part 2 inspected sections of Line 3003 that are in diameter, and Line 1205 which is in diameter. 2. HCA Threats:
3. Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from
4. Long Seam Type:



Fi	nal	Workpaper for Line 3003 and Line 1205	P Project
	_		
5.	Inc	spection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized	
Ο.	IIIK	spection roots and recrinologies.	
	ca	apabilities during the Inspection of the pipelines.	
	Cu	were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.	
6	SV	ystem Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline sys	tem to
Ο.	S. 1820	valuate project feasibility, which concluded the pipelines could be inspected	
		stem impacts.	a without
7.	-	ustomer Impacts: No customer impacts.	
		ommunity Impacts: The Project caused occasional noise and traffic impac	ts at the
Ο.		llowing locations:	to at the
		The temporary launcher and receiver locations at	
	u.	The temporary launcher and receiver locations at	
	h	The temporary receiver location near	
9		<u>ubstructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures	that
J .		pacted the design and engineering.	triat
10		nvironmental:	
	·	ermit Restrictions: The Project Team obtained approved permits from the	following
		ntities for the Inspection:	Tollowing
		Utility Permit for excavation from the City of Los Angeles for the tempora	irv
	u.	launcher and receiver sites near	ı y
	h	Construction Noise Variance Permit for Excavation from the Los Angeles	e Police
	D.	Commission for construction activities for the temporary launcher and re-	
		sites near	CCIVCI
	C	Construction Noise Variance Permit for Excavation from the Los Angeles	e Police
	C.	Commission for construction activities at the receiver site near	once
		Commission for construction activities at the receiver site fiear	



- d. Peak Hour Exemption from the City of Los Angeles for construction activities at the temporary receiver site near
- 12. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 13. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project obtained Traffic Control Plan (TCP) approval from the following entities:
 - a. City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation for the temporary launcher and receiver assemblies at
 - b. City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation for the temporary receiver near

14. Schedule Delay:

- a. The Project experienced schedule delays due to construction activities for another SoCalGas TIMP Project within
- The Project experienced a delayed start for the Inspection due to a companywide Restricted Maintenance Operations (RMO).

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were four Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 3003 and Line 1205
 Project.
 - Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of no repairs.
 - Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 49 foot pipeline replacement.
- SRC/IRC: There were no Safety Related Conditions (SRCs) or Immediate Repair Conditions (IRCs) during the Direct Examinations.



TIMP Project

- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts:
 - a. The Project Team was required to communicate project activities and timelines to locations in the vicinity of Direct Examination Site #2.
 - b. The Project Team temporarily disturbed areas within private property for Direct Examination Site #2.
- Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- Environmental: The Project required compliance with the company's programmatic Lake or Streambed Alteration Agreement from California Department of Fish and Wildlife for Direct Examination Site #3.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained approved permits from the following entities:
 - a. Excavation Permit from the City of Los Angeles, which allotted work hours from 9:00am to 4:00pm, Monday through Saturday for Direct Examination Site #4.

9. Land Use:

- a. The Project Team abided by existing Right of Ways on privately owned land for Direct Examination Site #1. Courtesy notifications were sent to the landowner.
- b. The Project Team obtained a temporary right of entry (TRE) from a private landowner for Direct Examination Site #2.
- c. The Project Team executed the work within SoCalGas owned property for Direct Examination Site #3.
- d. Direct Examination Site #4 was in the public Right of Way.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team obtained approved Traffic Control Plans (TCP) from the City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation for Direct Examination Site #4.



TIMP Project

11. <u>Schedule Delay:</u> The Project Team experienced delays to the project schedules due to coordination with another SoCalGas Project. Coordination was required before beginning construction activities for Direct Examination Site #4.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post Assessment

During the Post Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipelines, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in two additional examinations that will be addressed after 2023.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination Sites #1, #2, and #3					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					
Mobilization 2: Direct Examination Site #4					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					



Figure 2: Temporary Launcher Site at





Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #1





Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #2





Figure 5: Direct Examination Site #3





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipelines to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

- Bundling of Projects: The Project Team executed Inspections for two pipelines, Line 3003 and Line 1205, as one Project by utilizing an Inspection tool that is capable of inspecting multiple diameters. Considering similar pipeline diameters and configurations for Line 3003 and Line 1205.
- Permit Conditions: The Project Team coordinated with another SoCalGas project to ensure excavation activities for the temporary receiver near were included in a permit for a separate SoCalGas project.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,031,866.

Table 6: Actual Direct Costs3

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	105,302	302,797	408,098
Contract Costs	742,672	1,260,975	2,003,648
Material	42,717	93,130	135,847
Other Direct Charges	146,138	873,079	1,019,217
Total Direct Costs	1,036,829	2,529,981	3,566,810

Table 7: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	204,371	257,268	461,640
AFUDC	2,632	0	2,632
Property Taxes	784	0	784
Total Indirect Costs	207,788	257,268	465,056

Table 8: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Total Costs (\$) Capital Costs		Total Actual Costs	
Total Loaded Costs	1,244,617	2,787,249	4,031,866	

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



TIMP Project

V. CONCLUSION

and Line 1205 TIMP Project. Through this Project,
SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192,
Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination
of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address
threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting
information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable
threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the
findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,031,866.

End of Line 3003 and Line 1205

Project Final Workpaper

TIMP



Final Workpaper for Line 3007 and Line 1170

TIMP Project

I. LINE 3007 AND LINE 1170

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Line 3007 and Line 1170

Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed diameter transmission lines that run approximately 10.4 miles from through commercial and residential areas. The pipeline is routed across locations with 8.6 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 1.84 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with Direct Examinations made to three sites. The Project activities were located in the City of Los Angeles. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,749,524.



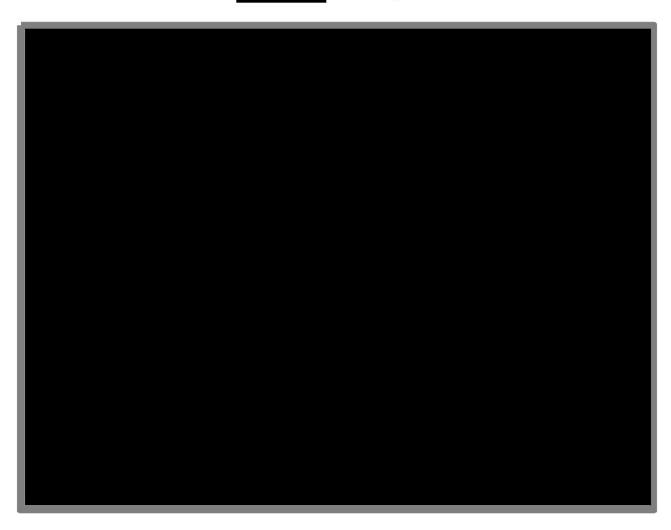
Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad and Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	3
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital O&M Total
Loaded Project Costs	4,711,449 38,075 4,749,524



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 3007 and Line 1170





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 3007 and Line 1170
 TIMP for Inspection using ILI, activities related to the ILI were completed for this Project before the TY 2019 General Rate Case (GRC) cycle.
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, three Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs and a 42 foot pipe replacement.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 31 foot pipe replacement.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes three Direct Examinations.



Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
3007	1	Yes	No	12 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
3007	2	Yes	No	54 ft	Soft Pad and Replacement	42 ft	Capital
1170	3	Yes	No	39 ft	Replacement	31 ft	Capital

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 3007 and Line 1170

TIMP Project before the TY 2019 GRC cycle.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were three Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 3007 and Line 1170
 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs and a 42 foot pipe replacement.



- c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 31 foot pipe replacement.
- SRC/IRC: There were no Safety Related Conditions (SRCs) or Immediate Repair Conditions (IRCs) during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded:
 - a. Coordination was required with another SoCalGas project to ensure system capacity was maintained.
 - b. Isolation of Line 3007 for Direct Examination Site #2 repairs required a temporary bypass.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> Two initial Direct Examination locations were within a heavily trafficked intersection resulting in significant permit approval delays by the permitting agency. To avoid further impacts, the Project Team prepared and executed alternate Direct Examinations. The Project Team obtained the following approved permits:
 - a. City of Los Angeles Excavation Permit for all Direct Examinations.
 - b. City of Los Angeles Peak Hour Exemptions for Direct Examinations #1 and #2.
 - c. City of Los Angeles Noise Variance Permit for Direct Examination #3.
 - d. The Project experienced permitting constraints for Direct Examination #3 due to neighboring projects.
 - e. Permitting approvals for all Direct Examinations required work to be completed during nighttime hours; Monday through Friday, from 9pm to 7am.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained the use of adjacent areas as temporary laydown yards.



10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained approved Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) from the City of Los Angeles for all Direct Examinations. Permitting approvals required all work to be completed Monday through Friday, from 9pm to 7am.

11. Constructability:

- a. The Project Team initially mobilized for Direct Examination Site #3 in however upon potholing for this location, it was determined the depth of the pipe was greater than anticipated. Direct Examination Site #3 demobilized on and remained so for approximately eight months.
- b. During the second mobilization for Direct Examination Site #3, the Project Team coordinated schedules with a neighboring project.
- c. Initial repairs for Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs. Due to sited anomalies, the Project Team also completed a pipe replacement at the site.
- d. The Project Team completed Direct Examination Site #2 in conjunction with construction activities for a neighboring project.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline – Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination Sites #1, #2, #3		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Mobilization 2: Direct Examination Site #3		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



Figure 2: Direct Examination Site #1





Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #2

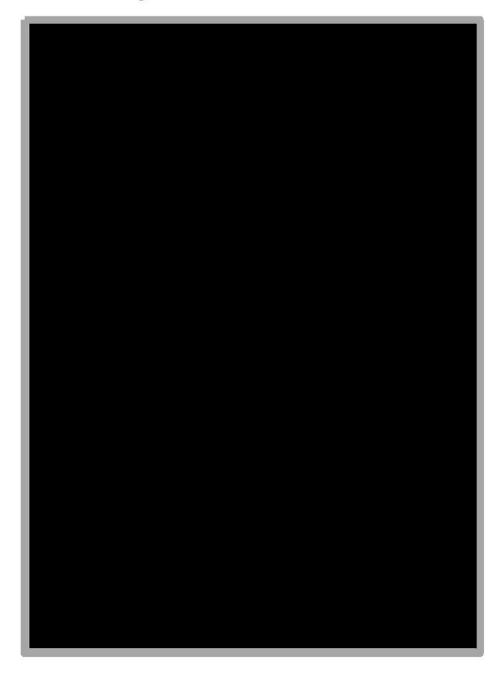




Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #2





Figure 5: Direct Examination Site #3

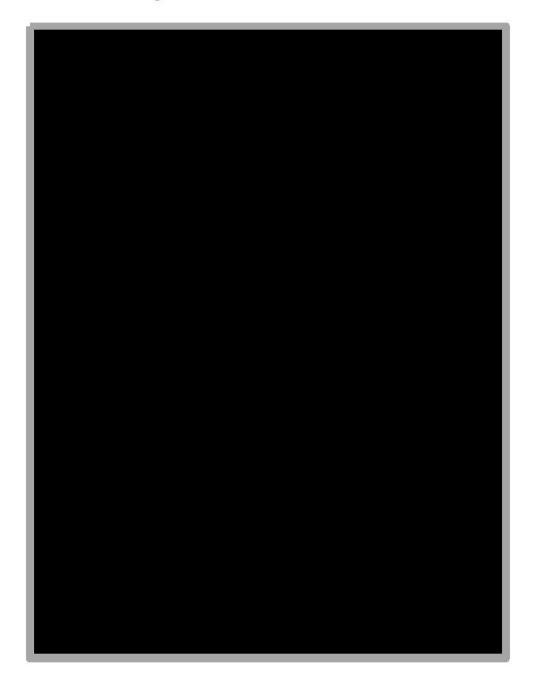




Figure 6: Direct Examination Site #3





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the Project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

- 1. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained the use of adjacent areas as temporary laydown yards, reducing cost for additional laydown areas.
- 2. <u>Permit Conditions:</u> The Project Team coordinated permitting efforts with a neighboring SoCalGas project when completing Direct Examination Site #3.
- 3. <u>Construction Execution:</u> The Project Team coordinated with a neighboring SoCalGas project to complete construction for Direct Examination Site #2.



B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,749,524.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	345,272	5,091	350,363
Contract Costs	3,107,129	64,494	3,171,623
Material	106,863	-51,816	55,047
Other Direct Charges	424,165	27,827	451,993
Total Direct Costs	3,983,429	45,596	4,029,025

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	725,225	-7,521	717,704
AFUDC	1,728	0	1,728
Property Taxes	1,067	0	1,067
Total Indirect Costs	728,020	-7,521	720,499

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	4,711,449	38,075	4,749,524

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing the Line 3007 and Line 1170

TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and report findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,749,524.

End of Line 3007 and Line 1170

TIMP Project Final Workpaper



Final Workpaper for Line 3008

TIMP Project

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

I.

Project assessed a predominantly diameter transmission line that runs approximately two miles from neighborhoods. The pipeline is routed across Class 1, and 3 locations with 1.4 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 0.6 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to three sites. The Project activities were located in the City of Santa Clarita. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$8,999,750.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details			
Pipeline	3008		
Segment			
Inspection Type	ILI Tool		
Location	Santa Clarita		
Class	1, 3		
HCA Length	1.4 miles		
Vintage			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Final Tool Run Date			
Inspection Due Date			
Direct Examination Details	To the state of th		
Site	1		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details				
Site	2			
Examination ID			2	
Туре	Validation)-1 -2	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad			
Within HCA	No		23 91	
SRC/IRC	No			
Pipe Diameter	100			
MAOP				
SMYS	**************************************		,	
Construction Start Date				
Construction Completion Date				
Direct Examination Details	·			
Site	3			
Examination ID				
Туре	Validation			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad			
Within HCA	Yes			
SRC/IRC	No			
Pipe Diameter				
MAOP				
SMYS	s we		6-	
Construction Start Date			^	
Construction Completion Date				
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total	
Loaded Project Costs	3,904,887	5,094,864	8,999,750	



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 3008





Final Workpaper for Line 3008 TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- 1. <u>Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> SoCalGas identified Line 3008 for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a temporary launcher site within site on to a temporary receiver
 - b. The Project Team installed a permanent valve at the receiver site.
 - c. The Project required a permanent spool piece retrofit at the launcher site to facilitate future ILIs.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, three Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.



4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI and three Direct Examinations.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope					
Line Inspection Threat Inspection Technology Tool Method of Travel Retrofits					Retrofits	
3008	2.1 mi				Yes	

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
3008	1	Yes	No	15.5 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
3008	2	No	No	15.5 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
3008	3	Yes	No	15.5 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 3008 Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

1.	Site Description:	The Inspection length was two miles from a temporary launche
	site within	to a temporary receiver site on



Final Workpaper for Line 3008
HCA Threats:
Pipe Vintage:
Long Seam Type:
Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized a combination tool with
capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline.
were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
Inspection Retrofits: The Project Team installed a permanent valve at the
receiver site and a permanent spool piece at the launcher site.
System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without
system impacts.
<u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team did not identify any anticipated service
disruptions to customers.
Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that
impacted the design and engineering.

- 11. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 12. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team required an Encroachment permit from the City of Santa Clarita.
- 13. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) from a private property owner for extra workspace at the receiver site.
- 14. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team required a Traffic Control Plan (TCP) for the City of Santa Clarita at the receiver site.



Final Workpaper for Line 3008 TIMP Project

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Line 3008 TIMP Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment</u>: There were three Direct Examination Sites selected for validation of the ILI within the Line 3008 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team did not identify any anticipated service disruptions to customers.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. <u>Environmental:</u> No identified impacts.
- 8. Permit Restrictions: No identified impacts.
- 9. Land Use: The Project Team required a TRE for Direct Examination Site #1.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team did not identify any traffic control needs at the site.



Final Workpaper for Line 3008 TIMP Project

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations that involved preventative and mitigative measures to enhance the overall integrity and safety of the pipeline.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline - Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Receiver Site on - Permanent Retrofits

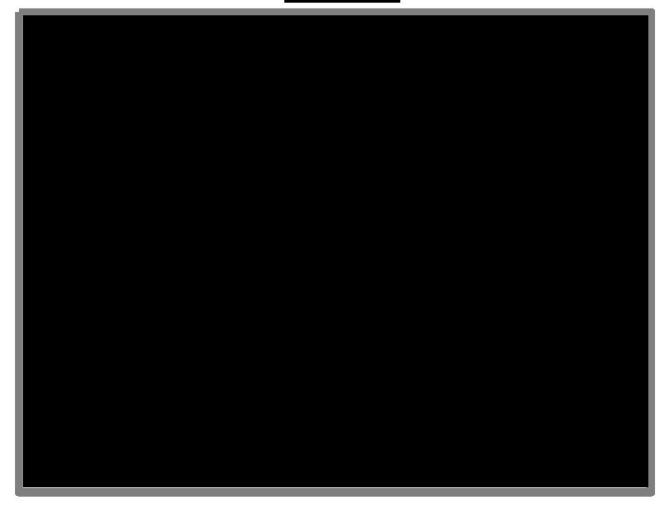




Figure 3: Launcher Site at - Temporary Piping

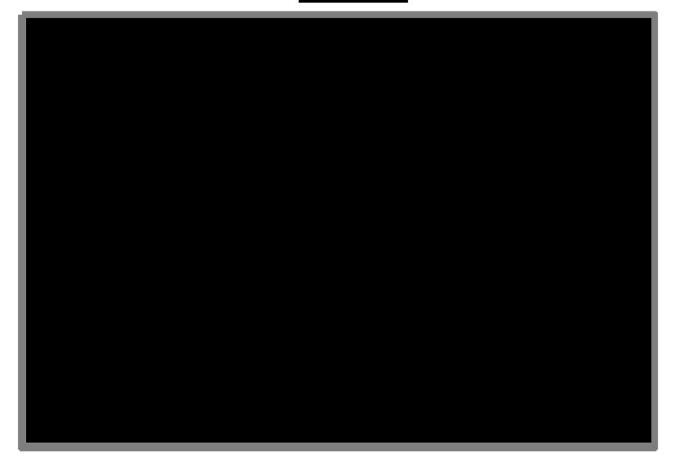




Figure 4: Launcher Site at - Permanent Spool Piece

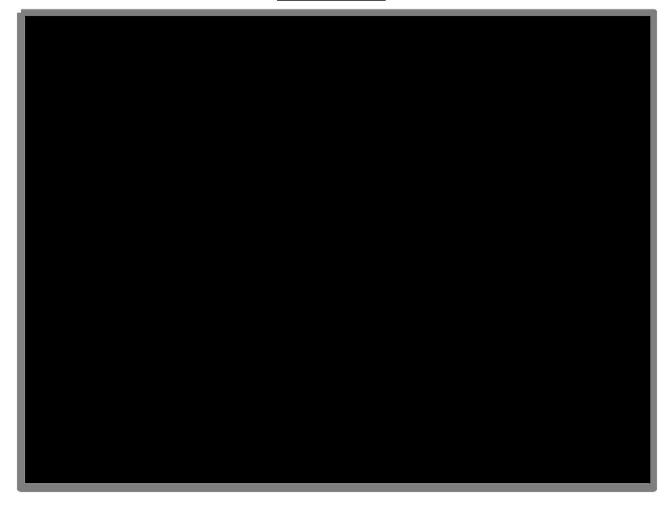




Figure 5: Launcher Site at - Temporary Launcher Piping

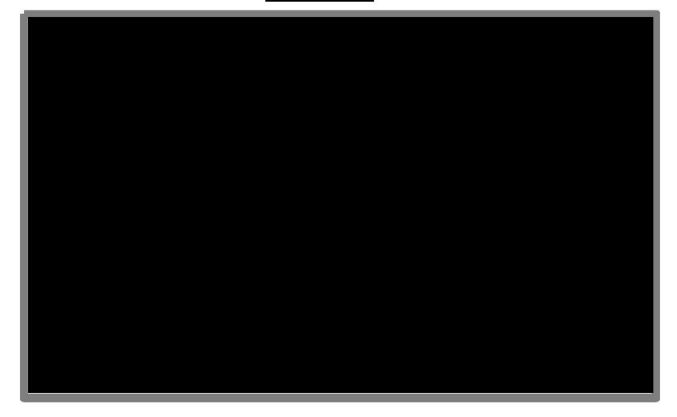
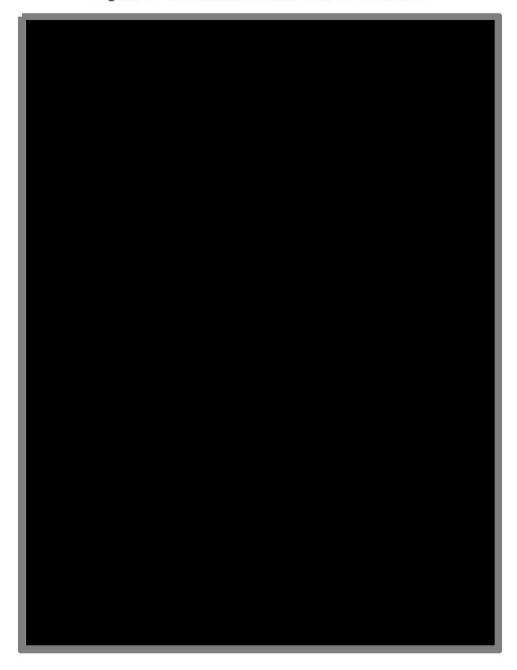




Figure 6: Direct Examination Site #1 Overview





Final Workpaper for Line 3008 TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



Final Workpaper for Line 3008 TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$8,999,750.

Table 6: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	332,273	254,643	586,916
Contract Costs	2,385,943	3,558,087	5,944,030
Material	185,996	270,681	456,676
Other Direct Charges	343,950	568,256	912,205
Total Direct Costs	3,248,161	4,651,667	7,899,828

Table 7: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	608,439	442,668	1,051,107
AFUDC	39,552	529	40,081
Property Taxes	8,735	0	8,735
Total Indirect Costs	656,726	443,197	1,099,922

Table 8: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	3,904,887	5,094,864	8,999,750

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



Final Workpaper for Line 3008 TIMP Project

V. CONCLUSION

TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$8,999,750.

End of Line 3008 TIMP Project Final Workpaper



Final Workpaper for Line 4000 Phase 1

I. LINE 4000 PHASE 1

TIMP Project

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

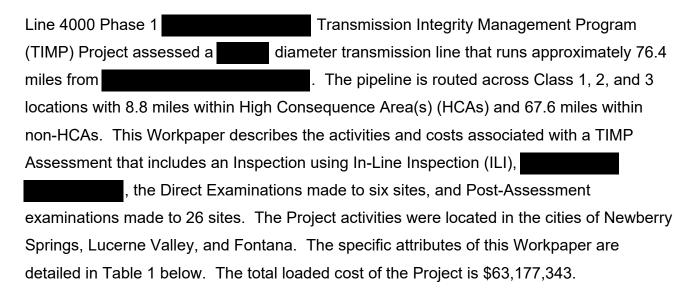




Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details		
Pipeline	4000	
Segment	Phase 1 –	
Inspection Type	ILI Tool	
Location		
Class	1, 2, 3	
HCA Length	8.8 miles	
Vintage	Multiple vintages from	
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP	Multiple MAOP values from	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from	
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Final Tool Run Date		
Inspection Due Date		
Direct Examination Details		
Site	1	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		

¹



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	3
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
SRC/IRC	No
Within HCA	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	4
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	-
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	5
Examination ID	
Type	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	6
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details	
Site	2
Examination IDs	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	3
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	4
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details	
Site	5
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	·
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	6
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	-2
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	7
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details		
Site	8	
Examination ID		
Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP	2	
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Post-Assessment Details	3	
Site	9	
Examination IDs		
Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter	Acres -	
MAOP		
SMYS	18	
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



Final Workpaper for Line 4000 Phase 1 Newberry to Fontana TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details	
Site	10
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	11
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details	
Site	12
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	2
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	13
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	14
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	de c
MAOP	
SMYS	- 19
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details	
Site	15
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	2
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	16
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	17
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	de c
MAOP	
SMYS	- 19
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Final Workpaper for Line 4000 Phase 1 Newberry to Fontana TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details	
Site	18
Examination ID	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	19
Examination IDs	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	*
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	20
Examination IDs	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	5000
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details	
Site	21
Examination IDs	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	22
Examination IDs	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Post-Assessment Details	
Site	
Examination IDs	
Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No _
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Post-Assessment Details			
Site	24	94	
Examination ID			
Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	No		80
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Post-Assessment Details	*		
Site	25		
Examination IDs			
Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Post-Assessment Details	·		
Site	26		
Examination IDs			
Remediation Type	Replacement	4	
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter	00040		
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	60,399,326	2,778,016	63,177,343



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 4000 Phase 1

Inspection and Direct Examinations

TIMP Project –





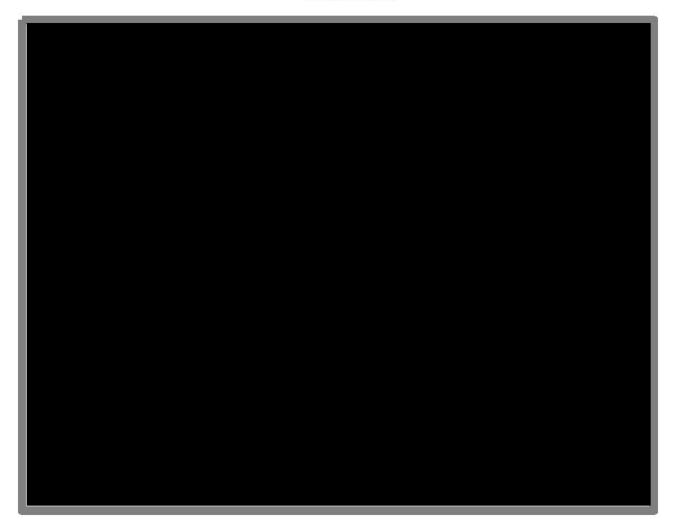
Final Workpaper for Line 4000 Phase 1

Figure 2: Satellite Image of Line 4000 Phase 1

Assessment

TIMP Project

TIMP Project – Post-





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection, Direct Examinations and Post-Assessment.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2, 3, and 4 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 4000 Phase 1 TIMP Project for Inspection using ILI.
 a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within
 b. The Project installed a temporary filter separator at the permanent receiver site within
 c. The Project installed 13 temporary span supports to withstand the weight of the Inspection tools.
 - d. The Project also completed to evaluate effectiveness of the pipeline Cathodic Protection (CP) system.
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, six Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of a 126 foot replacement.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of a 114 foot replacement.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 88 foot replacement.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 107 foot replacement.



TIMP Project

- e. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of a 66 foot replacement.
- f. Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of a 60 foot replacement.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation analysis
 of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection and resulted in 26 additional
 examinations for remediation.
 - a. Post-Assessment Site #1 consisted of a 361 foot replacement.
 - Post-Assessment Site #2 consisted of a combined 0.4 mile replacement for three examinations.
 - c. Post-Assessment Site #3 consisted of a 243 foot replacement.
 - d. Post-Assessment Site #4 consisted of a 124 foot replacement.
 - e. Post-Assessment Site #5 consisted of a 0.3 mile replacement.
 - f. Post-Assessment Site #6 consisted of a 215 foot replacement.
 - g. Post-Assessment Site #7 consisted of a 43 foot replacement.
 - h. Post-Assessment Site #8 consisted of a 559 foot replacement.
 - Post-Assessment Site #9 consisted of a combined 0.3 mile replacement for four examinations.
 - Post-Assessment Site #10 consisted of a combined 160 foot replacement for two examinations.
 - k. Post-Assessment Site #11 consisted of a 597 foot replacement.
 - Post-Assessment Site #12 consisted of a 170 foot replacement.
 - m. Post-Assessment Site #13 consisted of a 721 foot replacement.
 - n. Post-Assessment Site #14 consisted of a 77 foot replacement.
 - Post-Assessment Site #15 consisted of a 520 foot replacement.
 - p. Post-Assessment Site #16 consisted of a 402 foot replacement.
 - q. Post-Assessment Site #17 consisted of a 125 foot replacement.
 - Post-Assessment Site #18 consisted of a 252 foot replacement.
 - s. Post-Assessment Site #19 consisted of a combined 0.2 mile replacement for two examinations.





- Post-Assessment Site #20 consisted of a combined 439 foot replacement for two examinations.
- Post-Assessment Site #21 consisted of a combined 393 foot replacement for two examinations.
- v. Post-Assessment Site #22 consisted of a 795 foot replacement.
- w. Post-Assessment Site #23 consisted of a combined 713 foot replacement for two examinations.
- x. Post-Assessment Site #24 consisted of a 120 foot replacement.
- y. Post-Assessment Site #25 consisted of a combined 481 foot replacement for two examinations.
- z. Post-Assessment Site #26 consisted of a combined 720 foot replacement for two examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI, six Direct Examinations and 26 Post-Assessment examinations.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope – ILI

	Final Project Scope					
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits	
4000	76.4 mi				No	



Table 3: Final Inspection Project Scope -

Final Project Scope						
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Survey Type			
4000	76.4 mi					

Table 4: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
4000	1	No	No	141 ft	Replacement	126 ft	Capital
4000	2	No	No	113 ft	Replacement	114 ft	Capital
4000	3	No	No	99 ft	Replacement	88 ft	Capital
4000	4	No	No	107 ft	Replacement	107 ft	Capital
4000	5	No	No	44 ft	Replacement	66 ft	Capital
4000	6	No	No	59 ft	Replacement	60 ft	Capital



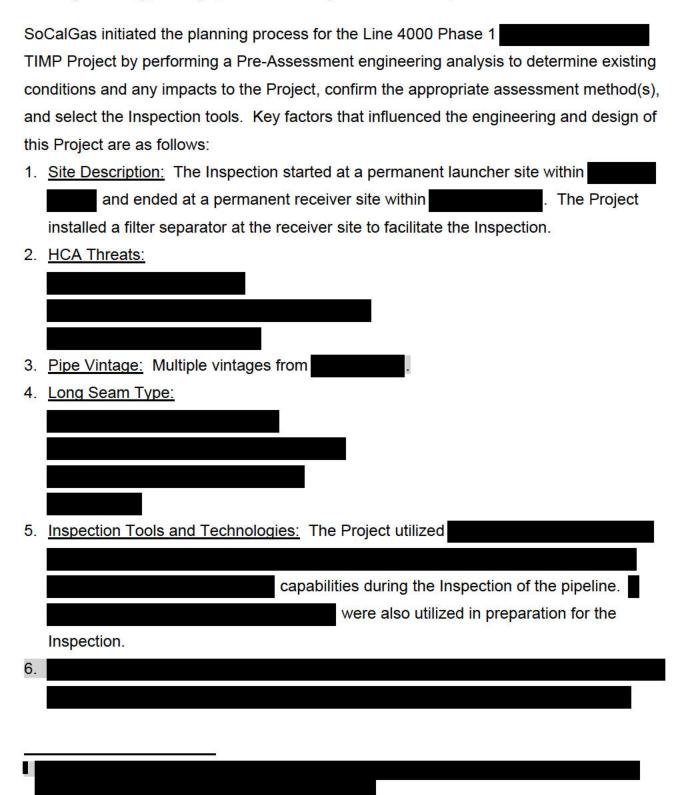
TIMP Project

Table 5: Final Post-Assessment Project Scope

*	s.	8		Final Proje	ct Scope		
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
4000	1	No	No	372 ft	Replacement	361 ft	Capital
4000	2	No	No	0.4 mi	Replacement	0.4 mi	Capital
4000	3	No	No	250 ft	Replacement	243 ft	Capital
4000	4	No	No	130 ft	Replacement	124 ft	Capital
4000	5	No	No	0.3 mi	Replacement	0.3 mi	Capital
4000	6	No	No	224 ft	Replacement	215 ft	Capital
4000	7	No	No	50 ft	Replacement	43 ft	Capital
4000	8	No	No	566 ft	Replacement	559 ft	Capital
4000	9	No	No	0.3 mi	Replacement	0.3 mi	Capital
4000	10	No	No	171 ft	Replacement	160 ft	Capital
4000	11	No	No	608 ft	Replacement	597 ft	Capital
4000	12	No	No	170 ft	Replacement	170 ft	Capital
4000	13	No	No	722 ft	Replacement	721 ft	Capital
4000	14	No	No	90 ft	Replacement	77 ft	Capital
4000	15	No	No	530 ft	Replacement	520 ft	Capital
4000	16	No	No	371 ft	Replacement	402 ft	Capital
4000	17	No	No	130 ft	Replacement	125 ft	Capital
4000	18	No	No	263 ft	Replacement	252 ft	Capital
4000	19	No	No	0.2 mi	Replacement	0.2 mi	Capital
4000	20	No	No	450 ft	Replacement	439 ft	Capital
4000	21	No	No	402 ft	Replacement	393 ft	Capital
4000	22	No	No	833 ft	Replacement	795 ft	Capital
4000	23	No	No	730 ft	Replacement	713 ft	Capital
4000	24	No	No	130 ft	Replacement	120 ft	Capital
4000	25	No	No	510 ft	Replacement	481 ft	Capital
4000	26	No	No	700 ft	Replacement	720 ft	Capital



B. Engineering, Design, and Planning Factors – Inspection





TIMP Project

- 7. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project could be completed without system impacts.
- 8. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 9. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 11. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 12. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained a Right of Way (ROW) Road

 Maintenance Notice to Proceed Form from the United States Department of Agriculture.
- 13. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team utilized as laydown yards.
- 14. Traffic Control: No identified impacts.
- 15. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project Team identified 15 spans within the Inspection that required 13 temporary span supports to withstand the weight of the Inspection tools.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment:</u> There were six Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 4000 Phase 1 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of a 126 foot replacement.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of a 114 foot replacement.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 88 foot replacement.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 107 foot replacement.
 - e. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of a 66 foot replacement.
 - f. Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of a 60 foot replacement.



TIMP Project

- g. Additional analyses were incorporated with the Direct Examinations to evaluate pipeline conditions.
- 2. <u>SRC/IRC:</u> There were no Safety Related Conditions (SRCs) or Immediate Repair Conditions (IRCs) during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>Constructability:</u> The Direct Examinations required full isolation of 32 miles of pipeline that was accomplished by temporary isolations from
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project could be completed without system impacts.
- 5. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 6. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 7. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 8. <u>Environmental:</u> The Project required notification to the Bureau of Land Management and California Fish and Wildlife for coverage under SoCalGas programmatic California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Biological Opinion and the CDCA Memorandum of Understanding permits³.
- 9. Permit Restrictions: No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Notice to Proceed for the Direct Examination Sites #1, #5 and #6.
- 11. Traffic Control: No identified impacts.

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Various work areas were identified as being in a geographical area addressed by a Biological Opinion for Ongoing Operations and Maintenance Activities on Southern California Gas Company's Pipeline System in the Southern California Deserts (BO) (USFWS, 1995) and California Endangered Species Act 2081 Memorandum of Understanding and Management Authorization (CESA MOU) (California Department of Fish and Wildlife [CDFW], 1997).





D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. The Project Team also evaluated results of the performed to evaluate the effectiveness of the pipeline Cathodic Protection (CP) system. These analyses resulted in 26 examinations for remediation and additional preventative and mitigative measures to enhance the overall integrity and safety of the pipeline. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

1. Engineering Analysis:

- a. Post-Assessment Site #1 consisted of a 361 foot replacement.
- Post-Assessment Site #2 consisted of a combined 0.4 mile replacement for three examinations.
- c. Post-Assessment Site #3 consisted of a 243 foot replacement.
- d. Post-Assessment Site #4 consisted of a 124 foot replacement.
- e. Post-Assessment Site #5 consisted of a 0.3 mile replacement.
- f. Post-Assessment Site #6 consisted of a 215 foot replacement.
- g. Post-Assessment Site #7 consisted of a 43 foot replacement.
- h. Post-Assessment Site #8 consisted of a 559 foot replacement.
- Post-Assessment Site #9 consisted of a combined 0.3 mile replacement for four examinations.
- Post-Assessment Site #10 consisted of a combined 160 foot replacement for two examinations.
- k. Post-Assessment Site #11 consisted of a 597 foot replacement.
- I. Post-Assessment Site #12 consisted of a 170 foot replacement.
- m. Post-Assessment Site #13 consisted of a 721 foot replacement.
- n. Post-Assessment Site #14 consisted of a 77 foot replacement.
- o. Post-Assessment Site #15 consisted of a 520 foot replacement.



TIMP Project

- p. Post-Assessment Site #16 consisted of a 402 foot replacement.
- q. Post-Assessment Site #17 consisted of a 125 foot replacement.
- r. Post-Assessment Site #18 consisted of a 252 foot replacement.
- s. Post-Assessment Site #19 consisted of a combined 0.2 mile replacement for two examinations.
- t. Post-Assessment Site #20 consisted of a combined 439 foot replacement for two examinations.
- u. Post-Assessment Site #21 consisted of a combined 393 foot replacement for two examinations.
- v. Post-Assessment Site #22 consisted of a 795 foot replacement.
- w. Post-Assessment Site #23 consisted of a combined 713 foot replacement for two examinations.
- x. Post-Assessment Site #24 consisted of a 120 foot replacement.
- y. Post-Assessment Site #25 consisted of a combined 481 foot replacement for two examinations.
- z. Post-Assessment Site #26 consisted of a combined 720 foot replacement for two examinations.
- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during Post-Assessment.

3. Constructability:

- a. The Post-Assessment examinations required full isolation of 36.8 miles of the pipeline which was accomplished by temporary isolations near and a valve station near and
- b. The Project Team identified Post-Assessment Site #2 was located on a steep slope which required rockfall mitigation.
- c. The Project Team identified a monolithic insulating joint (MIJ) replacement was required for Post-Assessment Site #5.



TIMP Project

- 4. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project required isolation of Line 4000 to complete the Post-Assessment examinations. Coordination was required for this isolation to minimize system impacts.
- Customer Impacts: The Project Team identified one customer tap that required CNG during isolation of the segment. To minimize impacts, the Project Team prioritized construction activities for the Post-Assessment Sites that impacted customer service.
- 6. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 7. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained approved permits from the following entities:
 - Road Excavation Permit from the County of San Bernardino Department of Public Works.
 - b. The Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District required a dust control plan for various locations.
- 8. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team identified an existing vault at the location for Post-Assessment Site #5. The Project Team determined that the vault could be removed.
- 9. <u>Environmental:</u> The Project locations cross jurisdictional features⁴ regulated by various Regional Water Quality Control Boards (RWQCB), and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) and required the following:
 - a. Colorado River Basin RWQCB 401 Water Quality Certification.
 - b. CDFW Lake and Streambed Alteration Agreement.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained approved Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) for the cut and cap location.

11. Land Use:

a. The Project Team utilized two laydown yards for the Post-Assessment examinations.

One laydown yard within and the other at

⁴ Features such as waterways, creeks, and dry washes.





- b. The Project Team obtained a Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Notice to Proceed for various Post-Assessment Sites.
- 12. <u>Schedule Delays:</u> The Project demobilized due to a change in pipeline contractor resulting in a one-month schedule delay and accelerated scheduling to meet isolation requirements.
- 13. Other Identified Risks: The Project Team installed a CP anode at each connection of replaced pipeline and existing pipeline.



Final Work	paper fo	r Line 4000	Phase 1
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TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 6: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 7: Construction Timeline – Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	20 20
Construction Completion Date	0

Table 8: Construction Timeline - Post-Assessment

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	

5



Figure 3: Receiver Site within





Figure 4: Post-Assessment Site #2 Rockfall Mitigation

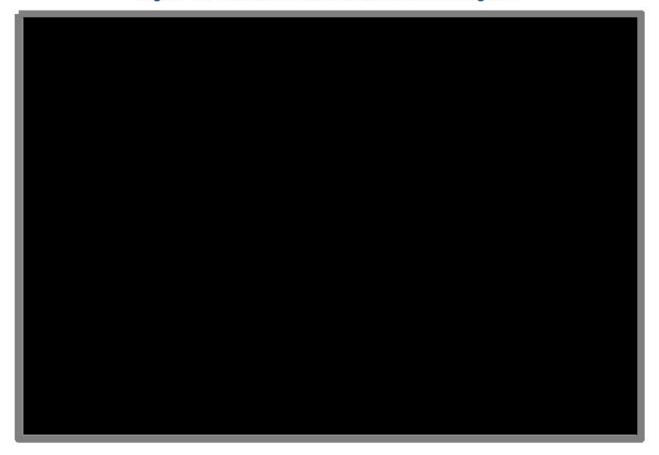




Figure 5: Temporary Isolation – Post-Assessment



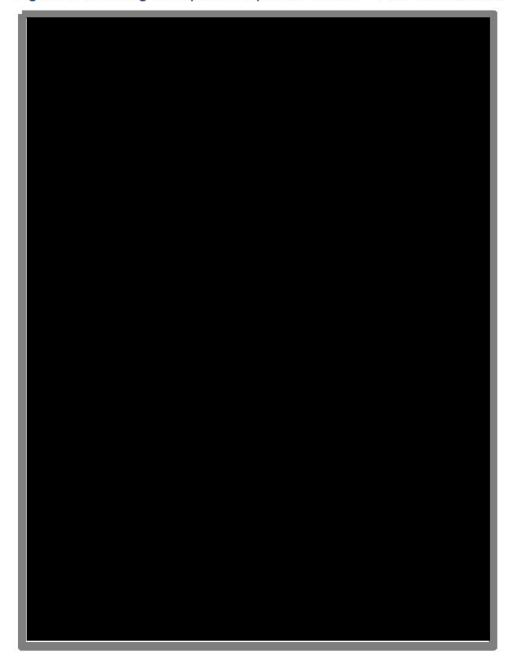


Figure 6: Pipeline Abatement – Post-Assessment





Figure 7: Lowering of Replaced Pipe into Trench - Post-Assessment





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

1. Schedule Coordination:

- a. The Project Team scheduled the isolations for Post-Assessment examinations in a matter that minimized the need for CNG to a customer tap, reducing project costs.
- b. The Project Team prefabricated replacement material to reduce fabrication time during construction.
- Land Use: The Project Team utilized SoCalGas facilities as laydown yards for the Inspection, minimizing costs.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs⁶

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$63,177,343.

Table 7: Actual Direct Costs7

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	1,101,879	313,493	1,415,372
Contract Costs	35,783,823	426,116	36,209,939
Material	2,939,047	13,159	2,952,206
Other Direct Charges	12,723,540	1,787,959	14,511,499
Total Direct Costs	52,548,289	2,540,728	55,089,017

Table 8: Actual Indirect Costs⁸

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	7,247,992	237,289	7,485,281
AFUDC	441,542	0	441,542
Property Taxes	161,503	0	161,503
Total Indirect Costs	7,851,037	237,289	8,088,326

Table 9: Total Costs9

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	60,399,326	2,778,016	63,177,343

⁶ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁸ Ibid.

⁹ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing the Line 4000 Phase 1 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$63,177,343.

End of Line 4000 Phase 1 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Line 4000 Phase 2 TIMP Project

LINE 4000 PHASE 2 TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

I.

Line 4000 Phase 2 Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 34.5 miles from Integration and Integration Integrity Management Program. The Project also assessed five short segments of Integration and Integration Integrity Management Program. The Project also assessed five short segments of Integration Integration Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project also assessed five short segments of Integration Integration Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project also assessed five short segments of Integration Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project also assessed five short segments in the Project across associated with Phase 2 of Line 4000 using the Integration Integration Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project also assessed five short segments Integrated Integration Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project also assessed five short segments Integrated Integration Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project also assessed five short segments Integrated Integ



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details	
Pipeline	4000
Segment	Phase 2 –
Inspection Type	Tools
Location	Fontana and Yorba Linda
Class	1 and 3
HCA Length	29 miles
Vintage	Multiple vintages from
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Final Tool Run Date	
Inspection Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Line	4000-85.88-BR2
Site	1
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Due Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Line	4000-85.88-BR1
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	**
Line	41-228
Site	3
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Due Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Line	4000BR4
Site	4
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Line	41-228BR1
Site	5
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Due Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	6
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	7
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	8
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	9
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital O&M Total
Loaded Project Costs	597,329 2,838,631 3,435,959



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 4000 Phase 2





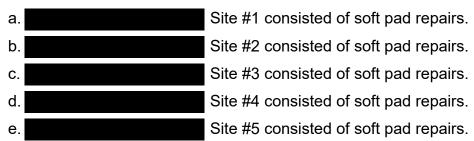
II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 4000 Phase 2 TIMP Project for Inspection using ILI.
 a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within to a permanent
 - receiver site within .
 - b. The Project required installation of a temporary filter separator and associated piping at the receiver site within .
 - c. The Project installed temporary supports for one span to withstand the weight of the Inspection tools.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the
 completion of the Inspection using ILI, nine Direct Examination sites were identified
 to either assess pipeline segments that could not accommodate an ILI tool or for
 validation.





- f. Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- g. Direct Examination Site #7 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- Direct Examination Site #8 consisted of a 52 foot replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #9 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional
 examinations.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection
 using ILI and nine Direct Examinations.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope				
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits
4000	34.5 mi				No

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

Final Project Scope							
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacemen t Length	Cost Category
4000-85.88-BR2	1	Yes	No	7 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
4000-85.88-BR1	2	Yes	No	7 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
41-228	3	Yes	No	7 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
4000BR4	4	Yes	No	26 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
41-228BR1	5	Yes	No	7 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
4000	6	Yes	No	21 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
4000	7	Yes	No	34 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
4000	8	No	No	7 ft	Replacement	52 ft	Capital
4000	9	Yes	No	19 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M



B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

٠.	Engineering, Design, and Constructability Fasters Inspection
So	CalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 4000 Phase 2
TII	MP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine
ex	isting conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection
ne	ethods, and select the inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering
an	d design of this Project are as follows:
1.	Site Description: The Inspection started at a permanent launcher site within
	and ended at a permanent receiver site within The Project
	installed a temporary filter separator and associated piping at the receiver site to
	facilitate the Inspection.
2.	HCA Threats:
3.	Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from
4.	Long Seam Type:
5.	Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized
	capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline.
	were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
3.	System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
	evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project could be completed with
	minimal impacts by scheduling the Inspection during summer months.





- 7. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project required lane closure near the receiver site causing traffic impacts to the community.
- 9. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 10. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 11. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained a Public Right of Way (ROW) Encroachment Permit from the City of Yorba Linda to install temporary facilities at the receiver site. The permit restricted work hours from 7:30am to 4:30pm.
- 12. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 13. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team obtained traffic control plan (TCP) approval from the City of Yorba Linda to access the receiver site and utilize large construction equipment at the project site. Approval restricted land closure hours from 9:00am to 3:00pm.
- 14. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project Team identified a total of 11 spans within the Inspection. One span required temporary span support to withstand the weight of the Inspection tools.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:



- 1. Engineering Assessment:
 - a. There were five Sites selected to assess pipeline segments that could not accommodate an ILI tool within the Line 4000 Phase 2

 TIMP Project.
 - i. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - ii. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - iii. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - iv. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - v. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. There were four Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 4000 Phase 2 TIMP Project.
 - i. Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - ii. Direct Examination Site #7 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - iii. Direct Examination Site #8 consisted of a 52 foot replacement.
 - iv. Direct Examination Site #9 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 5. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project Team issued notifications to schools and hospitals near the following Direct Examinations:
 - a. Direct Examination Site #6 in City of Fontana.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #7 in the City of Ontario.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.



TIMP Project

8. Permit Restrictions:

- a. The Project Team obtained a Utilities Construction Permit and a Lane Closure
 Permit from the City of Rancho Cucamonga for Direct Examination Sites #1, #2,
 and #9. Approval of this permit restricted working hours from 9:00pm to 5:00am.
- b. The Project Team obtained a Construction Permit and a Lane Closure Permit from the City of Montclair for Direct Examination Sites #3, #4, and #5.
- c. The Project Team obtained a Construction Permit from the City of Upland for Direct Examination Sites #3, #4, and #5.
- d. The Project Team obtained an Encroachment Permit from the City of Ontario for Direct Examination Site #7.

9. Land Use:

- a. The Project Team utilized an existing SoCalGas Easement for Direct Examination Site #6.
- b. The Project Team utilized SoCalGas owned as a laydown yard to examine pipe from Direct Examination Site #8.
- c. The Project Team obtained a temporary right of entry (TRE) agreement to utilize private property as a laydown yard for Direct Examination Sites #3, #4, #5 and #7.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team prepared combined TCP for the Project as follows:
 - a. Combined TCP for Direct Examination Sites #1, #2, and #9. This TCP was approved by City of Rancho Cucamonga.
 - b. Combined TCP for Direct Examination Sites #3, #4, #5 and #7. This TCP was approved by the City of Montclair, the City of Ontario, and the City of Upland.
- 11. Schedule Delay: No identified impacts.
- 12. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project Team coordinated with another SoCalGas project to complete a pipeline replacement for Direct Examination Site #8.



D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations or remediations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline – Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination Sites	<u>s #1, #2, #3</u> , #4, #5, #6, #7, #9
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Mobilization 2: Direct Examination Site	#8
Construction Start	
Construction Completion	



Figure 2: Permanent Receiver within





Figure 3: Permanent Receiver within



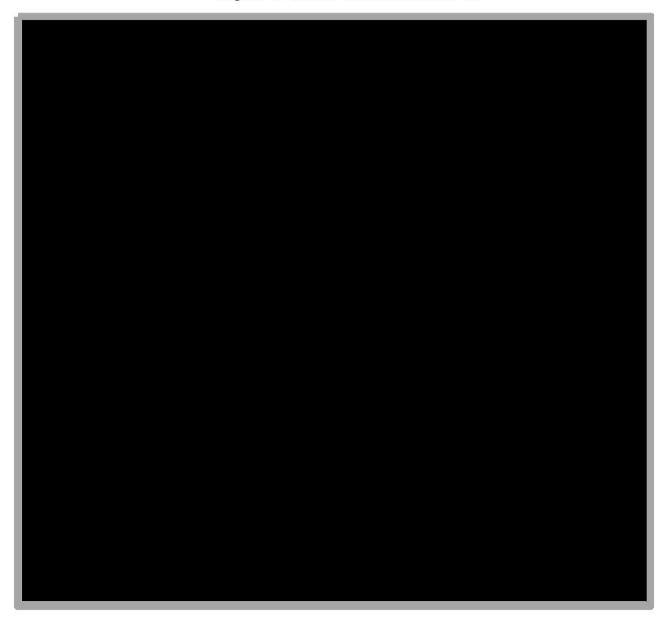


Figure 4: Fabrication of Temporary Associated Piping for Filter Separator



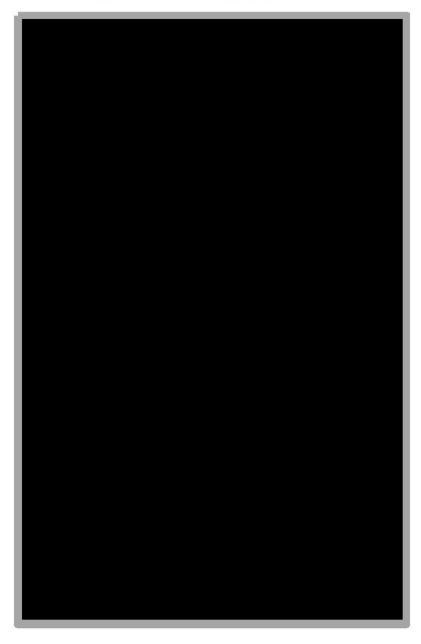


Figure 5: Direct Examination Site #7











C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

- 1. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team utilized an existing SoCalGas easement for Direct Examination Site #6, including area for a laydown yard.
- Permit Conditions: Due to the vicinity of Direct Examination locations, the Project
 Team increased efficiencies during the permitting process by preparing combined
 TCP submittals for multiple locations, eliminating multiple submittals and approvals
 for the Project.
- 3. <u>Construction Execution:</u> The Project Team coordinated with another SoCalGas project to complete a pipeline replacement that would address Direct Examination Site #8.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,435,959.

Table 6: Actual Direct Costs³

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	0	290,772	290,772
Contract Costs	532,800	1,429,339	1,962,139
Material	0	109,008	109,008
Other Direct Charges	-7,873	691,985	684,112
Total Direct Costs	524,927	2,521,104	3,046,031

Table 7: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	72,401	317,527	389,928
AFUDC	0	0	0
Property Taxes	0	0	0
Total Indirect Costs	72,401	317,527	389,928

Table 8: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	597,329	2,838,631	3,435,959

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing the Line 4000 Phase 2 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,435,959.

End of 4000 Phase 2 TIMP Project Final Workpaper



I. LINE 4000 PHASE 3 TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately seven miles from through residential neighborhoods and commercial areas. The pipeline is routed across Class 3 and 4 locations entirely within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) locations. This Workpaper describes the activities associated with a TIMP Assessment that includes an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to three sites, of which one contained Immediate Repair Conditions (IRCs). The Project activities were located in the cities of Placentia, Anaheim, and Yorba Linda. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$5,333,806.



Final Workpaper for Line 4000 Phase 3 Yorba to Placentia TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details	
Pipeline	4000
Segment	Phase 3 –
Inspection Type	Tools
Location	Yorba Linda and Placentia
Class	3 and 4
HCA Length	7 miles
Vintage	Multiple vintages from
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Final Tool Run Date	
Inspection Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	2		
Examination ID		1	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		3
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		10
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			5
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details	3		
Site	3	100	22
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	Yes		,
IRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			,
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	963,040	4,370,766	5,333,806



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 4000 Phase 3



WP-1562



II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 4000 Phase 3 TIMP Project for Inspection using ILI.
 ILI from a temporary launcher site within to a temporary receiver site in b. The Project required installation of a temporary launcher and associated piping within .
 The Project required installation of a temporary receiver, filter separator, and associated piping on .
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, three Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a band repair.
 - d. The Project identified one Direct Examination Site containing IRCs.





- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional
 examinations.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper consists of an Inspection using ILI and three Direct Examinations.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

		Final	Project Scope		
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits
4000	7 mi				No
4000	7 mi				No

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
4000	1	Yes	No	17 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
4000	2	Yes	No	31 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
4000	3	Yes	Yes	36 ft	Band	N/A	Capital

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 4000 Phase 3

TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:



	Final Workpaper for Line 4000 Phase 3
1.	Site Description: The Inspection started at a temporary launcher site assembled
	within and ended at a temporary receiver site in Placentia, near
	The Project installed a temporary filter separator at
	the receiver site to facilitate the Inspection.
2.	HCA Threats:
3.	Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from
4.	Long Seam Type:
5.	Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized
	during the Inspection of the pipeline.
	were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
6.	System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
	evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without
	system impacts.
7.	<u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team identified one impacted customer requiring
	feed within the Inspection scope. The customer was accommodated by completing
	the ILI during nighttime hours and reducing any impacts.
8.	Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that
	impacted the design and engineering.
9.	Environmental: No identified impacts.
10	Permit Restrictions: The Project Team obtained the following permits:



- a. Public Right of Way Encroachment Permit from the City of Placentia for the temporary receiver site.
- b. Right of Way Construction Permit from the City of Anaheim for the temporary receiver site.
- 11. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a temporary right of entry (TRE) for land near the receiver site on ______. The TRE covered temporary blocking of a nearby driveway at the receiver site.
- 12. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained approved traffic control plans (TCP) for the receiver site from the City of Placentia. The TCP allowed the Project to utilize two lanes on southbound.
- 13. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project caused minimal community impacts including traffic and temporary blocking of a driveway. The Project Team addressed both impacts with TCP and TRE for the respective locations.
- 14. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project Team utilized an existing mainline valve (MLV) at each site to isolate the pipeline during construction activities for both temporary sites.
- 15. <u>Project Schedules:</u> The Project Team executed the Inspection tool runs during nighttime hours to avoid daytime impacts to a core customer.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment:</u> There were three Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 4000 Phase 3 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a band repair.





- 2. <u>SRC/IRC:</u> Direct Examination Site #3 contained two Immediate Repair Conditions (IRC's). The pipe condition required band repairs which resulted in isolating Line 4000 and temporarily reducing the pressure from
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project could be completed with no system impacts.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 5. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project caused minimal community impacts due to traffic which was addressed by the Project Team with TCPs for the respective locations.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained the following permits:
 - a. City of Placentia Department of Public Works Encroachment Permit for Direct Examination Site #1.
 - Right of Way Construction Permit from the City of Anaheim Department of Public Works for Direct Examination Site #2.
 - c. Public Right of Way Encroachment Permit from the City of Yorba Linda for Direct Examination Site #3. The Project required extensions for this permit.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained an approved TCP for all Direct Examination Sites. The TCP was submitted and approved by the City of Yorba Linda, City of Anaheim and City of Placentia.
- 11. <u>Schedule Delay:</u> The Project experienced delayed project schedules due to the following:
 - a. Companywide Restricted Maintenance Operations (RMO) were declared during the construction stage of Direct Examinations.





- b. The Project Team experienced delayed schedules due to system and personnel constraints resulting from a neighboring SoCalGas project.
- c. The Project experienced delayed construction activities due to conflicting permitting requirements from the City of Anaheim. The permit was updated to incorporate the following unanticipated items:
 - i. Additional construction requirements by the City of Anaheim impacted project schedules.
 - ii. Site restoration activities for Direct Examination Site #2 were delayed at the request of the City of Anaheim.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline – Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	

Table 6: Construction Timeline - IRC

IRC Discovery Date – Site #3	
Repair Date – Site #3	



Figure 2: Temporary Receiver Site





Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #1



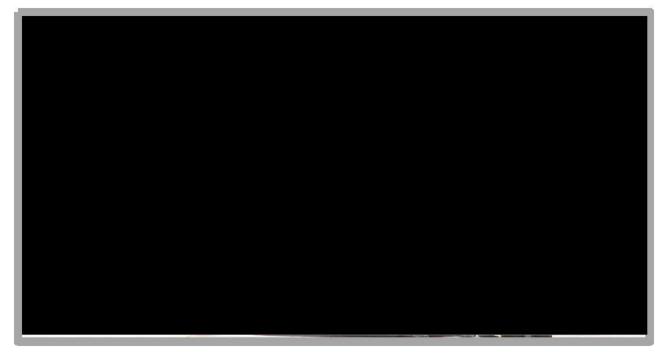


Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #2

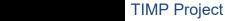




Figure 5: Direct Examination Site #3







C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

 Project Design: The Project Team utilized an existing MLV at the launcher and receiver sites to isolate the pipeline during construction activities for both temporary sites, saving construction costs.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$5,333,806.

Table 7: Actual Direct Costs³

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	62,844	295,249	358,093
Contract Costs	546,224	2,650,414	3,196,638
Material	882	385,083	385,966
Other Direct Charges	186,749	721,220	907,968
Total Direct Costs	796,699	4,051,967	4,848,665

Table 8: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	137,752	318,799	456,551
AFUDC	24,955	0	24,955
Property Taxes	3,635	0	3,635
Total Indirect Costs	166,341	318,799	485,140

Table 9: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	963,040	4,370,766	5,333,806

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 3 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determining the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$5,333,806.

End of Line 4000 Phase 3 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



	Final Workpaper for Line 4002 Phase 2	TIMP Project	
l.	LINE 4002 PHASE 2	TIMP PROJECT	

A. Background and Summary

the Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 33.3 miles from The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 26.6 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 6.6 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to two sites. The Project activities were located in the cities of Fontana, Ontario, and Yorba Linda. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,006,301.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details			
Pipeline	4002		
Segment	Phase 2 –		
Inspection Type	Tool		
Location	Fontana and Yorba Linda		
Class	1, 2, 3		
HCA Length	26.6 miles		
Vintage	Multiple vintages from		
Pipe Diameter	-		
MAOP			
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from		
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Final Tool Run Date			
Inspection Due Date			
Direct Examination Details			
Site	1		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	2		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	No repairs		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Station Retrofit	2		
Installation Scope	Permanent Receiv	ver	
Location			
Line	4002		
Class			`
Size			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	2,502,676	1,503,626	4,006,301



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 4002 Phase 2





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

receiver site within

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 4002 Phase 2 TIMP Project for Inspection using ILI.
 a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within to a new permanent
 - b. The Project Team installed a temporary filter separator and associated piping at the receiver site to facilitate the Inspection.
 - c. The Project Team completed station retrofits before and after the Inspection to install the new permanent receiver at
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, two Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of band repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of no repairs.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.



4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI, two Direct Examinations, and station retrofits made within install a new permanent receiver.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope							
Line	Line Inspection Length Threat Type Inspection Tool Method of Travel							
4002	33.3 mi				Yes			

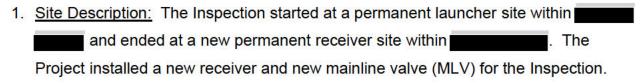
Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope								
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category		
4002	1	Yes	No	16 ft	Band	N/A	Capital		
4002	2	Yes	No	26 ft	No Repairs	N/A	O&M		

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 4002 Phase 2

TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:





		Final Workpaper for Line 4002 Phase 2
2.	HC	CA Threats:
200	O	
3.		<u>be Vintage:</u> Multiple vintages from
4.	LO	ng Seam Type:
5.	Ins	spection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized
		capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline.
TOTAL		were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
6.	·	spection Retrofits: The Project required replacement of existing receiver facilities
		thin including a new MLV, a new receiver barrel
		d associated piping. Installations were completed under separate mobilizations.
	a.	During the first mobilization, the Project Team installed the new MLV, new permanent receiver barrel on temporary supports, temporary filter separator and
		associated piping at the receiver site, prior to the Inspection.
	b.	During the second mobilization, the Project Team installed permanent receiver
		supports and completed rerouting and installation of associated piping, after the
		Inspection.
7.	Sy	stem Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
	ev	aluate project feasibility, which concluded the Inspection and all required retrofit
	ins	stallations could be completed without system impacts.
8.	Cu	istomer Impacts: No customer impacts.
_		



- 9. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project resulted in traffic impacts and occasional noise to nearby residential homes.
- 10. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 11. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 12. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained a Public Right of Way (ROW) Encroachment Permit from the City of Yorba Linda for construction activities required near the receiver site.
- 13. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team utilized as a laydown yard for retrofit activities completed after the Inspection.
- 14. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained traffic control plan (TCP) approval from the City of Yorba Linda for lane closure required near the temporary receiver site.
- C. <u>Constructability:</u> Retrofit installations were partially completed prior to the Inspection, from Retrofit activities were halted to facilitate the Inspection, and were resumed under a later mobilization, from

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 4002 Phase 2

TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follow:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment:</u> There were two Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 4002 Phase 2 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of band repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of no repairs.
- 2. <u>SRC/IRC:</u> There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.





- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project Team identified Direct Examination Site #1 was only accessible through a gated home driveway. The Project Team coordinated with the homeowners and the Homeowners' Association (HOA) to ingress and regress to the site.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. <u>Environmental:</u> The Project required active biological monitoring at Direct Examination Site #1 due to bird species in the project vicinity.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained approved permits from the following entities:
 - a. Encroachment Permit from City of Ontario for Direct Examination Site #2.
 - b. Extension for a Right of Way Encroachment Permit from the City of Yorba Linda Public Works Department to use a nearby location as a laydown area for the Direct Examinations.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team worked within pipeline easements for Direct Examination Site #1.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained an approved TCP from the City of Ontario for Direct Examination Site #2.

11. Schedule Delay:

- a. The Project experienced schedule delays due to accessibility of Direct Examination Site #1. The Project Team initially coordinated ingress and regress with the homeowners and HOA, however the home was sold during the project timeframe and required new coordination efforts.
- b. The Project Team coordinated construction schedules for Direct Examination
 Site #1 with another SoCalGas project to minimize system impacts.



E. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

The Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations during the Post-Assessment step to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	, s

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Mobilization #1 – Direct Examination Sites #1 and #2					
Construction Start Date		,			
Construction Completion Date					
Mobilization #2 – Direct Examination Site #1	20				
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					



Figure 2: Permanent Receiver within





Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #1

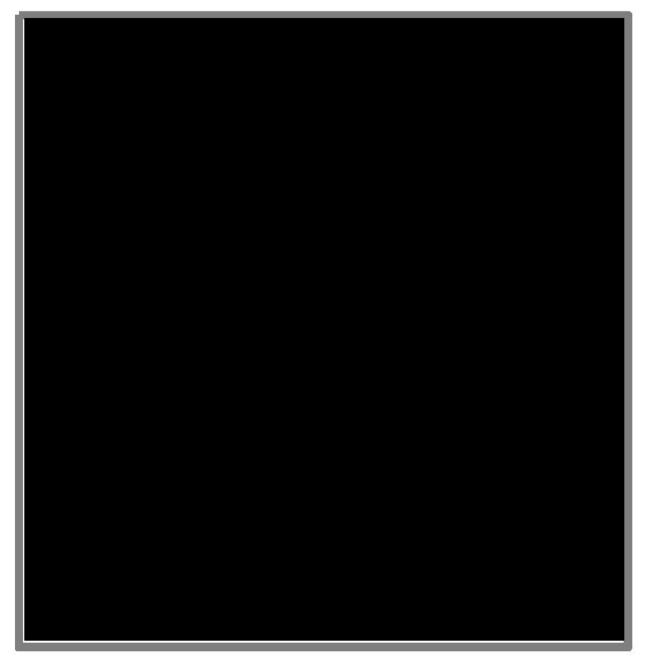
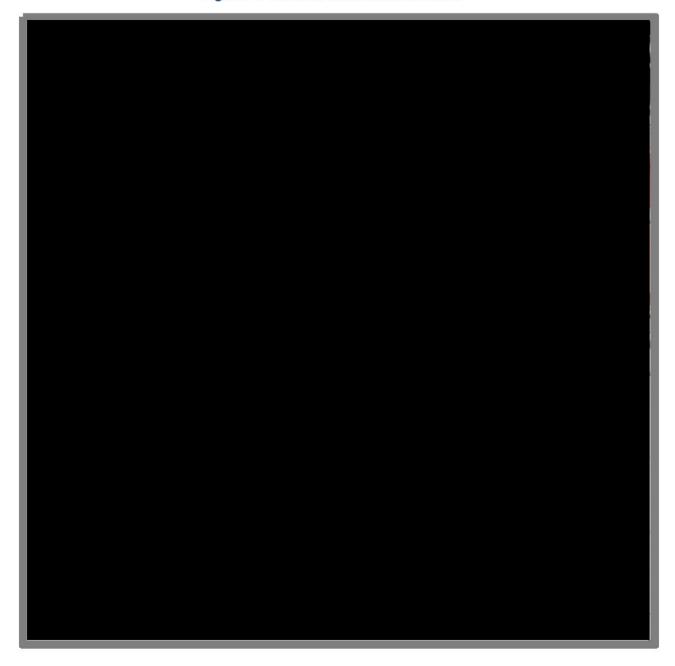




Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #2





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

- 1. <u>Materials:</u> The Project Team utilized contingency pipe from the Inspection to fabricate the band required for Direct Examination Site #1.
- 2. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team worked within pipeline easements for Direct Examination Site #1, eliminating the need for a separate laydown yard or area.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,006,301.

Table 7: Actual Direct Costs3

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	148,531	243,402	391,932
Contract Costs	1,201,066	541,341	1,742,407
Material	305,783	150,482	456,266
Other Direct Charges	471,596	381,000	852,596
Total Direct Costs	2,126,976	1,316,225	3,443,201

Table 8: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	333,818	187,400	521,218
AFUDC	34,237	0	34,237
Property Taxes	7,645	0	7,645
Total Indirect Costs	375,700	187,400	563,100

Table 9: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	2,502,676	1,503,626	4,006,301

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 2 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,006,301.

End of Line 4002 Phase 2 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 1

LINE 5000 PHASE 1

PROJECT

TIMP

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management
Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs
approximately 8.13 miles from through agricultural land
and commercial areas. The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with
0.98 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 6.82 miles within non-HCAs.
This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an In-Line Inspection
(ILI) and Direct Examinations at two sites located in Blythe. The specific attributes of
this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is
\$970,307.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details	
Pipeline	5000
Segment	
InspectionType	ILI Tools
Location	Ehrenberg, Blythe
Class	1, 2, 3
HCA Length	0.98 miles
Vintage	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Tool Run Date	
Inspection Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad Repair
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	2	4	2
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation	 	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		2.5
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS	·		
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	0	970,307	970,307



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 5000 Phase 1





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that typically occur during the Inspection and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 5000 Phase 1 for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. The Project launched the ILI tools for Line 5000 from an Out of State Operator facility in a near the analysis and initiated assessment of the pipeline to a permanent launcher site at
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u>
 - Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, two Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examinations #1 and #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI and two Direct Examinations.



Table 2: Final Inspection Scope - ILI

î	Final Project Scope							
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits			
5000	8.13 miles				No			
5000	8.13 miles				No			

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope								
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category		
5000	1	No	No	15 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M		
5000	2	No	No	15 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M		

B. Engineering, Design, and Planning Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 1

TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

1.	Site Description:	The Inspection	started at an	Out of State	Operator	facility	and
	ended at						



Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 1 Colorado River to Blythe TIMP Project

	Final Workpaper for Line 3000 Phase I Colorado River to Brythe Thir Project
2.	HCA Threats:
3.	Pipe Vintage:
4.	Long Seam Type:
5.	Inspection Technologies: The Project utilized
	capabilities
	during the Inspection of the pipeline.
	were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
6.	System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
	evaluate Project feasibility and concluded that the pipeline could be inspected
	without system impacts.
7.	Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
8.	Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
9.	Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that
	impacted the design and engineering.
10	.Environmental: The Project Team did not identify any notable environmental
	concerns at the Project sites.
11	. Permit Restrictions: The Project Team did not identify any permit requirements.
12	.Land Use: The Project Team did not identify any land use concerns.
13	. Traffic Control: The Project Team did not identify any traffic control requirements.



TIMP Project

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment:</u> There were two Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 5000 Phase 1 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Sites #1 and #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. <u>Environmental</u>: The Project Team did not identify any notable environmental concerns at the Project sites.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions</u>: The Project Team did not identify any permit requirements.
- 9. Land Use: The Project Team did not identify any land use concerns.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team did not identify any traffic control requirements.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the assessment approach for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline - Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination Sites #1 and #2		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



Figure 2: Site of Direct Examination #1

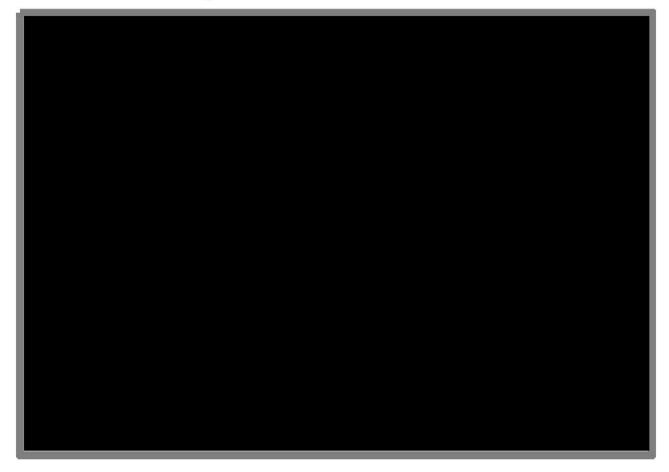




Figure 3: Target of Direct Examination #1 Repairs





Figure 4: Target of Direct Examination #2 Repairs





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site, final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Avoidance Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$970,307.

Table 6: Actual Direct Costs3

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	0	88,497	88,497
Contract Costs	0	493,389	493,389
Material	0	52,645	52,645
Other Direct Charges	0	251,649	251,649
Total Direct Costs	0	886,181	886,181

Table 7: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	0	84,086	84,086
AFUDC	0	0	0
Property Taxes	0	41	41
Total Indirect Costs	0	84,127	84,127

Table 8: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	0	970,307	970,307

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 1 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$970,307.





	Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 2	TIMP Project
l.	LINE 5000 PHASE 2	TIMP
	PROJECT	*

A. Background and Summary

Line 5000 Phase 2 Transmission Integrity Management
Program (TIMP) Project assessed a predominantly diameter transmission line
that runs approximately 74.6 miles from the third that runs approxima



Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	_
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediaiton Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	_
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital O&M Total
Loaded Project Costs	1,872,543 0 1,872,543



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 5000 Phase 2

TIMP Project





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND PLANNING

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 5000 Phase 2 for Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI), activities related to the ILI were completed for this Project before the TY 2019 General Rate Case (GRC) cycle.
 - a. ILI from
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, two Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 required soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 required soft pad repairs.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes two Direct Examinations.



TIMP Project

Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

i.	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
5000	1	No	No	45 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	Capital
5000	2	No	No	81 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	Capital

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 5000 Phase 2	
TIMP Project before the TY 2019 GRC cycle.	

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 2

TIMP Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were two Direct Examination sites selected for validation within the Line 5000 Phase 2

 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- SRC/IRC: There were no Safety Related Conditions (SRCs) or Immediate Repair Conditions (IRCs) during the Direct Examinations.
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
 evaluate project feasibility, which concluded Line 5000 and adjacent pipelines could
 not be shut-in at the same time to maintain overall system capacity.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.



TIMP Project

6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.

7. Environmental:

- a. The Project Team had biological monitors present at environmentally sensitive areas for work at Direct Examination Sites #1 and #2.
- b. The Project Team obtained approval of dust control plans from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD).
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> No identified impacts.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control</u>: No identified impacts.
- 11. Constructability: No identified impacts.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Existing Coating Condition at Site #1





Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 2 2015 TIMP Project

Figure 3: Soft Pad Repairs at Site #1

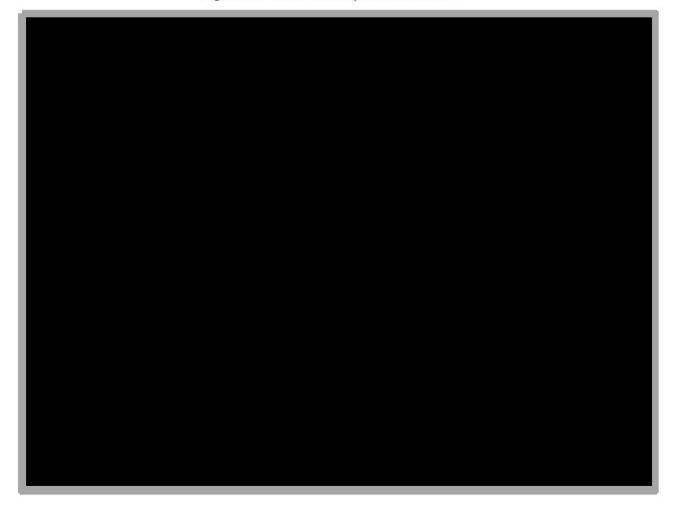




Figure 4: Soft Pad Repairs at Site #2





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the Project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

1. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team utilized a SoCalGas-owned station as a laydown yard, minimizing project costs.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the is \$1,872,543.

Table 3: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	100,867	0	100,867
Contract Costs	938,459	0	938,459
Material	69,769	0	69,769
Other Direct Charges	513,994	0	513,994
Total Direct Costs	1,623,089	0	1,623,089

Table 4: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	242,316	0	242,316
AFUDC	5,674	0	5,674
Property Taxes	1,464	0	1,464
Total Indirect Costs	249,454	0	249,454

Table 5: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	1,872,543	0	1,872,543

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 2 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,872,543.

End of Line 5000 Phase 2 Final Workpaper TIMP Project



Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 2

LINE 5000 PHASE 2

2021 TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 75.2 miles from The pipeline is routed across. The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 1.4 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 73.8 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI). The Project was located in the City of Blythe and Cactus City. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,569,626.



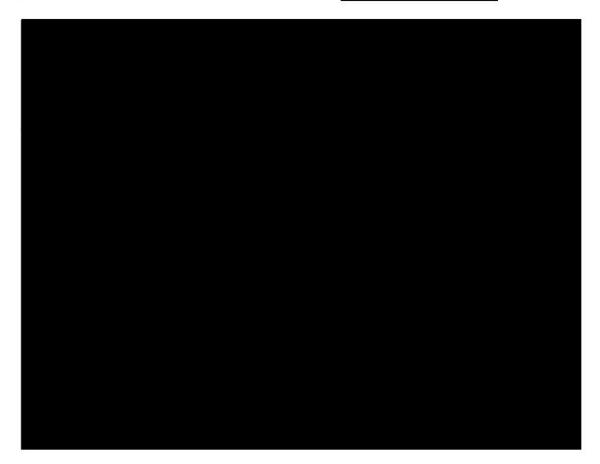
Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details				
Pipeline	5000			
Segment	Phase 2 -			
Inspection Type	IL	_I Tools	30	
Location	City of Blythe and	Cactus City		
Class	1, 2, 3	100,000	×	
HCA Length	1.4 miles			
Vintage	Multiple vintages from			
Pipe Diameter				
MAOP				
SMYS	Multiple SMYS va	lues from		
Construction Start Date				
Construction Completion Date				
Final Tool Run Date				
Inspection Due Date				
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total	
Loaded Project Costs	23,963	1,545,663	1,569,626	



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 5000 Phase 2





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- 1. <u>Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> SoCalGas identified Line 5000 Phase 2 for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within site within to a permanent receiver site within
 - b. The Project required temporary installation of associated piping and a filter separator at the receiver site.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the
 completion of the Inspection using ILI, Direct Examination sites were identified for
 validation and will be addressed after 2023, outside the scope of this proceeding.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of any future Direct Examination(s) following the Inspection will be used to determine if additional examinations are required.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI.



Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope					
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits	
5000	75.2 mi				No	

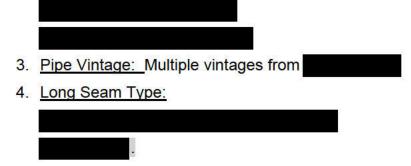
B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 2

Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

1. Site Description:

- a. The Inspection started at a permanent launcher site within ended at a permanent receiver site within .
- b. The Project required temporary installation of associated piping and a filter separator at the receiver site.
- 2. HCA Threats:





	Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 2	
5.	Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized a	
	capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline.	
	were also utilized in preparation for the	
	Inspection.	
_		

- 6. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without system impacts.
- 7. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 8. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 9. Substructures: No identified impacts.
- 10. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 11. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> No identified impacts.
- 12. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 13. <u>Traffic Control:</u> No identified impacts.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 2 TIMP Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, Direct Examination sites were identified for validation and will be addressed after 2023, outside the scope of this proceeding.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team will use the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and



evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis is still pending and will be used to determine if additional examinations are required to enhance the overall integrity and safety of the pipeline.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline - Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	





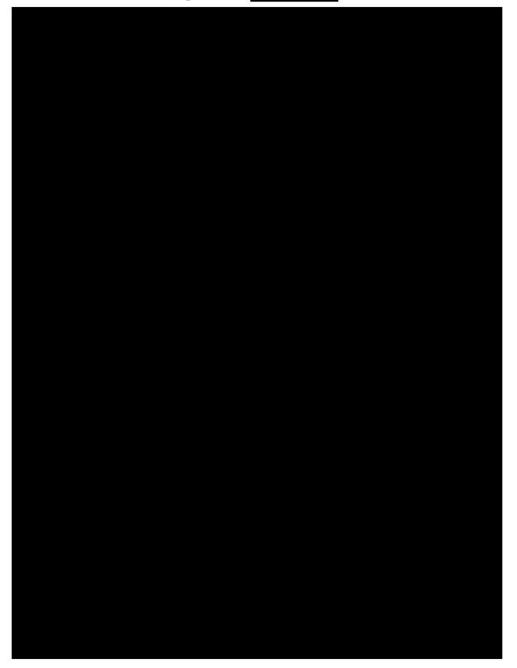




Figure #3: Pipe Bolted for Hydro Test

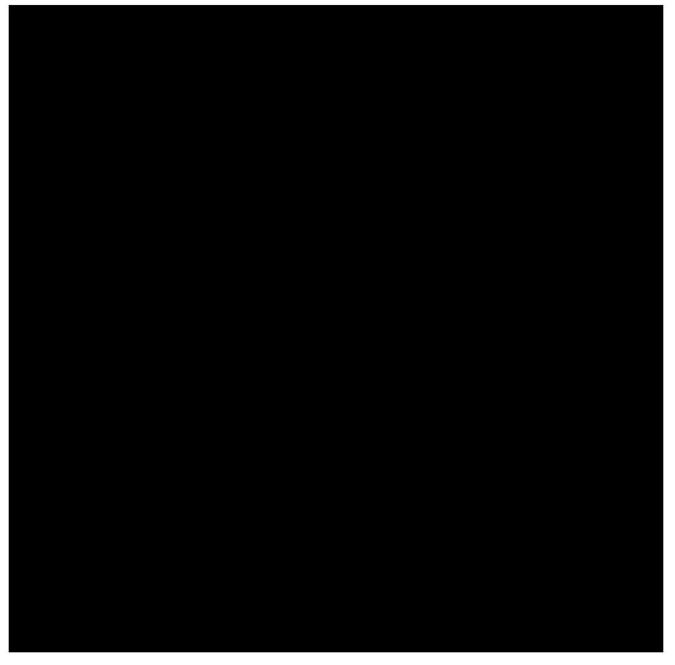
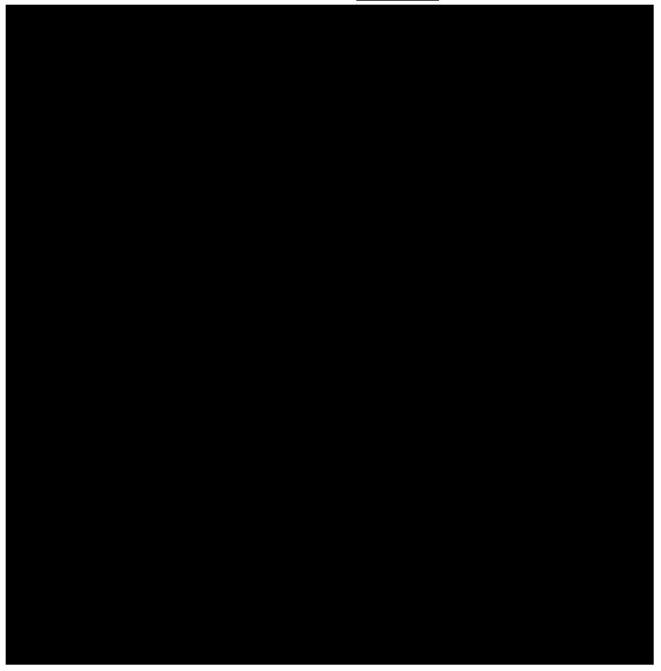




Figure #4: Bolt Up at





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation, and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,569,626.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	10,660	272,918	283,578
Contract Costs	1,200	544,441	545,641
Material	0	21,550	21,550
Other Direct Charges	975	488,037	489,011
Total Direct Costs	12,835	1,326,945	1,339,780

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	8,769	218,718	227,487
AFUDC	1,995	0	1,995
Property Taxes	363	0	363
Total Indirect Costs	11,128	218,718	229,846

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$) Capital Costs		O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	23,963	1,545,663	1,569,626

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 2 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,569,626.

End of Line 5000 Phase 2 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 3

I. LINE 5000 PHASE 3

PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management
Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs
approximately 31.4 miles from . The pipeline is routed
across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 17.1 miles within High Consequence Area(s)
(HCAs) and 14.3 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and
costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) located in Riverside
County. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The
total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,706,504.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details	Inspection Details				
Pipeline	5000				
Segment	Phase 3 -				
Inspection Type		Tool			
Location	Riverside County				
Class	1, 2, 3		10°		
HCA Length	17.1 miles				
Vintage	Multiple vintages	from			
Pipe Diameter	200				
MAOP					
SMYS	Multiple SMYS va	lues from			
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date			9		
Final Tool Run Date					
Inspection Due Date					
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total		
Loaded Project Costs	652,352	3,054,152	3,706,504		



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 5000 Phase 3

Project





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line
 TIMP Project for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within receiver site within .
 - b. The Project required installation of permanent associated piping at the launcher site.
 - c. The Project required temporary installation of associated piping and a filter separator at the receiver site.
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, Direct Examination sites will be identified for validation addressed after 2023, outside the scope of this proceeding.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of any future Direct Examination(s) will be used to determine if additional examinations are required.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI.



TIMP Project

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope					
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits	
5000	31.4 mi				Yes	
5000	31.4 mi				Yes	
5000	31.4 mi				Yes	
5000	31.4 mi				Yes	

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 3					
TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to					
determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate					
Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the					
engineering and design of this Project are as follows:					
1. <u>Site Description:</u> The Project consisted of Inspection of Line 5000 Phase 3 from a					
permanent launcher site within to a permanent receiver site					
within the second of the secon					
2. HCA Threats:					
3. <u>Pipe Vintage:</u> Multiple vintages from					



TIMP Project

4.	Long Seam Type:
5.	Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized the following Inspection
	tools:
	capabilities during
	the Inspection of the pipeline.
	utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
6.	Inspection Retrofits: The Project required installation of permanent associated
	piping at the launcher site.
7.	System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
	evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without
	system impacts.
8.	<u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team determined that customer service could be
	maintained to one customer by alternate source of feed during the assessment.
9.	Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
10.	Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that
	impacted the design and engineering.

12. Permit Restrictions: No identified impacts.

presence.

13. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project utilized existing company facilities at the launcher and receiver locations as laydown yards.

11. Environmental: The Project Team restricted work hours near the receiver location to

daylight hours as much as possible to avoid impacting sensitive nocturnal species

14. <u>Traffic Control:</u> No identified impacts.



TIMP Project

15. Constructability:

- a. The Project required modifications to the permanent associated piping configurations at the launcher site.
- The Project required additional coordination to complete survey activities due to rain causing inadequate field conditions.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 3

TIMP Project, SoCalGas will review Inspection reports, complete various site evaluations, and communicate with project stakeholders. Following the completion of the Inspections using ILI, Direct Examination sites will be identified for validation and addressed after 2023, outside the scope of this proceeding.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used will use the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis is still pending and will be used to determine if additional examinations are required to enhance the overall integrity and safety of the pipeline.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	



Figure 2: Launcher Location





Figure 3: Receiver Location





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,706,504.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs³

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	5,836	232,504	238,340
Contract Costs	3,064	1,348,625	1,351,689
Material	453,660	78,213	531,873
Other Direct Charges	18,012	1,112,058	1,130,070
Total Direct Costs	480,572	2,771,399	3,251,972

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs⁴

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	148,415	282,752	431,168
AFUDC	20,397	0	20,397
Property Taxes	2,967	0	2,967
Total Indirect Costs	171,780	282,752	454,532

Table 6: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	652,352	3,054,152	3,706,504

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 3 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,706,504.

End of Line 5000 Phase 3 Final Workpaper TIMP Project



Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 3

LINE 5000 PHASE 3

TIMP Project

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

I.

Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 31.4 miles from through residential neighborhoods and desert lands. The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 16.9 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 14.5 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities associated with a TIMP Assessment that includes Direct Examinations made to two sites. The Project activities were located in Riverside County. The specific attributes of this Project are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,402,728.



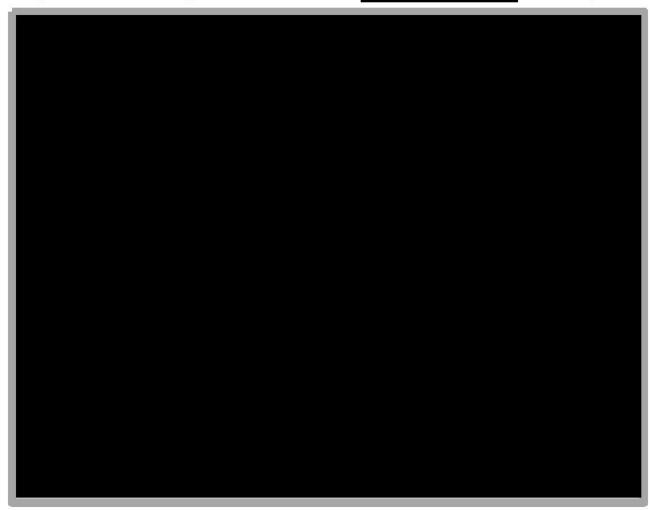
Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	- 3-
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	es.
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital O&M Total
Loaded Project Costs	\$345,045 \$1,057,683 \$1,402,728



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 5000 Phase 3





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 5000 Phase 3 for Inspection using ILI, activities related to the ILI were completed for this Project before the TY 2019 General Rate Case (GRC) cycle.
 - a. ILI from the permanent launcher site at to the permanent receiver site located at
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, two Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 was identified as a Safety Related Condition (SRC)
 during construction and required a band installation.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional
 examinations or remediations.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper includes two Direct Examinations.



TIMP Project

Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remdiation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
5000	1	Yes	Yes	23 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
5000	2	No	No	40 ft	Soft Pad	40 ft	O&M

B. Engineering, Design, and Planning Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 5000 Phase 3

TIMP Project before the TY 2019 GRC cycle.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 3 TIMP Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were two Direct Examination sites selected for validation of the ILI within the Line 5000 Phase 3
 Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 was identified as an SRC during construction and required a band installation.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- SRC/IRC: Direct Examination Site #1 contained an SRC and required an expedited project schedule.



TIMP Project

- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
 evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examination could only be
 completed when work was not occurring on nearby parallel pipelines.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering for the Direct Examinations.
- 7. <u>Environmental:</u> The Project Team obtained Environmental Clearance and approval of an Air Quality Management District (AQMD) Dust Control plan.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained an encroachment permit from the County of Riverside for construction at Direct Examination Site #1.
- 9. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained a Traffic Control Plan (TCP) for Direct Examination Site #1.
- 11. Constructability: No identified impacts.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

The Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations during the Post-Assessment step to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	

Table 4: Construction Timeline - SRC

SRC Discovery Date – Site #1	8	
Repair Date – Site #1		



Figure 2: Band Repair at Direct Examination Site #1





Figure 3: Recoated Pipe at Direct Examination Site #2





Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #1 Overview





Figure 5: Direct Examination Site #1 Overview





Figure 6: Direct Examination Site #2 Overview





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site, final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs1

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,402,728.

Table 5: Actual Direct Costs2

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	7,387	118,153	125,540
Contract Costs	215,518	641,707	857,225
Material	0	0	0
Other Direct Charges	55,811	166,908	222,719
Total Direct Cost	278,715	926,769	1,205,484

Table 6: Actual Indirect Cost³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	46,021	113,779	159,800
AFUDC	15,403	17,135	32,538
Property Taxes	4,905	0	4,905
Total Indirect Costs	66,330	130,914	197,244

Table 7: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	345,045	1,057,683	1,402,728

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 3 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,402,728.

End of Line 5000 Phase 3 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 4

I. LINE 5000 PHASE 4

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 7.2 miles from the transmission line



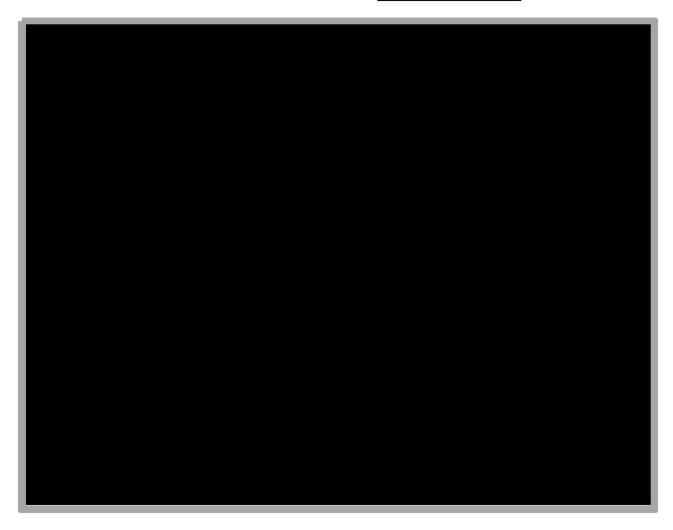
Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details			
Pipeline	5000		
Segment	Phase 4 –		
Inspection Type			<i>*</i>
Location	Mira Loma and Ch	nino	
Class	1, 2, 3		
HCA Length	6.7 miles		
Vintage	Multiple vintages f	rom	
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start			
Construction Completion			
Final Tool Run Date			
Inspection Due Date			
Direct Examination Details			
Site	1		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		
Within HCA	Yes		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start			
Construction Completion			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	709,172	1,642,813	2,509,939



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 5000 Phase 4





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection and Direct Examination.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line
 5000 Phase 4 for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within
 - The Project Team installed temporary associated piping and filter separator at the receiver site.
 - c. The Project Team installed a permanent valve at the receiver site to facilitate the ILI.
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, one Direct Examination site was identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examination following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI and one Direct Examination.



Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

S			inal Project Scope		
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits
5000(4)	7.2 mi				No

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
5000 (4)	1	Yes	No	51 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	Capital

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 4

Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

OI I	ins roject are as follows.
1.	Site Description: ILI from permanent launcher site within
2.	HCA Threats:



	Final Workpaper for Line 5000 Phase 4
3.	Pipe Vintage: Multiple Vintages from .
4.	Long Seam Type:
5.	Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized a
	capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline.
	were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
6.	Inspection Retrofits: The Project Team installed a permanent valve at the
	receiver site to facilitate the ILI.
7.	System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
	evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without
	system impacts.
8.	<u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
9.	Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
10.	Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that
	impacted the design and engineering.
11.	Environmental: No identified impacts.
12.	Permit Restrictions: The Project Team obtained an Encroachment Permit from the
	City of Jurupa Valley.
13.	<u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team was able to utilize SoCalGas property as a laydown
	yard.
14.	Traffic Control: No identified impacts.
C.	Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination
Co	ntinuing the planning process for the Line 5000 Phase 4
	pject, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and
•	-j,



TIMP Project

communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment:</u> There was one Direct Examination Site selected for validation of the ILI within the Line 5000 Phase 4 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 2. <u>SRC/IRC:</u> There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained an Encroachment Permit from the City of Eastvale.
- 9. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team required a TCP from the City of Eastvale which consisted of multiple lane closures, traffic signage, and barricades.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examination to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline - Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Direct Examination Site #1

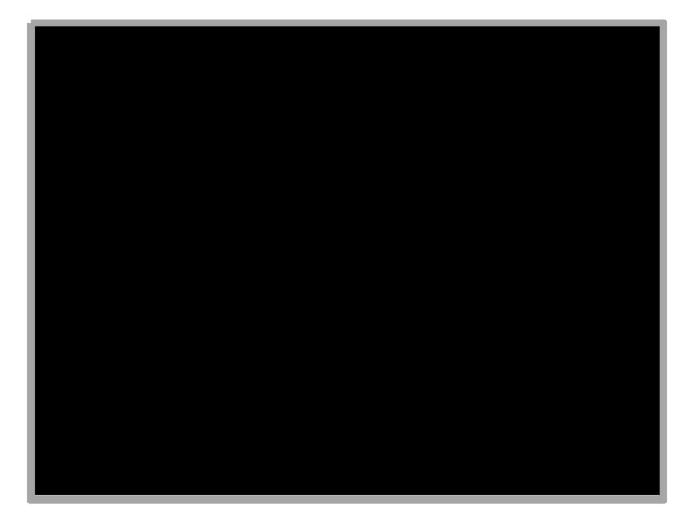




Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #1

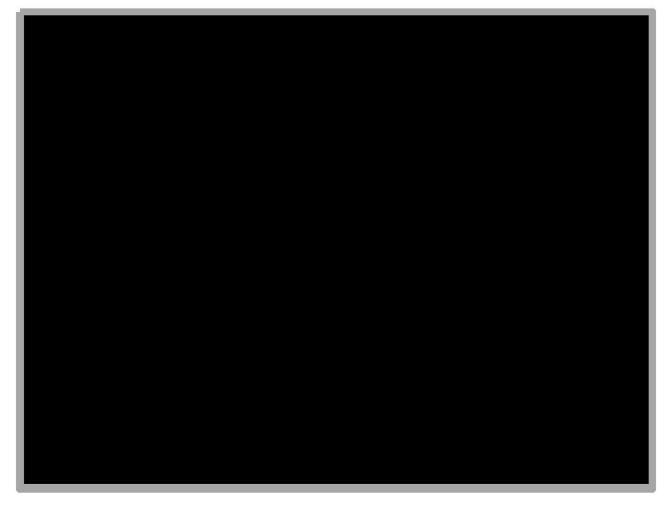
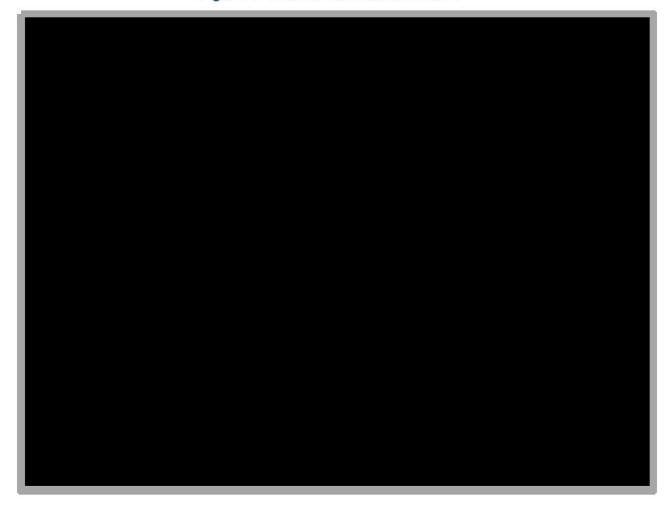




Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #1





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$2,509,939.

Table 10: Actual Direct Costs3

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	74,217	167,310	241,526
Contract Costs	532,111	857,995	1,390,105
Material	4,614	35,306	39,921
Other Direct Charges	98,231	396,652	494,883
Total Direct Costs	709,172	1,457,263	2,166,435

Table 11: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs	
Overheads	157,578	185,550	343,128	
AFUDC	207	0	207	
Property Taxes	169	0	169	
Total Indirect Costs	157,954	185,550	343,504	

Table 12: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Total Costs (\$) Capital Costs		Total Actual Costs	
Total Loaded Costs	867,126	1,642,813	2,509,939	

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing the Line 5000 Phase 4 Bain Street to Chino TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$2,509,939.

End of Line 5000 Phase 4 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



I. LINE 6904 TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 0.8 miles along in Palm Springs, through commercial and industrial areas. The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 0.5 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 0.3 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) located in Riverside County. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,362,976.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details					
Pipeline	6904				
Segment	Palm Springs	Palm Springs			
Inspection Type	Tool				
Location	Riverside County	Riverside County			
Class	1, 2, 3				
HCA Length	0.5 miles				
Vintage	Multiple vintages from				
Pipe Diameter					
MAOP					
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from				
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date			6		
Final Tool Run Date					
Inspection Due Date					
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total		
Loaded Project Costs	515,202	847,774	1,362,976		



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 6904



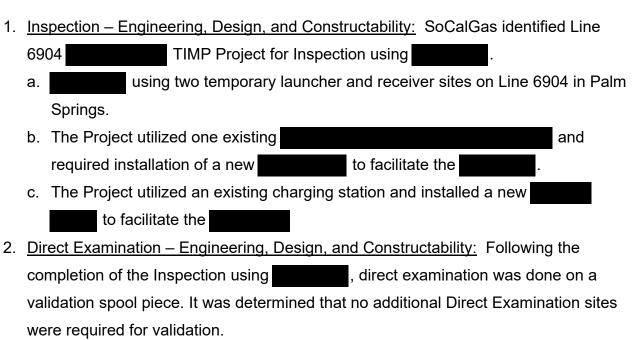


II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.



analysis of the spool piece following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.

3. Post-Assessment – Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation

4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using



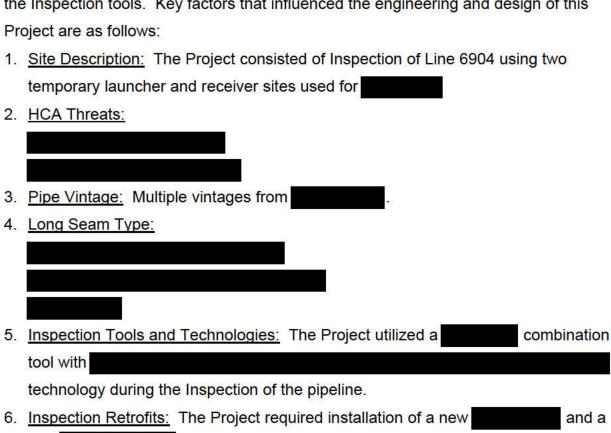
Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

new

Final Project Scope					
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits
6904	0.8 mi				Yes

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 6904 TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:



to facilitate the



- 7. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without system impacts.
- 8. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project required partial curtailment for two customers in the project vicinity during the Inspection.
- 9. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 11. <u>Environmental:</u> The Project required a pre-construction biological survey for the Inspection.
- 12. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project required a Fugitive Dust Control Plan Permit from the South Coast Air Quality Management District.
- 13. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) for a nearby laydown yard. Excavations for the Project were completed within company Right of Way (ROW).

14. Constructability:

- a. The Project Team considered pipeline accessibility based on a previous ILI and installed an additional to complete the Inspection from both the North and South extents.
- b. The Project required an unexpected isolation of Line 6904 due to a damaged sleeve at one of the temporary launcher and receiver sites.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas completed the Direct Examination for the Line 6904 TIMP

Project using a validation spool piece and it was determined that no additional Direct Examination Sites were required for validation.



D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examination of the validation spool piece to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 5: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	



Figure 2: New valve installation with concrete supports

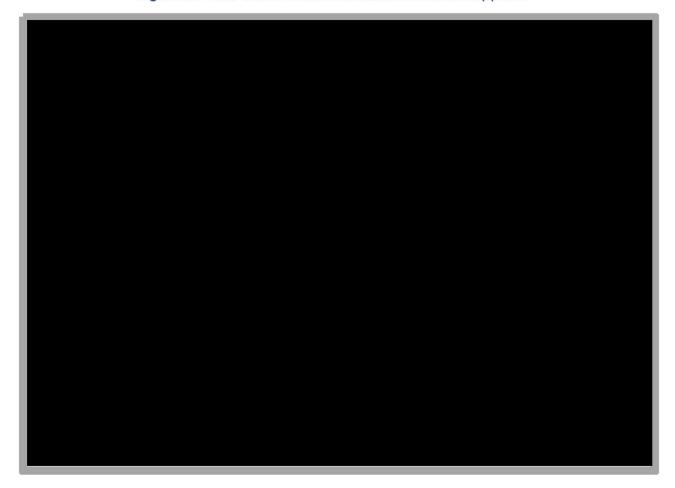




Figure 3: Tapping Unit for New valve installation

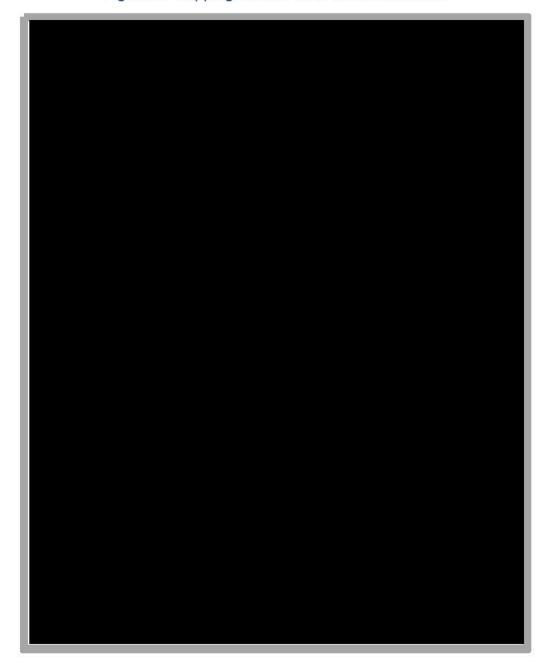
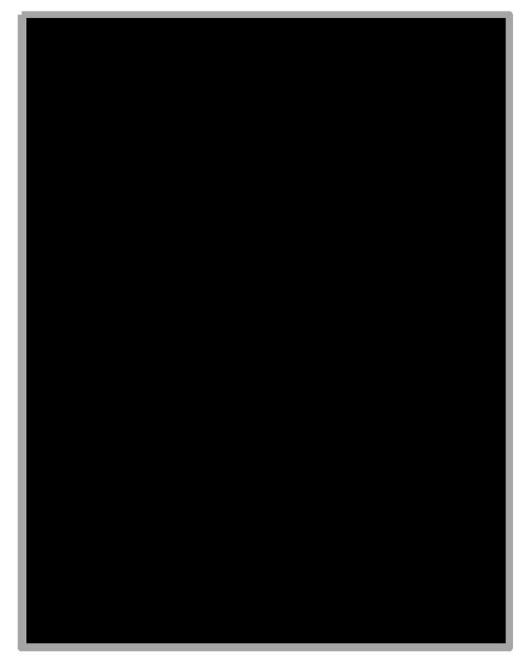




Figure 4: Tool Launcher and Charging Station





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,362,976.

Table 10: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	20,464	143,577	164,041
Contract Costs	238,493	129,530	368,023
Material	103,733	16,519	120,252
Other Direct Charges	57,523	457,930	515,454
Total Direct Costs	420,213	747,556	1,167,770

Table 11: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	93,151	100,218	193,368
AFUDC	1,542	0	1,542
Property Taxes	296	0	296
Total Indirect Costs	94,989	100,218	195,207

Table 12: Total Costs⁴

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	515,202	847,774	1,362,976

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,362,976.

End of Line 6904 TIMP Project Final Workpaper



Final Workpaper for Line 6905

TIMP Project

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

I.

Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 31.7 miles from The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 2.1 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 29.6 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI). The Project was located in Boron and Adelanto. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,515,592.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details			
Pipeline	6905		
Segment			
Inspection Type	IL	I Tool	
Location	Boron and Adelan	to	
Class	1, 2, 3		*** ***
HCA Mileage	2.1 miles		
Vintage	-		
Pipe Diameter			,
MAOP			
SMYS	Multiple SMYS va	lues from	
Construction Start			-8
Construction Completion			
Final Tool Run Date			
Inspection Due Date		-	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	0	1,515,592	1,515,592



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 6905





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 6905 for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within receiver site within .
 - b. Installation of temporary receiver piping and a filter separator.
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, Direct Examination sites were identified for validation and will be addressed after 2023.
- 3. <u>Post Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of any future Direct Examinations will be used to determine if additional examinations are required.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI.



Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope				
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits
6905	31.7 mi				No

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 6905

by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

- Site Description: The Project completed the Inspection of the pipeline from a permanent receiver site at to a permanent receiver site at to a permanent receiver site at the pipeline from a permanent receiver
- 2. HCA Threats:
- 3. Pipe Vintage:
- 4. Long Seam Type:
- 5. Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized a combination tool with

capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline.

were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.

System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without
system impacts.



- 7. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 8. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 11. Permit Restrictions: No identified impacts.
- 12. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 13. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team did not identify any traffic control needs at the site.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, complete various site evaluations, and communicate with project stakeholders. Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, Direct Examination sites were identified for validation and will be addressed after 2023.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post Assessment

During the Post Assessment step, the Project Team will use the data collected from the Inspection and future Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis will be used to determine if additional examinations are required to enhance the overall integrity and safety of the pipeline.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline - Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	*



Figure 2: Receiver and Temporary Piping



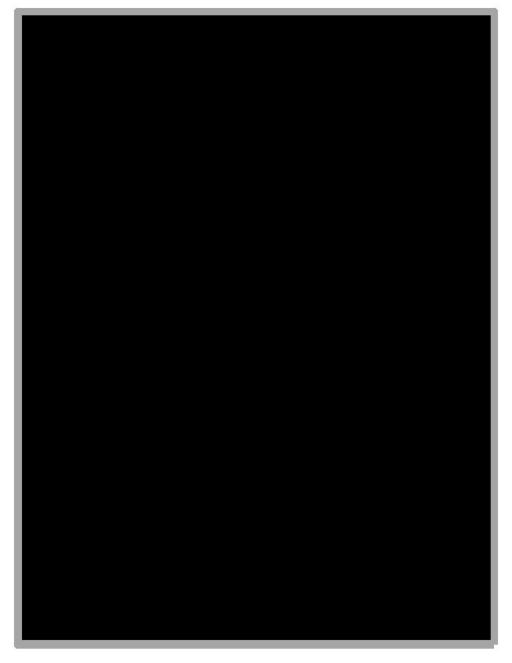


Figure 3: Launcher





Figure 4: Launcher Temporary Piping





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the Project plan and design.



B. Actual Costs1

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,515,592.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	0	184,282	184,282
Contract Costs	0	727,363	727,363
Material	0	84,815	84,815
Other Direct Charges	0	341,866	341,866
Total Direct Costs	0	1,338,326	1,338,326

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	0	177,267	177,267
AFUDC	0	0	0
Property Taxes	0	0	0
Total Indirect Costs	0	177,267	177,267

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	0	1,515,592	1,515,592

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,515,592.

End of Line 6905

TIMP Project Final Workpaper



	Final Workpaper for Line 6905 Phase 1	TIMP Project
l.	LINE 6905 PHASE 1	TIMP
	PROJECT	

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management
Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs
approximately 32 miles from through desert
locations. The associated In-line Inspection (ILI) for this Project was completed under a previous General Rate Case (GRC). The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3
locations with 2.2 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 29.8 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities associated with a TIMP
Assessment that includes the Direct Examinations made to three sites. The Project was located in desert locations between through the project is \$1,368,932.



Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Type	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details					
Site	3				
Examination ID					
Туре	Validation				
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad				
Within HCA	No				
SRC/IRC	No				
Pipe Diameter					
MAOP					
SMYS					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total		
Loaded Project Costs	0	1,368,932	1,368,932		



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 6905 Phase 1





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 6905 Phase 1 for Inspection using ILI, activities related to execution of the ILI were completed for this Project under a previous General Rate Case (GRC).
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, three Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional
 examinations.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper includes three Direct Examinations.



TIMP Project

Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope							
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category	
6905	1	No	No	18 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
6905	2	No	No	17 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
6905	3	No	No	17 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 6905 Phase 1

TIMP Project in a previous GRC.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Line 6905 Phase 1

TIMP Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. Engineering Assessment:
 - a. There were three Direct Examination Sites selected for validation of the ILI within the Line 6905 Phase 1
 - Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed various reviews of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility.



- a. The Project Team identified the ideal construction window for this Project, taking into consideration factors such as system capacity and timelines of neighboring projects.
- b. Once the scheduled date of was determined feasible, system analysis concluded that the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- Environmental: The Project required a pre-construction desert tortoise survey prior to work activities. The Project required biological monitoring with construction activity and escorting on access roads.
- Permit Restrictions: There were no special permits or permit restrictions for this Project.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry Agreement (TRE) from three private landowners at each of the dig sites.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team did not identify any traffic control needs at the sites.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Dig Site #1

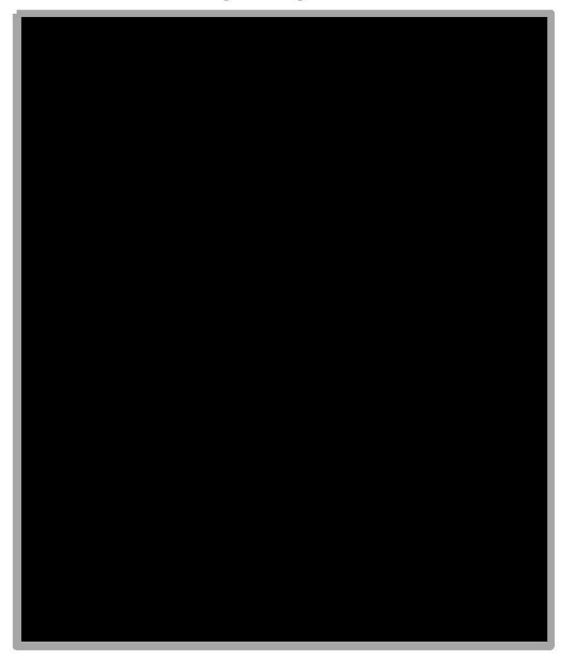




Figure 3: Dig Site #2

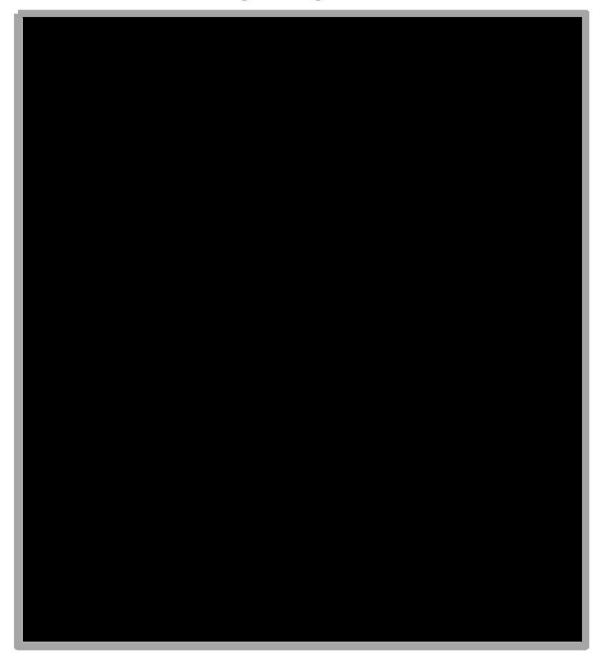
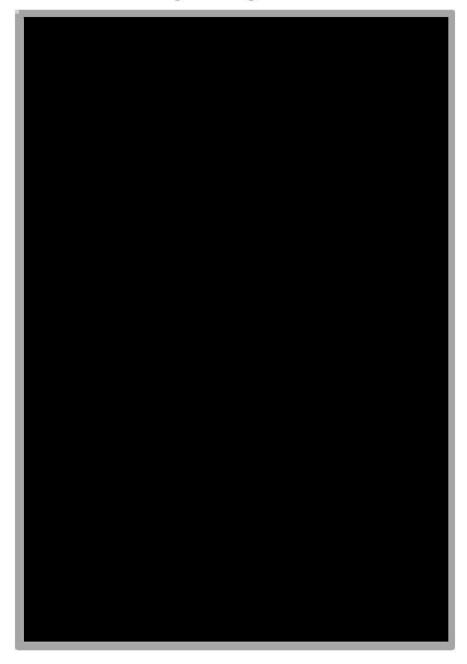




Figure 4: Dig Site #3





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs1

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,368,932.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	0	113,842	113,842
Contract Costs	0	513,913	513,913
Material	0	-10,274	-10,274
Other Direct Charges	0	620,662	620,662
Total Direct Costs	0	1,238,143	1,238,143

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	0	119,728	119,728
AFUDC	0	10,063	10,063
Property Taxes	0	1,448	1,448
Total Indirect Costs	0	130,789	130,789

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	0	1,368,932	1,368,932

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 1 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,368,932.

End of Line 6905 Phase 1 2022 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



I. LINE 6906 AND LINE 6906XO1 TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1	T	ransmission	Integrity
Management Program (TIMP) F	Project assessed a predomir	antly	diameter
transmission line that runs appr	oximately 18 miles from		
through residentia	l neighborhoods and comme	ercial areas.	The Project
also assessed 185 feet of a	diameter transmission l	ine in Ranch	o Cucamonga.
The pipelines are routed across	Class 1 and 3 locations, en	tirely within H	High
Consequence Area(s) (HCAs).	This Workpaper describes t	he activities	and costs
associated with the Direct Exan	ninations made to two sites.	The Project	activities were
located in the City of Fontana a	nd City of San Bernardino.	The specific	attributes of this
Workpaper are detailed in Table	e 1 below. The total loaded	cost of the P	roject is
\$1,516,133.			



Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details			
Site	1		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation	3	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		2
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details			=
Site	2		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation	3	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		X 10
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			7
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	423,265	1,092,867	1,516,133



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1

TIMP Project







II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- 1. <u>Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> SoCalGas identified Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1 for Inspection using and activities related to the ILI were completed for this Project before the TY 2019 General Rate Case (GRC) cycle.
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspections using ILI, two Direct Examination Sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspections resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes two Direct Examinations.



TIMP

Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

il.	Final Project Scope							
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category	
6906	1	Yes	No	24 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
6906	2	Yes	No	20 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	

B. Engineering, Design, and Planning Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1

TIMP Project before the TY 2019 GRC cycle.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1

TIMP Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were two Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1
 Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.





- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained an Encroachment Permit from the City of San Bernardino Direct Examination Site #2.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) agreement to utilize private property in the City of San Bernardino near Direct Examination Site #2 as a laydown.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained an approved Traffic Control Plan (TCP) from the City of San Bernardino Direct Examination Site #2.
- 11. Other Identified Risks: The Project schedules for Direct Examination Site #2 were delayed due to safety requirements resulting from COVID-19.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations step to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



TIMP

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline – Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination Site #1					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					
Mobilization 2: Direct Examination Site #2					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					



TIMP

Figure 2: Direct Examination Site #1

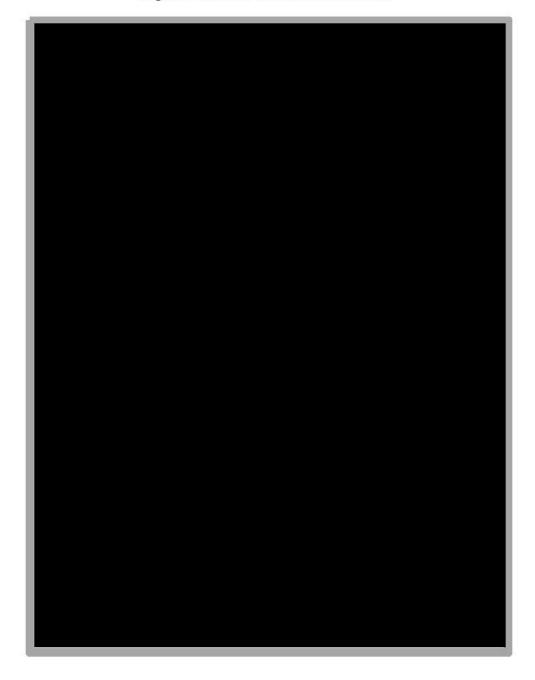




Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #2





TIMP

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site, final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the Project plan and design.



TIMP

B. Actual Costs1

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded Cost of the Project is \$1,516,133.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	2,393	40,428	42,820
Contract Costs	318,634	598,953	917,587
Material	0	56,817	56,817
Other Direct Charges	45,940	296,047	341,987
Total Direct Costs	366,967	992,245	1,359,212

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	49,203	98,946	148,149
AFUDC	6,957	0	6,957
Property Taxes	139	1,677	1,815
Total Indirect Costs	56,298	100,623	156,921

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	423,265	1,092,867	1,516,133

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



TIMP

V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing the Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,516,133.

End of Line 6906 and Line 6906XO1

Project Final Workpaper

TIMP



Final Workpaper for Line 6914

I. LINE 6914

TIMP Project

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Line 6914 Best Avenue Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a multi-diameter diameter diameter transmission line that runs approximately 1.5 miles in Brawley, through residential neighborhoods and agricultural land. The pipeline is routed across Class 1 and 3 locations entirely within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs). This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with a TIMP Assessment that includes Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) located in the City of Brawley. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,632,825.



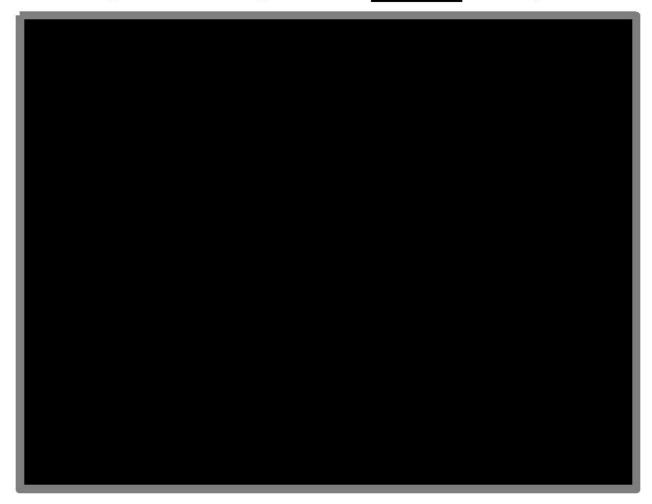
Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details				
Pipeline	6914			
Segment				
Inspection Type	Т	ool		
Location	Brawley			
Class	1, 3			
HCA Length	1.5 miles			
Vintage			<i>ii</i>	
Pipe Diameter				
MAOP			<u> </u>	
SMYS	Multiple SMY	'S values from		
Construction Start Date				
Construction Completion Date				
Final Tool Run Date				
Inspection Due Date				
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total	
Loaded Project Costs	909,456	723,369	1,632,825	



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 6914 TIMP Project



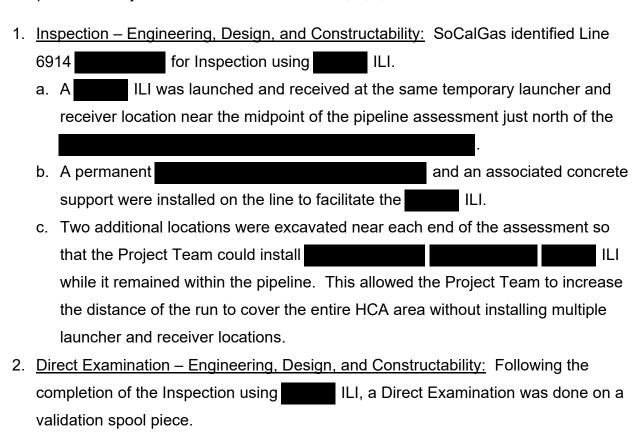


II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that typically occur during the Inspection and Post Assessment.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2, 3, 4, and 5 below.





- Post Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation analysis of the spool piece following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI.

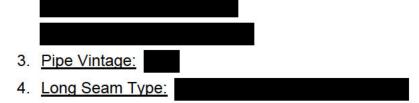
Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope						
Line Inspection Threat Inspection Technology Tool Method Retrofits							
6914	1.5 mi				Yes		

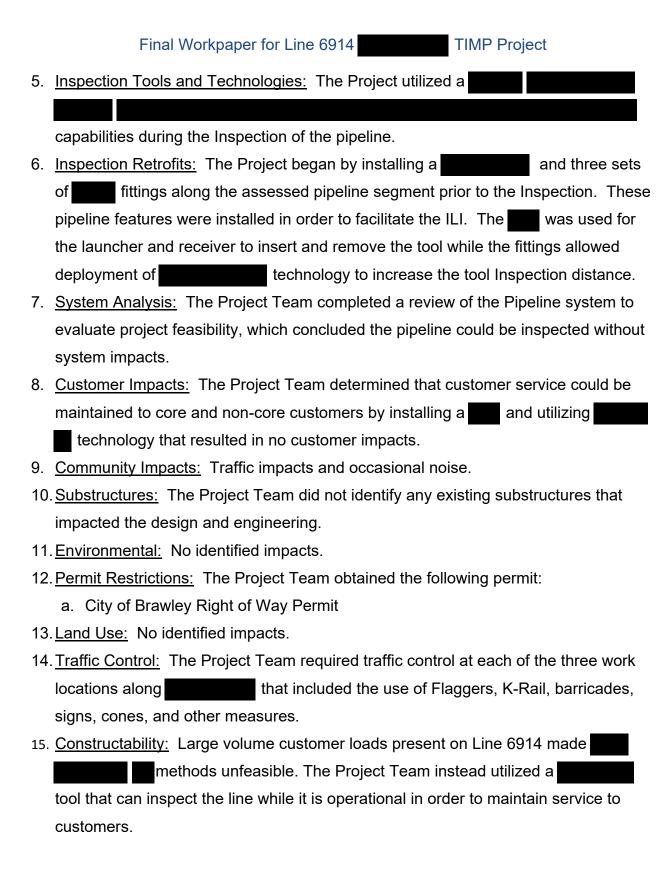
B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 6914 TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

- Site Description: The Project is located on the east side of through Class 1 and 3 HCA locations.
- HCA Threats:









C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas completed the Direct Examination for Line 6914 using a validation spool piece and it was determined that no additional Direct Examination Sites were required for validation.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post Assessment

During the Post Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	



Figure 2: In-Line Inspection Tool





Figure 3: Installed for In-Line Inspection Launcher/Receiver





Figure 4: Fitting Installed for of ILI Tool





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,632,825.

Table 7: Actual Direct Costs2

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	68,304	20,416	88,720
Contract Costs	655,853	495,694	1,151,547
Material	316	330	646
Other Direct Charges	63,028	165,236	228,265
Total Direct Costs	787,502	681,676	1,469,178

Table 8: Actual Indirect Costs3

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	119,936	41,585	161,521
AFUDC	1,703	95	1,798
Property Taxes	315	13	328
Total Indirect Costs	121,955	41,693	163,648

Table 9: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	909,456	723,369	1,632,825

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

TIMP Project Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,632,825.

End of Line 6914 TIMP Project Final Workpaper



Final Workpaper for Line 6916 Phase 2

I. LINE 6916 PHASE 2

PROJECT

TIMP

A. Background and Summary

Line 6916 Phase 2 Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 60.2 miles from The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 10.3 miles within High Consequence Areas (HCAs) and 49.9 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with a TIMP Assessment that includes Direct Examinations made to five sites. The Project activities were located in San Bernardino County and Yucca Valley. The specific attributes of this Project are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$8,335,774.



TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details		
Site	1	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Direct Examination Details		
Site	2	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details		
Site	3	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Direct Examination Details		
Site	4	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

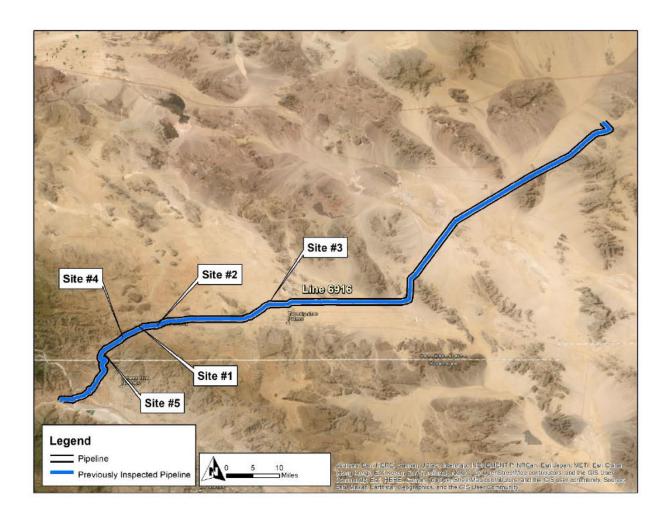
Direct Examination Details			
Site	5	ye.	
Examination ID			2
Туре	Validation		8
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		
Within HCA	No		2
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP	-		
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			-
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	8,335,774	0	8,335,774



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 6916 Phase 2

Project





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 6916 Phase 2 for Inspection using ILI, activities related to execution of the ILI were completed for this Project before the TY 2019 General Rate Case (GRC) cycle.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the
 completion of the Inspection using ILI, 12 Direct Examination sites were identified for
 validation. Activities for five of the 12 Direct Examinations were completed during
 the TY 2019 GRC cycle.
 - Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of an 18 foot Replacement.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 92 foot Replacement.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 95 foot Replacement.
 - e. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional
 examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes five Direct Examinations.



TIMP Project

Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
6916	1	Yes	No	52 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	Capital
6916	2	Yes	No	25 ft	Replacement	18 ft	Capital
6916	3	No	No	98 ft	Replacement	92 ft	Capital
6916	4	No	No	112 ft	Replacement	95 ft	Capital
6916	5	No	No	23 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	Capital

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 6916 Phase 2

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were five Direct Examination Sites selected for validation of the ILI within the Line 6916 Phase 2
 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of an 18 foot Replacement.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 92 foot Replacement.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 95 foot Replacement.
 - e. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.



- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- Customer Impacts: The Project Team determined that customer service could be maintained by installing a bypass to provide an alternate service to a non-core customer during construction.
- 5. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project had minimal community impact because most sites were in areas that did not require traffic control.
- Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained Excavation Permits from the San Bernardino Flood Control District and San Bernardino County for Direct Examination Sites #2 and #3.
- Land Use: The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) for a laydown yard and work at a golf course at Direct Examination Site #1.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team performed traffic control for a shoulder closure at Direct Examination Site #3 as a requirement of the Excavation Permit.
- 11. <u>Schedule Delay:</u> The Project Team was required to temporarily demobilize during construction to provide resources to other high priority SoCalGas projects, delaying the completion of Direct Examination Sites #2 and #3 until resources were available.
- 12. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project Team coordinated with another SoCalGas Project to allow installation of at Direct Examination Sites #2 and #5 to facilitate a future of Line 6916.



TIMP Project

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Post-Assessment

The Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations during the Post-Assessment step to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination Sites #1, #4, and #5		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Mobilization 2: Direct Examination Sites #2 and #3		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



Figure 2: Replacement at Site #3

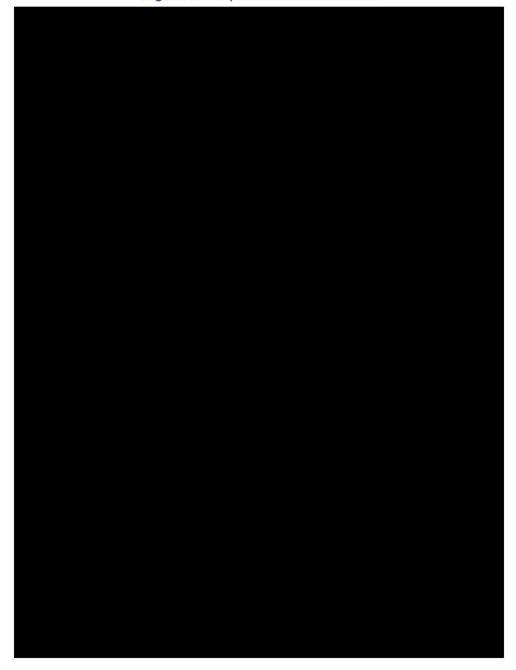
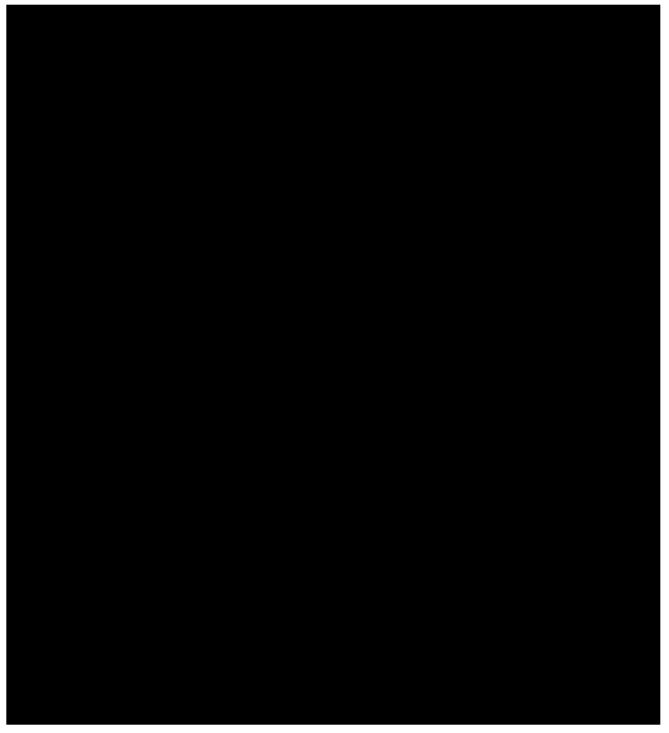




Figure 3: Pipe Removed at Site #4





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs1

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$8,335,774.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	365,522	0	365,522
Contract Costs	5,328,589	0	5,328,589
Material	170,055	0	170,055
Other Direct Charges	1,157,966	0	1,157,966
Total Direct Costs	7,022,131	0	7,022,131

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	1,237,024	0	1,237,024
AFUDC	54,697	0	54,697
Property Taxes	21,922	0	21,922
Total Indirect Costs	1,313,644	0	1,313,644

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	8,335,774	0	8,335,774

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



TIMP Project

V. CONCLUSION

soCalGas enhanced the integrity of their integrated natural gas system by prudently executing the Line 6916 Phase 2 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas successfully implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR 192, Subpart O to achieve the objective to continually identify threats to its pipelines, determine the risk posed by these threats, schedule and track assessments to address threats, conduct an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collect information about the condition of the pipelines, take actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and Report findings of Line 6916 in the San Bernardino County and Yucca Valley. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$8,335,774.

End of Line 6916 Phase 2 Final Workpaper TIMP Project



Final Workpaper for Line 6916 Phase 2

I. L6916 PHASE 2

PROJECT

TIMP

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity

Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed covered segments (i.e. HCA) of a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 60.2 miles from The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 10.3 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 49.9 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with a TIMP Assessment that includes an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to 25 sites, of these sites one contained a Safety Related Condition (SRC) and 24 contained Immediate Repair Conditions (IRCs), located in the cities of Twentynine Palms, Joshua Tree, Yucca Valley, and Morongo Valley. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$40,238,912.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details			
Pipeline	6916		
Segment	Phase 2 –		
Inspection Type	tools		
Location	Twentynine Palms, Joshua Tree, Yucca Valley, and Morongo Valley		
Class	1, 2, 3		
HCA Length	10.3 miles		
Vintage	Multiple vintages from		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from		
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Final Tool Run Date			
Inspection Due Date			



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	1		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC/IRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details			
Site	2		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC/IRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	3		
Examination ID			
Type	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC/IRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details			
Site	4		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC/IRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details		
Site	5	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	Yes	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date		
Repair Date		
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Direct Examination Details		
Site	6	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	Yes	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date		
Repair Date		
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details		
Site	7	
Examination ID		
Type	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	Yes	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date		
Repair Date		
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Direct Examination Details		
Site	8	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	Yes	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date		
Repair Date		
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	9
Examination ID	
Type	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	10
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details		
Site	11	
Examination ID		
Type	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	Yes	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date		
Repair Date		
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Direct Examination Details		
Site	12	
Examination ID		
Туре	Validation	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	Yes	
SRC/IRC	Yes	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date		
Repair Date		
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	13
Examination ID	
Type	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	*
Site	14
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	15
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	16
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	17
Examination ID	
Type	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	*
Site	18
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	19
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	*
Site	20
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	21
Examination ID	
Type	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	22
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	23
Examination ID	
Type	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Band
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	24
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC/IRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

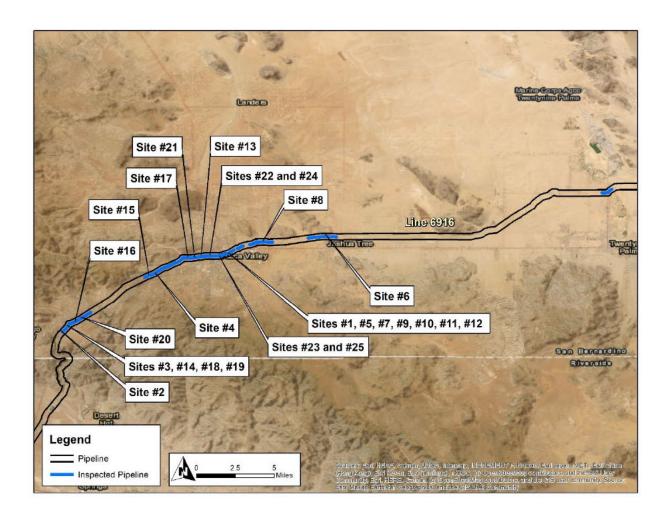
Direct Examination Details			
Site	25		
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation	-	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC/IRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			-
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	29,190,035	11,048,877	40,238,912



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 6916 Phase 2

Project – Inspection and Direct Examinations



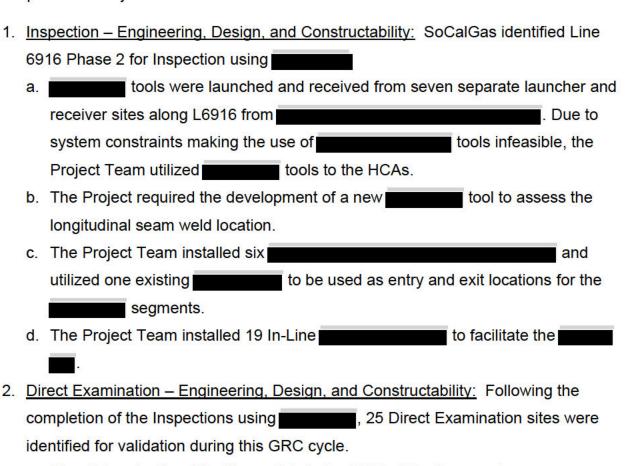


II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspections and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.



Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of a 192 foot Replacement.



- b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of a 70 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 194 foot Replacement.
- d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 42 foot Replacement.
- e. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of a 59 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- g. Direct Examination Site #7 consisted of a 120 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #8 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
- Direct Examination Site #9 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #10 consisted of a 93 foot Replacement.
- k. Direct Examination Site #11 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #12 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- m. Direct Examination Site #13 consisted of a Band Repair.
- n. Direct Examination Site #14 consisted of a 13 foot Replacement.
- o. Direct Examination Site #15 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
- Direct Examination Site #16 consisted of a Band Repair.
- q. Direct Examination Site #17 consisted of a 15 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #18 consisted of a Band Repair.
- s. Direct Examination Site #19 consisted of a Band Repair.
- t. Direct Examination Site #20 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- U. Direct Examination Site #21 consisted of a Band Repair.
- Direct Examination Site #22 consisted of a Band Repair.
- w. Direct Examination Site #23 consisted of a Band Repair.
- x. Direct Examination Site #24 consisted of a 15 foot Replacement.
- y. Direct Examination Site #25 consisted of a 13 foot Replacement.
- z. The Project identified one Direct Examination site containing a Safety Related Condition (SRC) and 24 Direct Examination sites containing Immediate Repair Conditions (IRCs).



- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in additional
 examinations that will be addressed after 2023, outside the scope of this proceeding.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspections using and 25 Direct Examinations.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope – ILI

			Final Project Scope		
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits
6916	0.4 mi				Yes
6916	0.2 mi				Yes
6916	1.9 mi				Yes
6916	1.6 mi				Yes
6916	1.6 mi				Yes
6916	3.3 mi				Yes
6916	1.3 mi				Yes
6916	0.5 mi				Yes
6916	0.3 mi				Yes
6916	2.0 mi				Yes
6916	1.6 mi				Yes
6916	1.8 mi				Yes
6916	3.3 mi				Yes
6916	1.3 mi				Yes



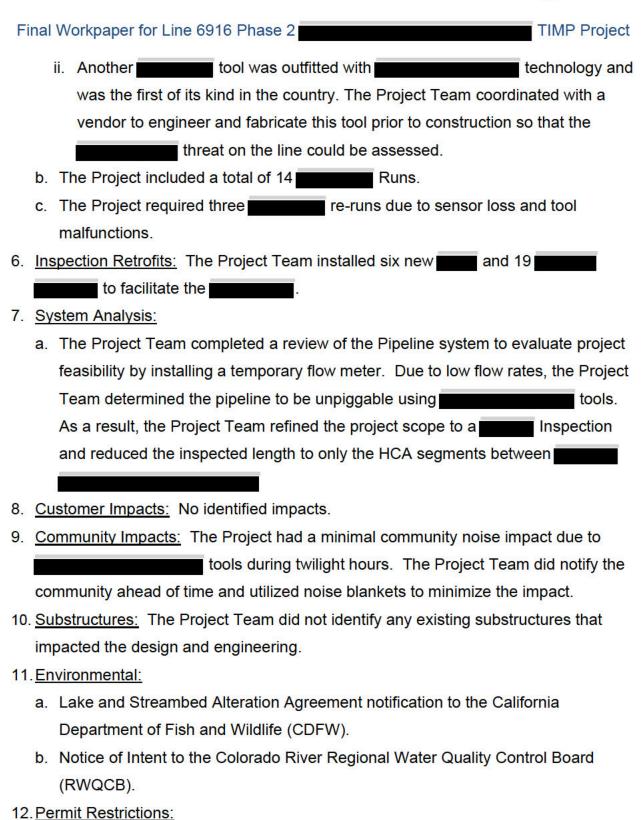
Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

9			50	Final Proje	ct Scope		s:
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
6916	1	Yes	Yes	203 ft	Replacement	192 ft	Capital
6916	2	No	Yes	46 ft	Replacement	70 ft	Capital
6916	3	Yes	Yes	202 ft	Replacement	194 ft	Capital
6916	4	Yes	Yes	47 ft	Replacement	42 ft	Capital
6916	5	Yes	Yes	65 ft	Replacement	59 ft	Capital
6916	6	Yes	Yes	49 ft	Replacement	41 ft	Capital
6916	7	Yes	Yes	129 ft	Replacement	120 ft	Capital
6916	8	Yes	Yes	42 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	Capital
6916	9	Yes	Yes	47 ft	Replacement	41 ft	Capital
6916	10	Yes	Yes	87 ft	Replacement	93 ft	Capital
6916	11	Yes	Yes	46 ft	Replacement	41 ft	Capital
6916	12	Yes	Yes	46 ft	Replacement	41 ft	Capital
6916	13	Yes	Yes	42 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
6916	14	Yes	Yes	35 ft	Replacement	13 ft	Capital
6916	15	Yes	Yes	46 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	Capital
6916	16	Yes	Yes	46 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
6916	17	Yes	Yes	28 ft	Replacement	15 ft	Capital
6916	18	Yes	Yes	18 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
6916	19	Yes	Yes	58 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
6916	20	Yes	Yes	28 ft	Replacement	16 ft	Capital
6916	21	Yes	Yes	17 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
6916	22	Yes	Yes	22 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
6916	23	Yes	Yes	44 ft	Band	N/A	Capital
6916	24	Yes	Yes	44 ft	Replacement	15 ft	Capital
6916	25	Yes	Yes	22 ft	Replacement	13 ft	Capital



Final Workpaper for Line 6916 Phase 2
B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection
SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 6916 Phase 2 TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows: 1. Site Description: The Project addressed ten HCA segments that were each inspected using tools. The segments included various launcher and
receiver configurations along the pipeline using seven locations and 19 . 2. HCA Threats:
 3. Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from 4. Long Seam Type:
 5. Inspection Tools and Technologies: a. The Project utilized two tools during the Inspection of the pipeline to assess the threats identified. These tools are described below: i. One tool was outfitted with technology and the other tool included technology.





a. City of Twentynine Palms Encroachment Permits.



TIMP Project

- b. County of San Bernardino Flood Control Permits.
- c. Town of Yucca Valley Encroachment Permits.

13. Land Use:

- a. The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) from a private landowner in the City of Yucca Valley as a laydown yard.
- b. The Project Team obtained a (TRE) from a private landowner in the City of Yucca Valley for the use of a workspace to install an
- 14. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team required traffic control at four separate project sites during construction.

15. Constructability:

a. During the tool runs, the Project Team worked continuously using day and night shift crews.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were 25 Direct Examination Sites selected for validation of the ILI within the Line 6916 Phase 2
 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of a 192 foot Replacement.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of a 70 foot Replacement.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of a 194 foot Replacement.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of a 42 foot Replacement.
 - e. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of a 59 foot Replacement.
 - Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
 - g. Direct Examination Site #7 consisted of a 120 foot Replacement.
 - h. Direct Examination Site #8 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.



TIMP Project

- i. Direct Examination Site #9 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- j. Direct Examination Site #10 consisted of a 93 foot Replacement.
- k. Direct Examination Site #11 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #12 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- m. Direct Examination Site #13 consisted of a Band Repair.
- n. Direct Examination Site #14 consisted of a 13 foot Replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #15 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
- p. Direct Examination Site #16 consisted of a Band Repair.
- q. Direct Examination Site #17 consisted of a 15 foot Replacement.
- r. Direct Examination Site #18 consisted of a Band Repair.
- s. Direct Examination Site #19 consisted of a Band Repair.
- t. Direct Examination Site #20 consisted of a 41 foot Replacement.
- u. Direct Examination Site #21 consisted of a Band Repair.
- v. Direct Examination Site #22 consisted of a Band Repair.
- w. Direct Examination Site #23 consisted of a Band Repair.
- x. Direct Examination Site #24 consisted of a 15 foot Replacement.
- y. Direct Examination Site #25 consisted of a 13 foot Replacement.
- SRC/IRC: Direct Examination Sites #1 and #3 through #22 contained IRCs and Direct Examination Site #2 contained an SRC. These sites required expedited project schedules.

3. System Analysis:

- a. The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded with the Project Team utilizing underpressure protection at Adobe station.
- b. The results of the ILI required the Project Team to reduce the Maximum Operating Pressure (MOP). The Project Team installed sense lines at in preparation to maintain the long-term pressure reduction while the SRC and IRCs were evaluated.



TIMP Project

- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team determined that a partial curtailment was needed for a non-core customer load in order to complete the validation digs. The Project Team conducted weekly meetings with the customer during the duration of the curtailment and was also able to maintain their core load.
- Community Impacts: The Project Team conducted significant outreach efforts to impacted customers. This included on-site meetings, door notices, and mail notifications as some sites were in the vicinity of several customers.
- Substructures: The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.

7. Environmental:

- Direct Examination Sites #4 and #5 required an environmental monitor during vegetation removal.
- Direct Examination Site #4 required k-rail and silt fencing to prevent discharge of soil or other materials into the waterway.
- c. The Project Team completed Nesting Bird Surveys for multiple Direct Examination sites.

Permit Restrictions:

- a. Direct Examination Site #8 required a Flood Control Permit from San Bernardino.
- b. Direct Examination Sites #23, #24, and #25 required a Construction Permit from the Town of Yucca Valley that restricted work hours to night work only.

9. Land Use:

- a. The Project Team obtained a temporary right of entry (TRE) from a private landowner in the City of Yucca Valley as a laydown yard.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control</u>: Direct Examination Sites #23, #24, and #25 required traffic control that included the full street closure of two sections along in Yucca Valley that included detour signs to route traffic and barricades to block off the road.



TIMP Project

11. Constructability:

- a. Direct Examination Sites #1 through #7 and Sites #9 through #12 were replaced with pipe segments and inspected outside the trench in order to expedite construction and reduce the isolation duration.
- b. Direct Examination Sites #24 and #25 completed Band Repairs that failed Non-Destructive Examination (NDE), which required the Project Team to complete a replacement at each site.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in additional examinations that will be addressed after 2023, outside the scope of this proceeding.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination Sites #1 - #12					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					
Mobilization 2: Direct Examination Sites #13 - #25					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					

Table 6: Construction Timeline - SRC or IRC

SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #1	
Repair Date – Site #1	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #2	
Repair Date – Site #2	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #3	
Repair Date – Site #3	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #4	
Repair Date – Site #4	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #5	
Repair Date – Site #5	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #6	
Repair Date – Site #6	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #7	



TIMP Project

Repair Date - Site #7	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date - Site #8	
Repair Date - Site #8	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date - Site #9	
Repair Date - Site #9	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date - Site #10	
Repair Date – Site #10	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #11	
Repair Date – Site #11	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #12	
Repair Date – Site #12	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #13	
Repair Date – Site #13	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #14	
Repair Date – Site #14	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #15	
Repair Date – Site #15	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #16	
Repair Date – Site #16	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #17	
Repair Date – Site #17	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #18	
Repair Date – Site #18	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #19	
Repair Date – Site #19	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #20	
Repair Date – Site #20	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #21	
Repair Date – Site #21	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #22	
Repair Date – Site #22	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #23	
Repair Date – Site #23	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #24	
Repair Date – Site #24	
SRC/IRC Discovery Date – Site #25	
Repair Date – Site #25	



Final Workpaper for Line 6916 Phase 2 TIMP Project

Figure 2: fitting installation for TIMP Project



Final Workpaper for Line 6916 Phase 2 **TIMP Project** Location for Figure 3:



Final Workpaper for Line 6916 Phase 2 **TIMP Project** Figure 4: tool



Figure 5: Launcher Site





Figure 6: Direct Examination Excavation with Pipe Removal





Figure 7: Direct Examination Site Pipe Replacement





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs when prudent to do so. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$40,238,912.

Table 7: Actual Direct Costs³

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs O&M Costs		Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	1,357,037	931,864	2,288,901
Contract Costs	17,320,209	3,152,685	20,472,894
Material	1,339,011	27,811	1,366,822
Other Direct Charges	4,361,164	6,064,632	10,425,797
Total Direct Costs	24,377,420	10,176,993	34,554,413

Table 8: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	ct Costs (\$) Capital Costs O&M C		Total Actual Costs
Overheads	4,544,317	871,885	5,416,201
AFUDC	210,150	0	210,150
Property Taxes	58,148	0	58,148
Total Indirect Costs	4,812,615	871,885	5,684,499

Table 9: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	al Costs (\$) Capital Costs		Total Actual Costs	
Total Loaded Costs	29,190,035	11,048,877	40,238,912	

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



TIMP Project

V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing Line 6916

Phase 2 TIMP Project Narrative TIMP Project.

Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$40,238,912.

End of Line 6916 Phase 2 Project Final Workpaper



I. LINE 7000 PHASE 1

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 29.4 miles from The Project also assessed approximately 0.7 miles of Line 293, a diameter pipeline¹. The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 6.9 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 23.3 miles within non-HCAs². This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to eight sites, of which three contained Safety Related Conditions (SRCs). The Project activities were located in Kern County. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$11,952,527.

¹ See Workpaper Line 293 TIMP Project Narrative for assessment of remaining footage for Line 293.

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.



Final Workpaper for Line 7000 Phase 1 Rio Bravo to Delano TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information

In an artist Dataille	
Inspection Details	I =
Pipeline	7000 and 293 ³
Segment	Phase 1 –
Inspection Type	Tools
Location	Shafter, Delano
Class	1, 2, and 3
HCA Length	6.9 miles
Vintage	Multiple vintages from
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Final Tool Run Date	
Inspection Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad and Band
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	Yes
SRC Discovery Date	
Repair Date	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	

³ See Workpaper Line 293 TIMP Project Narrative for assessment of remaining footage of Line 293.



TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	No repairs
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	3
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	4
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	5		
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details	*		
Site	6		
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			



Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details	76.		
Site	7		
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			9
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details	<u>.</u>		
Site	8		
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement		14 16
Within HCA	No		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	7,305,203	4,647,324	11,952,527



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 7000 Phase 1





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line
 7000 Phase 1 for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a temporary launcher site south of receiver site within to a permanent.
 - b. The temporary launcher site required installation of a temporary launcher barrel and associated piping south of
 - c. The temporary launcher site was installed on Line 293, resulting in approximately 0.7 miles of Line 293 assessed with this segment⁴.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, eight Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad and band repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 resulted in no repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of soft pad repairs.

See Workpaper Line 293 TIMP Project Narrative for assessment of remaining footage for Line 293.





- e. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of a 40 foot replacement.
- f. Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of a 40 foot replacement.
- g. Direct Examination Site #7 consisted of a 40 foot replacement.
- Direct Examination Site #8 consisted of a 41 foot replacement.
- The Project identified three Direct Examination sites containing SRCs.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional
 examinations or repair.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI including eight Direct Examinations.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope				
Line	Inspection	Threat	luanastian Taskualani	Tool Method	
Line	Length	Туре	Inspection Technology	of Travel	Retrofits
7000	29.4 miles				Yes
293	0.7 miles				165
7000	29.4 miles				Voc
293	0.7 miles				Yes
7000	29.4 miles	F			Yes
293	0.7 miles				res



TIMP Project

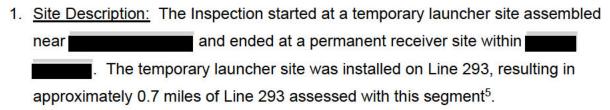
Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope							
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category	
7000	1	No	Yes	15 ft	Soft Pad and Band	N/A	Capital	
7000	2	No	No	15 ft	No Repair	N/A	O&M	
7000	3	No	No	33 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
7000	4	No	No	15 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
7000	5	No	Yes	39 ft	Replacement	40 ft	Capital	
7000	6	No	Yes	35 ft	Replacement	40 ft	Capital	
7000	7	No	No	39 ft	Replacement	40 ft	Capital	
7000	8	No	No	40 ft	Replacement	41 ft	Capital	

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 7000 Phase 1

TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:







Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from

⁵ See Workpaper Line 293 TIMP Project Narrative for assessment of remaining footage for Line 293.



Final Workpaper	for Line 7	7000	Phase	1	TIMP	Projec

4. Long Seam Type: 5. Inspection Retrofits: The Project Team completed retrofits to return the pipeline to normal operating conditions. Retrofit installations included approximately 67 feet of new pipeline. 6. Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline. were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection. 7. System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project could be completed without system impacts. 8. Customer Impacts: No identified impacts. 9. Community Impacts: No identified impacts. 10. Substructures: The Project Team evaluated various substructures in the Project vicinity to select an appropriate location for the temporary launcher site near 11. Environmental: No identified impacts. 12. Permit Restrictions: No identified impacts. 13. Land Use: No identified impacts. 14. Traffic Control: No identified impacts. 15. Schedule Delay: No identified impacts. 16. Constructability: was undergoing reconstruction at the time of

Inspection, which required the Project Team to coordinate a temporary launcher site

south of the station location. The temporary installation required concrete supports

to withstand the weight of valves.





C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. Engineering Assessment:
 - a. There were eight Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 7000 Phase 1 TIMP Project.
 - i. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad and band repairs.
 - ii. Direct Examination Site #2 resulted in no repairs.
 - iii. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - iv. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - v. Direct Examination Site #5 consisted of a 40 foot replacement.
 - vi. Direct Examination Site #6 consisted of a 40 foot replacement.
 - vii. Direct Examination Site #7 consisted of a 40 foot replacement.
 - viii. Direct Examination Site #8 consisted of a 41 foot replacement.
- SRC/IRC: Direct Examination Sites #1, #5 and #6 contained SRCs.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the following:
 - a. Direct Examination Sites #1, #2, #3, and #4 could be completed with no system impacts.
 - b. Direct Examination Sites #5 and #6 required pipeline isolation to complete remediations. A temporary bypass was installed to maintain system capacity.
 - c. Direct Examination Sites #7 and #8 could only be completed in required a temporary bypass to maintain system capacity. Additional coordination with neighboring SoCalGas projects was required to ensure project schedule alignment.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team identified four customers impacted within the isolation scope for Direct Examination Sites #5 and #6.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.



TIMP Project

- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> No identified impacts.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained the following permits for the Direct Examinations:
 - a. Encroachment Permit from the City of Delano for Direct Examination Site #3.
 - b. Three Road Encroachment Permits from the County of Kern for Direct Examination Sites #4, #5, and #7.
 - c. Caltrans Encroachment Permit for Direct Examination Site #6.

9. Land Use:

- The Project Team utilized existing easements to access pipeline for Direct Examination Site #1.
- b. The Project Team secured two laydown yards for Direct Examination Sites #1,#3, and #4.
- c. The Project Team obtained two laydown yards for Direct Examination Sites #2,#5, and #6 in unincorporated Kern County.
- d. The Project Team obtained two laydown yards for Direct Examination Sites #7 and #8.
- e. The Project Team obtained a temporary right of entry for Direct Examination Site #8 near Martin Avenue and 7th Standard Road.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained approved traffic control plans for the following:
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1, approved by the City of Shafter.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #3, approved by the City of Delano.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #4, approved by the City of McFarland.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #5, approved by the City of McFarland.
 - e. Direct Examination Site #7, approved by City of McFarland.
- 11. <u>Schedule Delay:</u> The Project experienced schedule delays due to system analysis and recommendations that would minimize capacity constraints.





- a. Requirement to combine Direct Examination Site #2 timeline with Direct Examination Sites #5 and #6.
- Requirement to execute Direct Examination Sites #7 and #8 in a timeline that did not impact system capacity.
- 12. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project Team obtained approved concrete support designs for PCF fittings installed to facilitate isolations for the Direct Examinations.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	3
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Mobilization 1 – Direct Examination Sites #1, #3, and #4					
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date	60 51				
Mobilization 2 – Direct Examination Site	es #2, #5, and #6				
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					
Mobilization 3 – Direct Examination Site	es #7 and #8				
Construction Start Date					
Construction Completion Date					

Table 6: Construction Timeline - SRC

Direct Examination Site #1				
SRC Discovery Date				
Repair Date				
Direct Examination Site #5				
SRC Discovery Date	28			
Repair Date				
Direct Examination Site #6				
SRC Discovery Date				
Repair Date	<u>. 6</u>			



Figure 2: Temporary Launcher Site

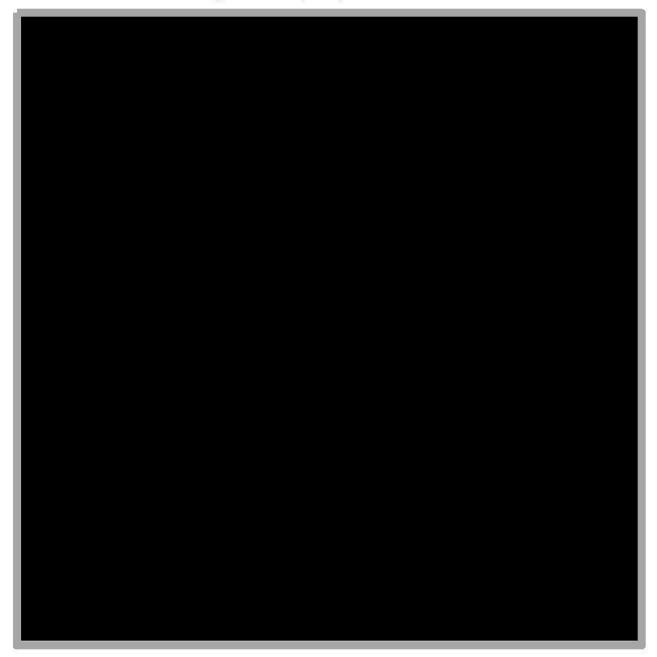




Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #3

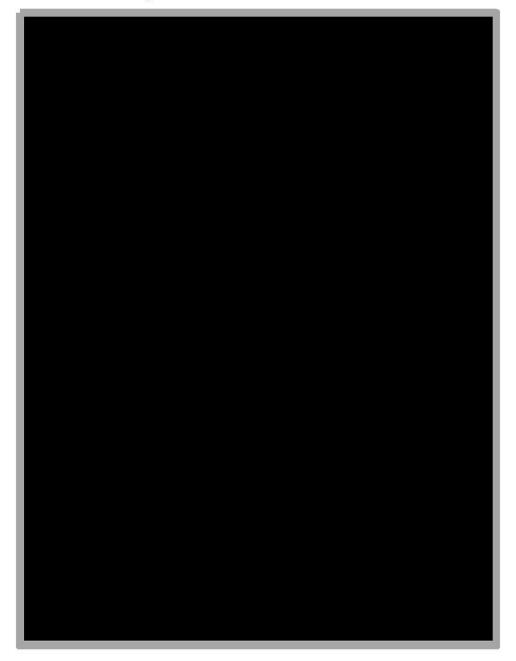
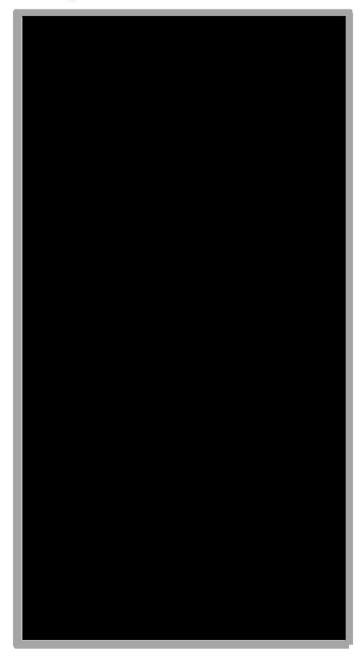




Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #6







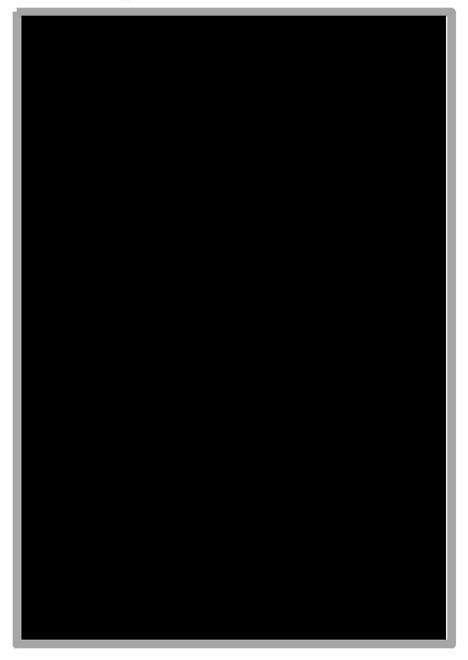
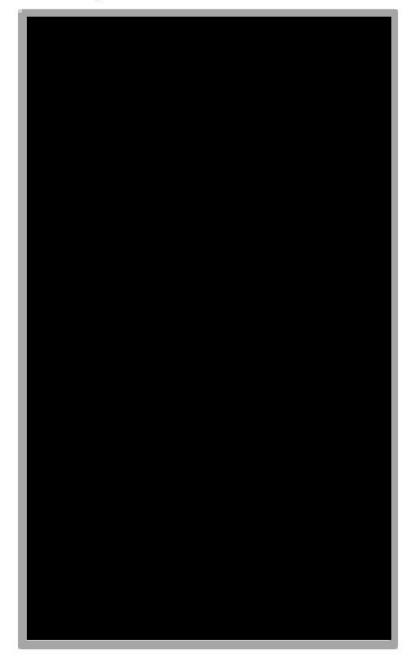




Figure 6: Direct Examination Site #8





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the Project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

- 1. <u>Materials:</u> The Project Team utilized material from another TIMP Project to fabricate the temporary launcher near
- 2. <u>Schedule Coordination</u>: The Project Team combined this Project's mobilization with other TIMP Projects.
- 3. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team utilized a nearby laydown yard that was obtained for another TIMP Project.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs⁶

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$11,952,527.

Table 7: Actual Direct Costs⁷

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	661,974	569,671	1,231,646
Contract Costs	4,267,284	2,169,179	6,436,463
Material	221,284	57,606	278,890
Other Direct Charges	882,880	1,358,748	2,241,628
Total Direct Costs	6,033,422	4,155,204	10,188,626

Table 8: Actual Indirect Costs⁸

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs O&M Costs		Total Actual Costs	
Overheads	1,198,384	492,120	1,690,504	
AFUDC	51,109	0	51,109	
Property Taxes	22,288	0	22,288	
Total Indirect Costs	1,271,781	492,120	1,763,901	

Table 8: Total Costs9

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	7,305,203	4,647,324	11,952,527

⁶ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁸ Ibid.

⁹ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 1 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$11,952,527.

End of Line 7000 Phase 1 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Line 7000 Phase 2

I. LINE 7000 PHASE 2

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

the Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 39.4 miles from The pipeline is routed across Class 1, 2, and 3 locations with 2.8 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 36.7 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to four sites. The Project activities were located in Kern County and Tulare County. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,471,107.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details	
Pipeline	7000
Segment	Phase 2 –
Inspection Type	ILI Tool
Location	Delano and Visalia
Class	1, 2, 3
HCA Length	2.8 miles
Vintage	Multiple vintages from
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Final Tool Run Date	
Inspection Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	· · · · · ·
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	3
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	4
Examination ID	
Туре	Validation
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	Comital
Project Costs (\$)	Capital O&M Total
Loaded Project Costs	0 3,471,107 3,471,107



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 7000 Phase 2





Final Workpaper for Line 7000 Phase 2 TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection and Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line
 7000 Phase 2

 TIMP Project for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within receiver site within
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, four Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI, and four Direct Examinations.



Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope					
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits	
7000	39.4 mi				No	

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope							
Time Isla I I Remediation I '					Replacement Length	Cost Category		
7000	1	No	No	16 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
7000	2	No	No	46 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
7000	3	No	No	10 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
7000	4	No	No	22 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	



Final Workpaper for Line 7000 Phase 2 **TIMP Project** B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 7000 Phase 2 TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows: 1. Site Description: The Inspection started at a permanent launcher site within and ended at a permanent receiver site within 2. HCA Threats: 3. Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from 4. Long Seam Type: 5. Inspection Tools and Technologies: a. The Project utilized a combination tool with capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline. were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection. b. The Project required an additional ILI due to distance recorded discrepancies that occurred during the first Inspection.

7. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.

system impacts.

8. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.

6. System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to

evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without



- 9. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 10. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 11. Permit Restrictions: No identified impacts.
- 12. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) for parking area near the receiver location.
- 13. Traffic Control: No identified impacts.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment:</u> There were four Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 7000 Phase 2 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 2. <u>SRC/IRC:</u> There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.





- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained approved permits from the following entities:
 - a. Utility Encroachment Permit from the County of Tulare for Direct Examination Site #1.
 - b. Utility Encroachment Permit from the County of Tulare for Direct Examination Site #2.
 - c. Utility Encroachment Permit from the County of Tulare for Direct Examination Site #3.
 - d. Utility Encroachment Permit from the County of Tulare for Direct Examination Site #4.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained the following TRE agreements for the Direct Examinations:
 - a. TRE from a private landowner for temporary workspace area near Direct Examination Site #2.
 - b. TRE from a private landowner for temporary workspace area near Direct Examination Site #4.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained approved Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) from the following entities:
 - a. County of Tulare for Direct Examination Site #2
 - b. County of Tulare for Direct Examination Site #3.
 - c. County of Tulare for Direct Examination Site #4.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Permanent Launcher Site within





Figure 3: Permanent Receiver Site within





Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #1

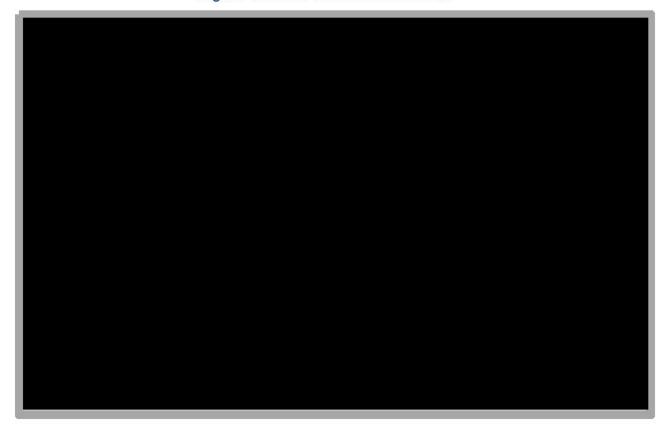




Figure 5: Direct Examination Site #1

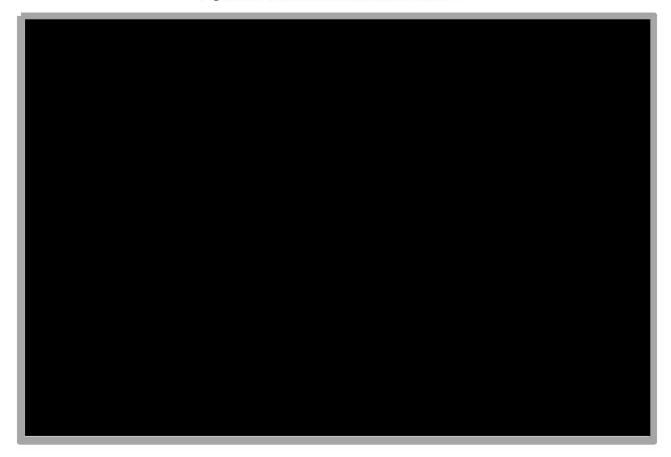




Figure 6: Direct Examination Site #2 – Site and TRE Location





Figure 7: Direct Examination Site #2 – Site and TRE Location





Figure 8: Direct Examination Site #4





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the Project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

1. <u>Schedule Coordination</u>: The Project Team combined this Project's mobilization with other TIMP projects.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,471,107.

Table 6: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	0	428,832	428,832
Contract Costs	0	1,773,477	1,773,477
Material	0	128,626	128,626
Other Direct Charges	0	716,467	716,467
Total Direct Costs	0	3,047,403	3,047,403

Table 7: Actual Indirect Costs3

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	0	408,009	408,009
AFUDC	0	13,719	13,719
Property Taxes	0	1,977	1,977
Total Indirect Costs	0	423,705	423,705

Table 8: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	0	3,471,107	3,471,107

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

Phase 2 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,471,107.

End of Line 7000 Phase 2 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Line 7039

TIMP Project

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

I.

Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 17.0 miles from in Bakersfield to through residential neighborhoods, agricultural land, and commercial areas. The pipeline is routed across Class 1 and 3 locations with 14.0 miles within High Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 2.9 miles within non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to two sites. The Project activities were located in Bakersfield, Kern County. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$2,027,889.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details			
Pipeline	7039		
Segment			
Inspection Type	Tools		
Location	Bakersfield, Kern County		
Class	1, 3		
HCA Length	14.0 miles		
Vintage	Multiple vintages from		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from		
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Final Tool Run Date			
Inspection Due Date			



Final Workpaper for Line 7039

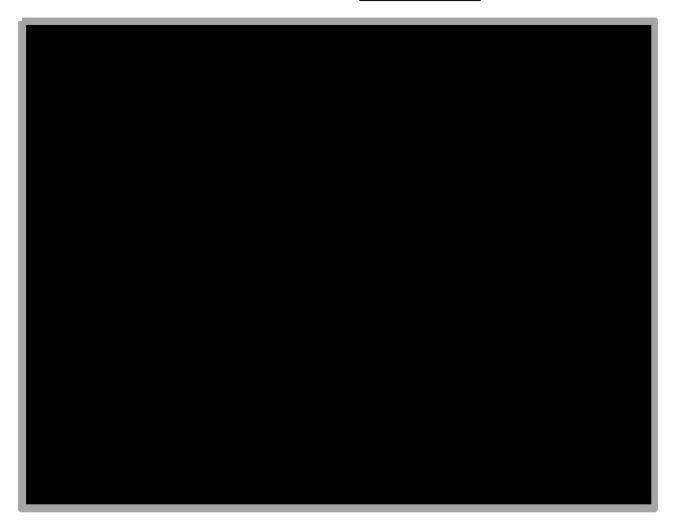
Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	1		
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		
Within HCA	No		3
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS	×		
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Direct Examination Details	5 1.		
Site	2		
Examination ID			
Remediation Type	Soft Pad		
Within HCA	Yes		***
SRC/IRC	No		>
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			9
SMYS	40		
Construction Start Date			à
Construction Completion Date		_	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	0	2,027,889	2,027,889



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 7039





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspections including Direct Examinations and Post-Assessment.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line 7039 for Inspection using ILI.
 - a. ILI from a permanent launcher site within a permanent easement at to a permanent receiver site at .
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspections using ILI, two Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI and two Direct Examinations.



Final Workpaper for Line 7039

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope					
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits	
7039	17.0 mi				No	

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
7039	1	No	No	15 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
7039	2	Yes	No	17 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Line 7039 Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

are	re as follows:		
1.	Site Description: ILI f	om a permanent launcher site within a permanent station	at
	to a	permanent receiver site at	
2.	HCA Threats:		



	Final Workpaper for Line 7039
3.	Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from
4.	Long Seam Type:
5.	Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized a combination tool with
) capabilities during the Inspection of the pipeline.
	were also utilized in preparation for the Inspection.
6	System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pineline system to

- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to
 evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without
 system impacts.
- 7. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team did not identify any anticipated service disruptions to customers.
- 8. <u>Community Impacts:</u> No identified impacts.
- 9. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 10. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 11. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> There were no special permits or permit restrictions for this Project.
- 12. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 13. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team did not identify any traffic control needs at the site.



Final Workpaper for Line 7039

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Engineering Assessment:</u> There were two Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line 7039 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of Soft Pad Repairs.
- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. <u>Environmental:</u> No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> There were no special permits or permit restrictions for this Project.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team did not identify any traffic control needs at the site.



D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	16	
Construction Completion Date		
Inspection Due Date		

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Final Workpaper for Line 7039

Figure 2: Inspection Tool before ILI Run





Final Workpaper for Line 7039

Figure 3: Inspection Tool after ILI Run Completion

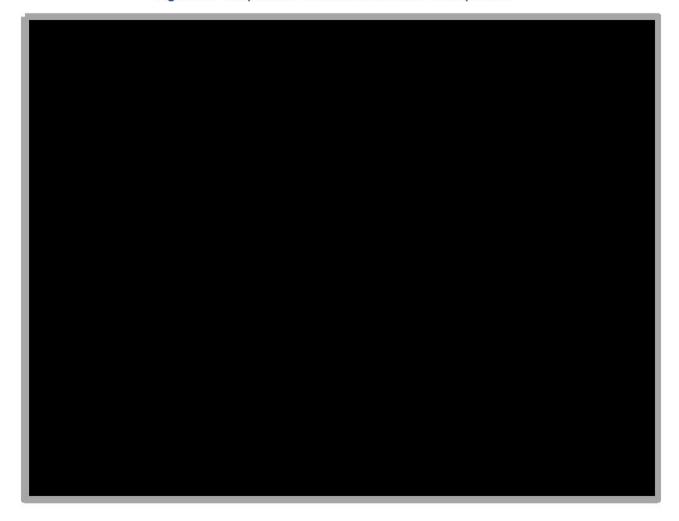




Figure 4: Bare Pipe at Direct Examination Site #1





Final Workpaper for Line 7039

Figure 5: Exposed Pipe with Coating at Direct Examination Site #2





Figure 6: Direct Examination Site #1 Overview





Figure 7: Direct Examination Site #2 Overview





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$2,027,889.

Table 6: Actual Direct Costs³

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	0	228,890	228,890
Contract Costs	0	936,241	936,241
Material	0	36,513	36,513
Other Direct Charges	0	577,305	577,305
Total Direct Costs	0	1,778,948	1,778,948

Table 7: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	0	239,615	239,615
AFUDC	0	7,699	7,699
Property Taxes	0	1,628	1,628
Total Indirect Costs	0	248,941	248,941

Table 8: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	0	2,027,889	2,027,889

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$2,027,889.

End of Line 7039 TIMP Project Final Workpaper



	Final Workpaper for Line 7200	TIMP Project
l.	LINE 7200 PROJECT	TIMP

A. Background and Summary

the Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed approximately nine miles of predominantly diameter transmission line from through agricultural land. The pipeline is routed across locations entirely within non-High Consequence Areas (non-HCAs). This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with the Direct Examinations made to four sites. The Project activities were located in Kern County. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,679,085.



Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details	
Site	1
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	3
Examination ID	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	No
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



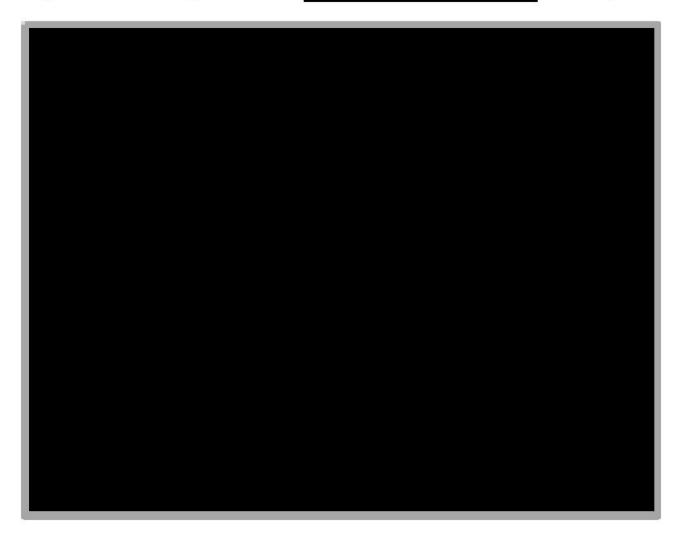
Table 1: General Project Information (continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	4		
Examination ID			
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad		to
Within HCA	No		•
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter	75. 17. CORA.		
MAOP			
SMYS	80		
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			2
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	2,333,268	1,345,817	3,679,085



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 7200





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the prepared direct testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Direct Examinations and Station Retrofits.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Line
 TIMP Project for Inspection using ILI, activities related to the ILI were completed for this Project before the TY 2019
 General Rate Case (GRC) cycle.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the completion of the Inspection using ILI, four Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation
 analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional
 examinations.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper includes four Direct Examinations and Station Retrofits.



TIMP Project

Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope						
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
7200	1	No	No	21 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
7200	2	No	No	24 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
7200	3	No	No	25 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M
7200	4	No	No	15 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 7200

TIMP Project before the TY 2019 GRC cycle.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

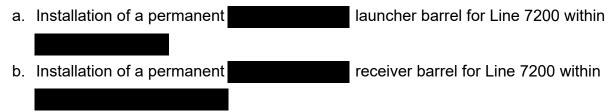
- Engineering Assessment: There were four Direct Examination Sites selected for validation within the Line

 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - c. Direct Examination Site #3 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - d. Direct Examination Site #4 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded additional system adjustments were required to maintain system capacity.



TIMP Project

- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. Permit Restrictions: No identified impacts.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained temporary right of entry (TRE) agreements from private landowners for all Direct Examination Sites. In addition to existing easements at the location, the Project Team obtained a TRE agreement for additional area near the launcher location at
- 10. <u>Traffic Control</u>: No identified impacts.
- 11. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project included permanent pipeline retrofits and new facility installations to facilitate future assessments of Line 7200. Although permanent pipeline installations were completed before the TY 2019 GRC cycle, significant delays for the launcher and receiver barrels resulted in their installations during the Direct Examination step. The installations included the following:



c. The Project experienced significant schedule delays during these installations due to heavy rainfall.



TIMP Project

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and Direct Examinations to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline – Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	5	4
Construction Completion Date		



Figure 2: Permanent Launcher in





Figure 3: Permanent Receiver in





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

1. <u>Future Maintenance</u>: The Project Team installed a permanent ladder well with catwalk assemblies at both and and an analysis. This installation elevates Project safety by minimizing ladder usage and avoids future installations of scaffolding for consequent Inspections.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,679,085.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	46,805	67,498	114,303
Contract Costs	1,416,740	928,556	2,345,296
Material	242,530	8,045	250,575
Other Direct Charges	325,489	221,468	546,957
Total Direct Costs	2,031,564	1,225,567	3,257,131

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	270,809	120,237	391,046
AFUDC	23,584	13	23,597
Property Taxes	7,311	0	7,311
Total Indirect Costs	301,704	120,250	421,954

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	2,333,268	1,345,817	3,679,085

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



TIMP Project

V. CONCLUSION

TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,679,085.





I. LINE 8109 PHASE 2

A. Background and Summary

Line 8109 Phase 2 Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter transmission line that runs approximately 425 feet crossing near rural areas. The pipeline is routed across locations, entirely within non-High Consequence Areas (non-HCAs). This Workpaper describes the activities and costs associated with a TIMP Assessment that includes the Direct Examinations made to three sites. The Project activities were located in unincorporated Ventura County. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,236,395.



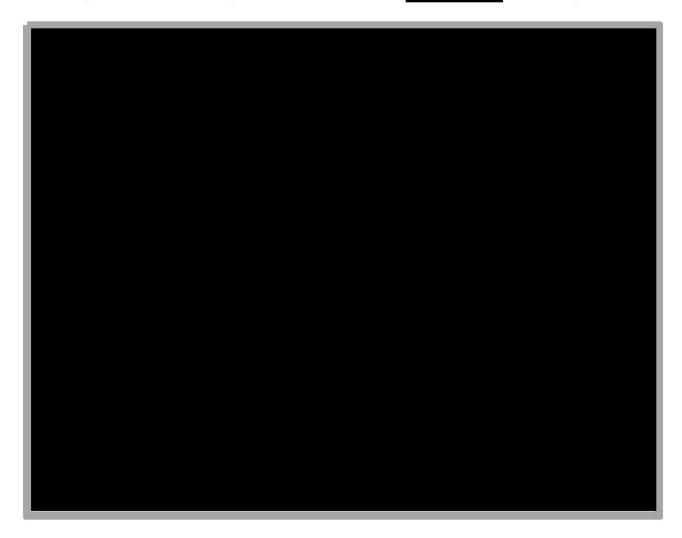
Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details		- 23 - 23
Site	1	
Examination ID		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	- 86
Pipe Diameter		
MAOP		100
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Direct Examination Details	**************************************	
Site	2	200
Examination ID		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	100
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		- 00
MAOP		
SMYS		100
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Direct Examination Details		
Site	3	
Examination ID		
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Replacement	
Within HCA	No	
SRC/IRC	No	
Pipe Diameter		55
MAOP		
SMYS		
Construction Start Date		
Construction Completion Date		
Project Costs (\$)	Capital O&M Total	
Loaded Project Costs	1,236,395 0 1,236,395	5



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Line 8109 Phase 2



WP-1893



II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- 1. <u>Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> SoCalGas identified Line 8109 at for Inspection using activities related to the ILI were completed for this Project before the TY 2019 General Rate Case (GRC) cycle.
- 2. <u>Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> Following the completion of the Inspection using three Direct Examination sites were identified for validation.
 - a. Direct Examination Sites #1, #2, and #3 consisted of a combined 588 foot pipeline replacement.
- 3. <u>Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability:</u> The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations or remediations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes three Direct Examinations.



Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

Final Project Scope							
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
8109	1, 2, 3	No	No	9 ft	Replacement	588 ft	Capital

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas completed the Inspection for the Line 8109 Phase 2

Project before the TY 2019 GRC cycle.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Direct Examination

SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were three Direct Examinations sites selected for validation of the ILI within the Line 8109 Phase 2

 TIMP Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Sites #1, #2, and #3 consisted of a combined 588 foot pipeline replacement.
 - b. Direct Examinations were completed on the pipeline at an offsite location.
- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Project required coordination with other SoCalGas project to minimize system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.



- 5. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project location was within private property and required extensive coordination to obtain adequate clearances for work to be completed.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Permit Restrictions: The Project Team obtained the following permits for the Project:
 - a. Regional General Permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). This permit was submitted and approved multiple times due to amended water diversions plans caused by weather conditions.
 - b. Watercourse Permit from the County of Ventura Public Works Agency.

8. Environmental:

- a. The Project required active biological monitoring throughout the Direct Examinations.
- b. Landowners of the Project location required active monitoring of hot spring pools within the property.

9. Land Use:

- a. The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) agreement from the Project site landowners. Delayed project schedules resulted in increased costs for the TRE.
- b. The Project Team implemented a Restoration Memorandum to ensure full environmental restoration within the Project site.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team provided traffic control signage throughout the duration of the Project.

11. Constructability:

- The Project Team increased the initial replacement section to 588 feet to provide sufficient pipeline coating protection.
- b. The Project Team increased the depth of cover over the pipeline to 14 feet within the section crossing to comply with waterway design requirements.
- c. The Project required temporary water diversions to safely access the pipeline.



d. The Project experienced multiple demobilizations due to severe weather conditions within a three-month period. The demobilizations included the removal and reinstallation of all temporary water diversions.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Aerial Overview of Project Site





Figure 3: Temporary Bridge to access Project Site

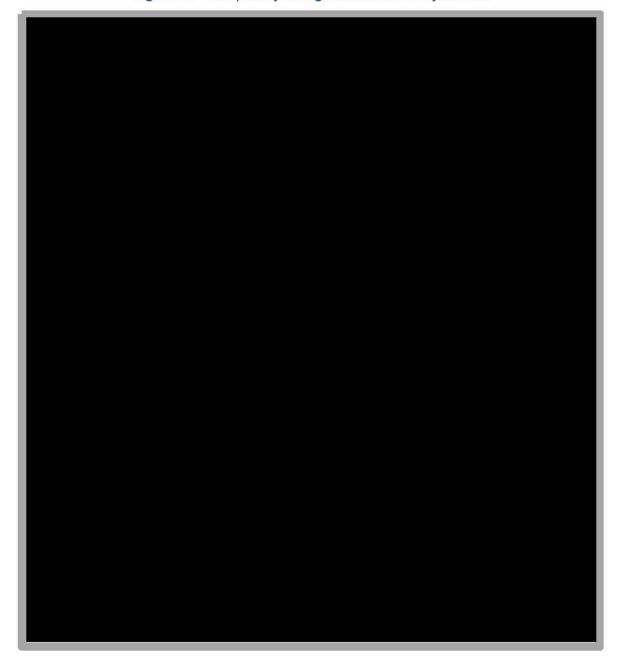




Figure 4: Excavation at Project Site - Elevation Visual





Figure 5: Open Trench at Project Site

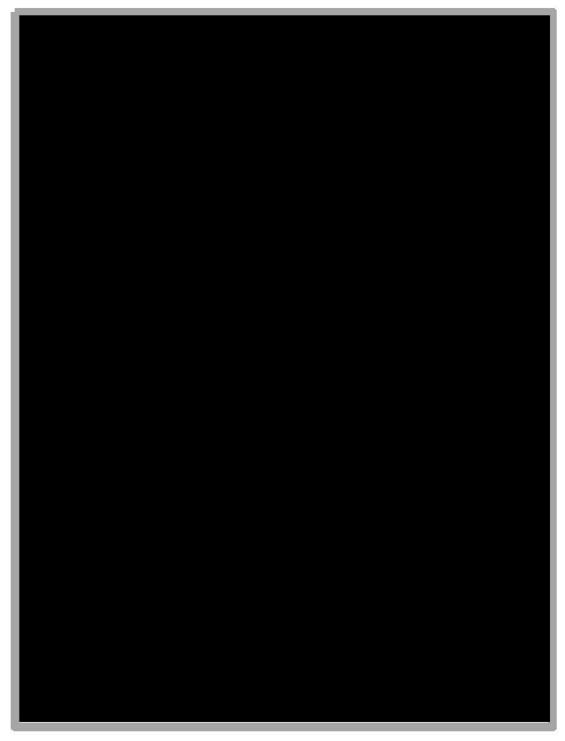
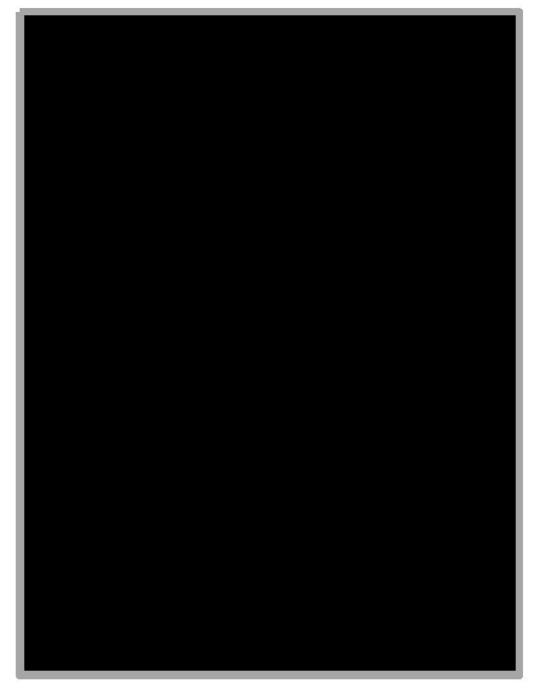




Figure 6: Water Pump at Project Site





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation, and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design. Specific examples of cost efficiency actions taken on this Project were:

1. <u>Construction Execution:</u> This Project was completed in coordination with another SoCalGas project. Project costs were distributed between both project budgets to complete the 588 foot replacement.



1 1

TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs¹

Actual Direct Costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,236,395.

Table 7: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	28,277	0	28,277
Contract Costs	1,042,854	0	1,042,854
Material	1,222	0	-59,651
Other Direct Charges	49,571	0	110,444
Total Direct Costs	1,121,924	0	1,121,924

Table 8: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	93,859	0	93,859
AFUDC	13,843	0	13,843
Property Taxes	6,770	0	6,770
Total Indirect Costs	114,471	0	114,471

Table 9: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	1,236,395	0	1,236,395

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



Final Workpaper for Line 8109 Phase 2

V. CONCLUSION

Phase 2 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$1,236,395.

End of Line 8109 Phase 2

TIMP Project Final Workpaper



Final Workpaper for Supply Line 30-58

TIMP Project

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Supply Line 30-58 Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Project assessed an and multi-diameter line that runs approximately 208 feet from into a customer private property, near industrial and commercial areas. The pipeline is routed across a location entirely within High Consequence Areas (HCAs). This Workpaper describes the activities associated with a TIMP Assessment that include the Direct Examinations made to two sites. The Project activities were located in the City of Carson. The specific attributes of this Project are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,504,653.



Table 1: General Project Information

Direct Examination Details	
Site	-1
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	** ***
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Site	2
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital O&M Total
Loaded Project Costs	92,841 3,411,812 3,504,653



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Supply Line 30-58





TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the prepared direct testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that typically occur during the Direct Examinations.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Table 2 below.

- Inspection Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Supply
 Line 30-58 for Inspection using the
 lieu of ILI.
- Direct Examination Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Two Direct
 Examination sites were identified to assess pipeline segments that could not
 accommodate an ILI tool.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation analysis of the Direct Examinations resulted in no additional examinations.
- Final Project Scope: The final project scope of this Workpaper consists of two Direct Examinations.



TIMP Project

Table 2: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

Final Project Scope								
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category	
30- 58	1	Yes	No	180 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	
30- 58	2	Yes	No	28 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M	

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Supply Line 30-58

TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the inspection tools. It was determined that this pipeline segment could not accommodate an ILI tool and would need to be assessed using the method.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Supply Line 30-58 TIMP

Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There were two assess pipeline segments that could not accommodate an ILI tool within the Supply Line 30-58

 TIMP Project.
 - Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.





- b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 2. SRC/IRC: There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> The Project Team did not identify any anticipated service disruptions to customers.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 7. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The City of Carson required traffic analysis and signal modification as a contingency for the standard encroachment permit. The permit also required specific backfill requirements due to heavy trucks in the area.
- 9. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a temporary workspace area adjacent and a portion of a customer's private property.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> Ongoing monitoring of traffic impact and flow was requested by the city. There was a full road closure at the south end
- 11. <u>Constructability:</u> During construction for Direct Examination Site #1 and Site #2, the Project Team required the removal of pipe casing in order to complete the Direct Examination of the pipe.



Final Workpaper for Supply Line 30-58 Wilmington Avenue TIMP Project

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

The Project Team used the data collected from the Direct Examinations during the Post-Assessment step to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 3: Construction Timeline – Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	

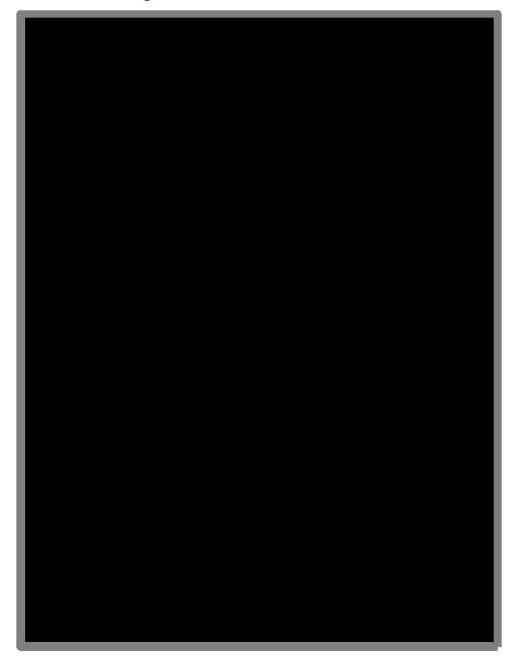


Figure 2: Direct examination Site #1





Figure 3: Direct examination Site #2





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this project to minimize or avoid costs when prudent to do so. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs¹

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,504,653.

Table 4: Actual Direct Costs²

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	2,095	147,022	149,117
Contract Costs	2,414	2,348,818	2,351,232
Material	69,414	361,002	430,416
Other Direct Charges	11,789	349,619	361,408
Total Direct Costs	85,711	3,206,461	3,292,173

Table 5: Actual Indirect Costs³

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	-1,320	205,350	204,030
AFUDC	6,781	0	6,781
Property Taxes	1,668	0	1,668
Total Indirect Costs	7,129	205,350	212,480

Table 6: Total Costs4

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	92,841	3,411,812	3,504,653

¹ These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31st, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

² Values may not add to total due to rounding.

³ Ibid.

⁴ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing the Supply Line 30-58 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,504,653.

End of Supply Line 30-58 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Supply Line 31-09

TIMP Project

SUPPLY LINE 31-09

PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

Supply Line 31-09 Transmission Integrity Management

Program (TIMP) Project assessed a diameter line that runs approximately 838

feet underneath a railroad crossing near in the County of Los

Angeles. The pipeline is routed across locations with 406 feet within High

Consequence Area(s) (HCAs) and 432 feet within non-HCAs. This Workpaper

describes the activities and costs associated with an Inspection using In-Line Inspection

(ILI), a Direct Examination made to one site, which contained an Immediate Repair

Condition (IRC), and a Post-Assessment examination made to one site. The Project

activities were located in the County of Los Angeles. The specific attributes of this

Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is

\$4,584,016.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details							
Pipeline	31-09						
Segment							
Inspection Type	Tool						
Location	Walnut and Industry						
Class							
HCA Length	406 feet						
Vintage	Multiple vintages from						
Pipe Diameter							
MAOP							
SMYS	Multiple SMYS values from						
Construction Start Date	-						
Construction Completion Date							
Final Tool Run Date							
Inspection Due Date							



TIMP Project

Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details			
Site	1		2
Examination ID			
Туре	Validation		2
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad and Repl	acement	3
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	Yes		
SRC/IRC Discovery Date			
Repair Date			
Pipe Diameter			
MAOP			
SMYS			
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Post-Assessment Details	- 10 - 10		
Site	1		9
Examination ID			
Remediation Type	Soft Pad		
Within HCA	Yes		
SRC/IRC	No		
Pipe Diameter	1000 E		
MAOP			
SMYS	<u> </u>		20
Construction Start Date			
Construction Completion Date			
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total
Loaded Project Costs	1,689,211	2,894,805	4,584,016



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Supply Line 31-09





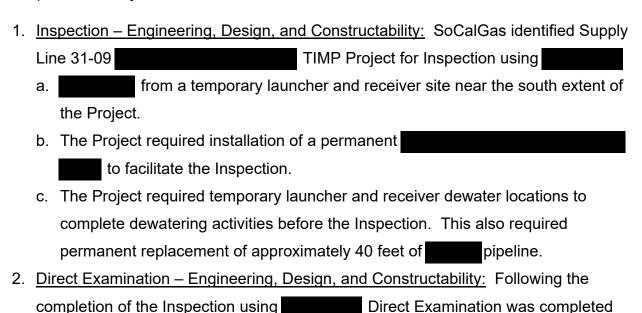
TIMP Project

II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that occurred during the Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2, 3, and 4 below.





TIMP Project

using a validation spool piece and it was determined that one additional Direct Examination site was required.

- a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs and a 14 foot pipeline replacement.
- b. The Project identified one Direct Examination site containing an IRC.
- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation analyses of the validation spool piece and Direct Examination following the Inspection resulted in one additional examination.
 - a. Post-Assessment Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using ILI, one Direct Examination and one Post-Assessment Examination.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

		Fin	al Project Scope		
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits
31-09	838 ft				Yes

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	0			Final Project	Scope		
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category
31-09	1	Yes	Yes	19 ft	Soft Pad and Replacement	14 ft	Capital



TIMP Project

Table 4: Final Post-Assessment Project Scope

Final Project Scope									
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category		
31-09	1	Yes	No	5 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M		

B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Inspe	ection	Inspe	ctors -	Fac	V	oilit	icta	stru	Con	and	esian.	na. D	naineerin	3. E	E
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B. Engineering, Design, and Constituctability Factors – Inspection
SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Supply Line 31-09
TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine
existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection
methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering
and design of this Project are as follows:
1. Site Description:
a. I of Supply Line 31-09 through a temporary
launcher and receiver site.
b. The Project required installation of a temporary launcher and receiver to support
dewatering.
2. HCA Threats:
3. Pipe Vintage: Multiple vintages from
4. Long Seam Type:



	Final Workpaper for Supply Line 31-09	
		_
5.	Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized a	
	technology during the Inspection of the pipeline.	
6.	Inspection Retrofits:	
	a. The Project required permanent installation of a to facilitate the	
	b. The Project required permanent replacement of approximately 40 ft of	
	pipeline to access the pipeline and support dewatering activities for the segme	nt
	prior to Inspection.	
7.	System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to	
	evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Inspection and retrofits could be	

- 8. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 9. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 10. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team identified an adjacent utility pipe at the dewatering receiver site.
- 11. Environmental: The Inspection launcher and receiver locations were located adjacent to the precautions to ensure project materials or debris did not access the waterways.

completed in planned construction window without system impacts.

- 12. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained approved permits from the following entities:
 - a. Encroachment Permit from the City of Industry.
 - b. Excavation Permit from the County of Los Angeles.
- 13. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a Temporary Right of Entry (TRE) agreement from a private landowner for workspace near the Project.
- 14. <u>Traffic Control</u>: The Project Team utilized a standard Traffic Control Plan (TCP) to comply with the Encroachment Permit from the City of Industry.



TIMP Project

15. Schedule Delay: No identified impacts.

16. Constructability:

- a. The Project Team installed temporary installations of launcher and receiver dewater assemblies. These assemblies helped facilitate dewatering activities prior to Inspection.
- b. The Project required full isolation of the pipeline in preparation for dewatering activities.

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Direct Examination

SoCalGas completed Direct Examination for the Supply Line 31-09

TIMP Project using a validation spool piece and it was determined that one additional Direct Examination Site was required for validation. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

- Engineering Assessment: There was one Direct Examination Site selected for validation of the ILI within the Supply Line 31-09
 Project.
 - a. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs and a 14 foot pipeline replacement.
- SRC/IRC: Direct Examination Site #1 contained an IRC and required an expedited project schedule.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded a full isolation of the pipeline segment would have a significant impact on the system. Therefore, the Project required installation of a temporary bypass.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.
- 5. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.





- 7. <u>Environmental:</u> The Project Team utilized the environmental guidelines provided for the Inspection during the Direct Examination.
- 8. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team completed the following for the Direct Examination:
 - a. Courtesy notification letter to Union Pacific Railroad.
 - Expedited Excavation Permit from the County of Los Angeles Department of Public Works.
- 9. Land Use: The Project Team utilized the immediate work area as a laydown yard.
- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> No identified impacts.
- 11. <u>Schedule Delay:</u> The Project experienced a delay in excavation activities due to large depth of cover at the Direct Examination site.
- 12. Constructability:
 - a. The Project required installation of one new permanent and a temporary bypass to complete the Direct Examination and minimize system impacts.
 - b. The Project required trench plate designs and rentals for the excavation site as well as engineered shoring due depth of the pipeline.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

During the Post-Assessment step, the Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection and validation spool piece to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in one additional examination that involved preventative and mitigative measures to enhance the overall integrity and safety of the pipeline. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:



TIMP Project

- 1. Engineering Analysis:
 - a. Post-Assessment Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
- 2. <u>SRC/IRC:</u> There were no SRCs or IRCs during Post-Assessment.
- 3. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded Post-Assessment Site #1 could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 5. <u>Community Impacts:</u> The Project Team notified nearby residents and businesses of construction activities required for Post-Assessment Site #1.
- 6. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team obtained approved permits from the following entities:
 - a. Encroachment Permit from the City of Industry for a laydown yard near the project site. The permit required the Project Team to coordinate with the Los Angeles County Flood Control District.
 - b. Flood Permit from the County of Los Angeles Public Works to access right of way. The permit allowed the Project Team to remove approximately 50 feet of right of way fence on both sides of the nearby access. The Project Team restored fencing upon project completion.
- 7. <u>Constructability:</u> Post-Assessment Site #1 was located on a pipe span which required aboveground Inspection.
- 8. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 9. Environmental: Post-Assessment Site #1 was located adjacent to the
 - The Project Team took additional precautions to ensure project materials or debris did not access the waterways.
 - b. The Project Team was required to attend Workers Environmental Awareness
 Training (WEAP) due to the Project location.



TIMP Project

- 10. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained a TCP approved by the City of Industry that included a lane closure on signage.
- 11. <u>Land Use:</u> The Project Team obtained a TRE agreement from a private landowner for workspace near the Project.
- 12. <u>Schedule Delay:</u> No identified impacts.
- 13. <u>Other Identified Impacts:</u> The Project required additional nondestructive evaluation of the Post-Assessment Site since it was located on a pipe span.



TIMP Project

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractors that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 5: Construction Timeline – Inspection

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 6: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	

Table 7: Construction Timeline - IRC

IRC Discovery Date – Site #1	
Repair Date - Site #1	

Table 8: Construction Timeline - Post-Assessment

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Temporary Launcher and Receiver Site

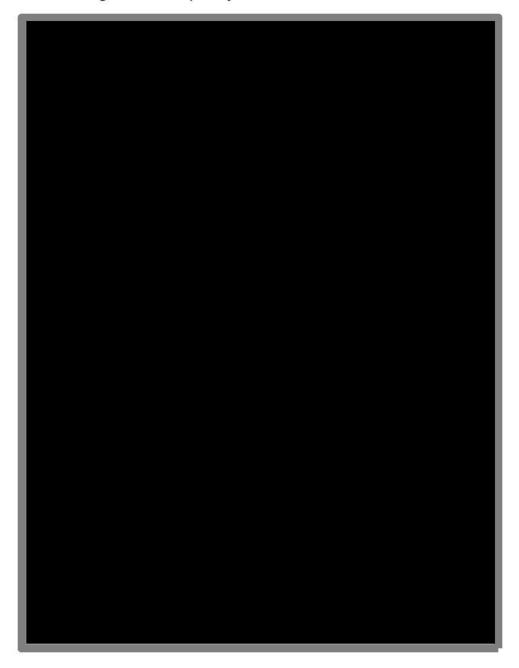
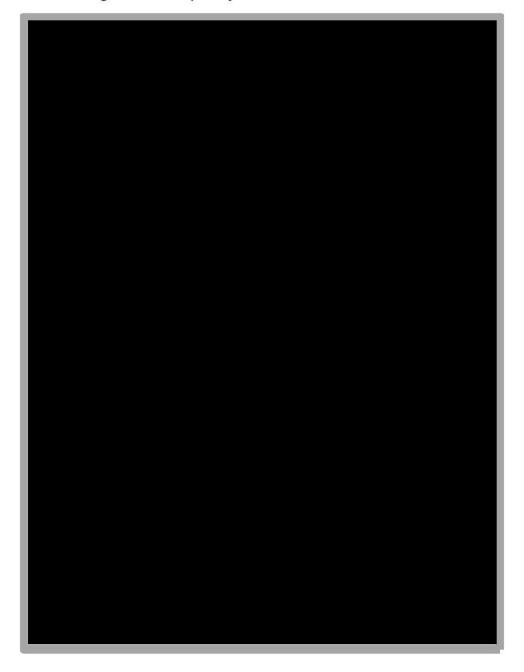




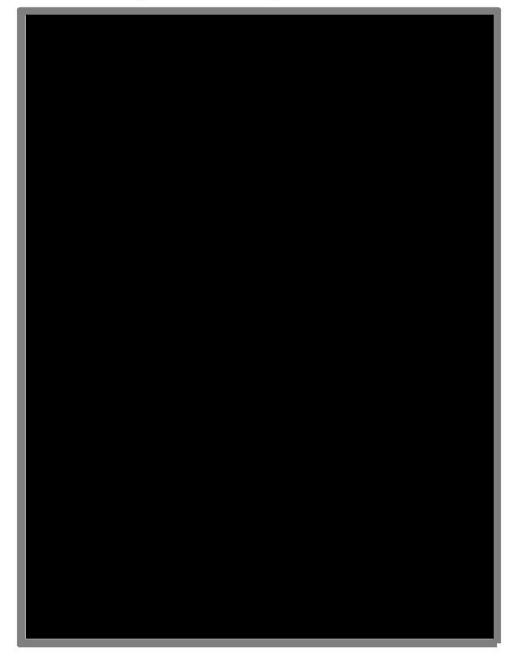
Figure 3: Temporary Launcher and Receiver Site





TIMP Project

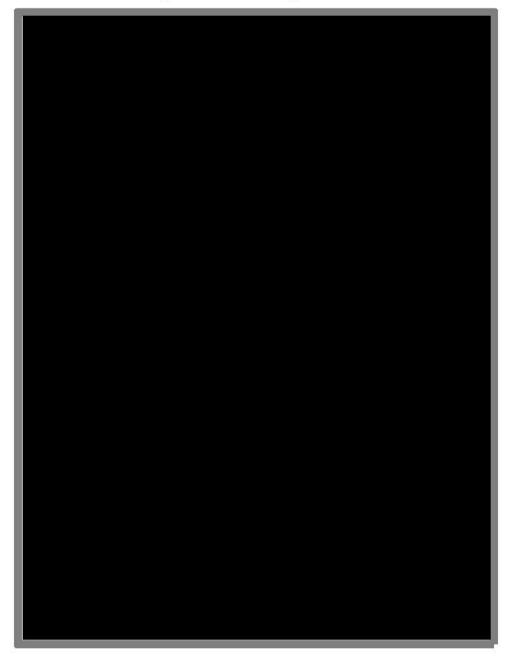
Figure 4: Dewatering Location





TIMP Project

Figure 5: Dewatering Location





TIMP Project

C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



TIMP Project

IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas executed the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs where appropriate. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the Project plan and design.



TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,584,016.

Table 9: Actual Direct Costs3

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	116,180	284,119	400,299
Contract Costs	717,927	1,604,556	2,322,483
Material	2,955	120,353	123,308
Other Direct Charges	362,528	621,545	984,073
Total Direct Costs	1,199,590	2,630,573	3,830,163

Table 10: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	463,822	264,232	728,054
AFUDC	11,862	0	11,862
Property Taxes	13,937	0	13,937
Total Indirect Costs	489,621	264,232	753,853

Table 11: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	1,689,211	2,894,805	4,584,016

These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



TIMP Project

V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of its natural gas system by executing the Supply Line 31-09 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, including the continual identification of threats to its pipelines, determination of the risk posed by these threats, scheduling and tracking assessments to address threats, conducting an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collecting information about the condition of the pipelines, taking actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and reporting the findings of the assessment. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$4,584,016.

End of Supply Line 31-09 Workpaper TIMP Project Final



Final Workpaper for Supply Line 35-1179

TIMP Project

SUPPLY LINE 35-1179

TIMP PROJECT

A. Background and Summary

I.

Supply Line 35-1179 Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP)

Project assessed a diameter line that runs approximately 0.45 miles along through residential neighborhoods and commercial areas. The pipeline is routed across locations with 0.45 miles within High Consequence Areas (HCAs) and no non-HCAs. This Workpaper describes the activities associated with a TIMP Assessment that includes an Inspection using In-Line Inspection (ILI) and the Direct Examinations made to two sites. The Project activities were located in the City of Garden Grove. The specific attributes of this Workpaper are detailed in Table 1 below. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,741,326.



Table 1: General Project Information

Inspection Details	
Pipeline	35-1179
Segment	
Inspection Type	Tool
Location	Garden Grove
Class	
HCA Length	0.5 miles
Vintage	
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Final Tool Run Date	
Inspection Due Date	
Direct Examination Details	
Pipeline	Supply Line 35-1179
Site	1
Examination ID	
Туре	
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad
Within HCA	Yes
SRC/IRC	No
Pipe Diameter	
MAOP	
SMYS	
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Due Date	



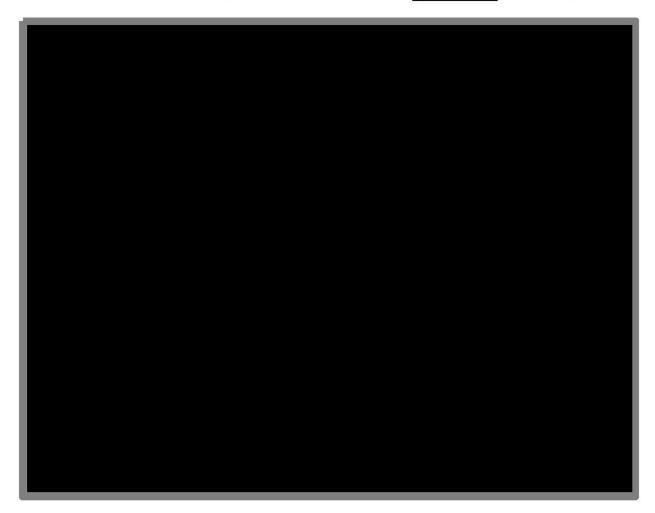
Table 1: General Project Information (Continued)

Direct Examination Details				
Pipeline	Supply Line 35-1179		9	
Site	2			
Examination ID			-	
Type				
Mitigation/Remediation Type	Soft Pad, Band	_	,	
Within HCA	Yes		A. Y.	
SRC/IRC	No			
Pipe Diameter			·	
MAOP			*	
SMYS				
Construction Start Date			20	
Construction Completion Date				
Due Date			.c.	
Project Costs (\$)	Capital	O&M	Total	
Loaded Project Costs	1,210,022	2,531,304	3,741,326	



B. Maps and Images

Figure 1: Satellite Image of Supply Line 35-1179





II. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTABILITY

A. Project Scope

As described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis Sera (Chapter II), TIMP projects follow the four-step assessment process: Pre-Assessment, Inspection, Direct Examination, and Post-Assessment. This Workpaper outlines construction activities during the Assessment process that typically occur during the Inspection and Direct Examination.

Prior to initiating execution of the assessment, SoCalGas reviewed available information and performed a detailed system analysis to verify the scope of the Project. The final scope of this Project is summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

1.	Ins	pection – Engineering, Design, and Constructability: SoCalGas identified Supply				
	Line 35-1179 for Inspection using					
	a.	of 0.45 miles of pipeline along				
	b.	The was completed using a				
		tool which can access the pipeline through a				
		installed by the Project Team and therefore did not require launcher or receiver				
		locations.				

Direct Examination – Engineering, Design, and Constructability: Following the
completion of the Inspection using the segments, two Direct Examination sites were
identified to either assess pipeline segments that could not accommodate an ILI tool
or for validation.

c. The Project Team executed a retrofit consisting of a 32-foot pipeline replacement

Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.

to support pipeline piggability to facilitate future Inspections.

b. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs, and a band repair.



- Post-Assessment Engineering, Design, and Constructability: The validation analysis of the spool piece following the Inspection resulted in no additional examinations.
- 4. <u>Final Project Scope:</u> The final project scope of this Workpaper includes Inspection using and Direct Examination of two sites.

Table 2: Final Inspection Project Scope - ILI

	Final Project Scope					
Line	Inspection Length	Threat Type	Inspection Technology	Tool Method of Travel	Retrofits	
SL35- 1179	0.45 miles				Yes	

Table 3: Final Direct Examination Project Scope

	Final Project Scope								
Line	Site	Within HCA	SRC/ IRC	Examination Length	Mitigation/ Remediation Type	Replacement Length	Cost Category		
SL3 5- 1179	1	Yes	No	12 ft	Soft Pad	N/A	O&M		
SL3 5- 1179	2	Yes	No	203 ft	Soft Pad, Band	N/A	Capital		



B. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors - Inspection

SoCalGas initiated the planning process for the Supply Line 35-1179 TIMP Project by performing a Pre-Assessment engineering analysis to determine existing conditions and any impacts to the Project, confirm the appropriate Inspection methods, and select the Inspection tools. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of this Project are as follows:

1.	Site Description: The	was completed using a	
	tool which car	access the pipeline through a	fitting installed by
	the Project Team and did not	require launcher or receiver location	ons.

2. HCA Threats:

2 Dina Vintaga:

- 3. Pipe Vintage:
- 4. Long Seam Type:

Inspection Tools and Technologies: The Project utilized

technology during the Inspection of the pipeline.

- 5. <u>Inspection Retrofits:</u> The Project required a retrofit consisting of a 32-foot pipeline replacement of a back-to-back elbow and installation of straight pipe to support pipeline piggability for future Inspections.
- 6. <u>System Analysis:</u> The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the pipeline could be inspected without system impacts.
- 7. <u>Customer Impacts:</u> No customer impacts.
- 8. Community Impacts: Traffic impacts and occasional noise.
- 9. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 10. <u>Environmental:</u> No identified impacts.



- 11. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team required an Encroachment Permit for the City of Garden Grove.
- 12. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 15. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) from Caltrans Right of Way (ROW) for potholing, installation, and usage of the

C. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Direct Examination

Continuing the planning process for the Supply Line 35-1179 TIMP Project, SoCalGas reviewed Inspection reports, completed various site evaluations, and communicated with project stakeholders. Key factors that influenced the engineering and design of the Project are as follows:

- 1. Engineering Assessment:
 - a. There were two Sites selected to assess pipeline segments that could not accommodate an ILI tool within the Supply Line 35-1179

 TIMP Project.
 - i. Direct Examination Site #1 consisted of soft pad repairs.
 - ii. Direct Examination Site #2 consisted of soft pad repairs, and a band repair.
 - iii. The Project Team completed these Direct Examinations during the Inspection Phase of the Project.
 - b. SoCalGas completed the Direct Examination using a validation spool piece and it
 was determined that no additional Direct Examination Sites were required for
 validation of the ILI within the Supply Line 35-1179
- 2. <u>SRC/IRC:</u> There were no SRCs or IRCs during the Direct Examinations.
- System Analysis: The Project Team completed a review of the Pipeline system to evaluate project feasibility, which concluded the Direct Examinations could be completed without system impacts.
- 4. Customer Impacts: No customer impacts.



Final Workpaper for Supply Line 35-1179



- 1. Community Impacts: No identified impacts.
- 2. <u>Substructures:</u> The Project Team did not identify any existing substructures that impacted the design and engineering.
- 3. Environmental: No identified impacts.
- 4. <u>Permit Restrictions:</u> The Project Team required an Encroachment Permit for the City of Garden Grove.
- 5. Land Use: No identified impacts.
- 6. <u>Traffic Control:</u> The Project Team obtained TCPs were required for Caltrans ROW for Direct Examination Site #1 and Site #2.
- 7. <u>Constructability:</u> The Project Team completed Direct Examination Sites #1 and #2 during the Inspection Phase of the Project.

D. Engineering, Design, and Constructability Factors – Post-Assessment

The Project Team used the data collected from the Inspection during the Post-Assessment step to determine the effectiveness of the Inspection and evaluate the tool's performance to review the integrity of the pipeline, identify potential required examinations or remediations, and to establish the next reassessment interval for the threats assessed. This analysis resulted in no additional examinations.



III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Construction Contractor Selection

Following completion of the engineering, design, and planning activities described above, SoCalGas selected the Construction Contractor that best met the criteria for this Project.

B. Construction Schedule

Table 4: Construction Timeline - Inspection and

Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	
Inspection Due Date	

Table 5: Construction Timeline - Direct Examination

Mobilization 1: Direct Examination	Sites #1, #2
Construction Start Date	
Construction Completion Date	



Figure 2: Direct Examination Site #2





Figure 3: Direct Examination Site #2





Figure 4: Direct Examination Site #2

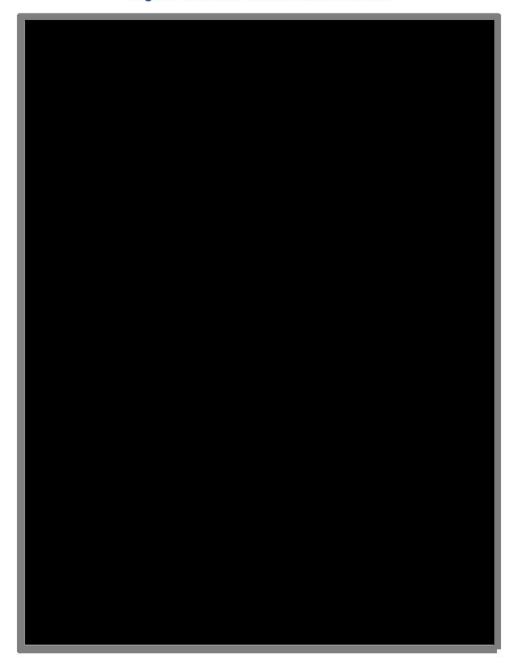




Figure 5: Direct Examination Site #1





C. Commissioning and Site Restoration

Commissioning activities include restoration of the site; final Inspection and returning pipeline to normal operating conditions, transportation and disposal of hydrotest water and hazardous material, and site demobilization. Closeout activities include development of final drawings, finalization of a reconciliation package, and updates to company recordkeeping systems to reflect the completed scope of work.



IV. PROJECT COSTS

A. Cost Efficiency Actions

SoCalGas exercised due diligence in the design, planning, and construction activities for this Project to minimize or avoid costs when prudent to do so. As discussed above, the Project Team reviewed existing information, communicated with external stakeholders, and conducted a site evaluation to incorporate the site conditions in the project plan and design.



Final Workpaper for Supply Line 35-1179

TIMP Project

B. Actual Costs²

Actual loaded costs reflect the Labor, Material, and Services costs incurred to execute the Project. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,741,326.

Table 6: Actual Direct Costs³

Direct Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Company Labor	11,278	161,745	173,023
Contract Costs	917,602	1,621,885	2,539,487
Material	0	1,082	1,082
Other Direct Charges	21,549	553,545	575,094
Total Direct Costs	950,429	2,338,257	3,288,687

Table 7: Actual Indirect Costs4

Indirect Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Overheads	256,535	193,047	449,582
AFUDC	2,182	0	2,182
Property Taxes	875	0	875
Total Indirect Costs	259,592	193,047	452,639

Table 8: Total Costs⁵

Total Costs (\$)	Capital Costs	O&M Costs	Total Actual Costs
Total Loaded Costs	1,210,022	2,531,304	3,741,326

² These are the total project costs incurred between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2023. Only direct costs and vacation and sick contribute to the TIMPBA revenue requirement that is presented in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Rae Marie Yu (Chapter III).

³ Values may not add to total due to rounding.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.



V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas enhanced the integrity of their integrated natural gas system by prudently executing the Supply Line 35-1179 TIMP Project. Through this Project, SoCalGas successfully implemented and managed the requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 192, Subpart O, to achieve the objective to continually identify threats to its pipelines, determine the risk posed by these threats, schedule and track assessments to address threats, conduct an appropriate assessment in a prescribed timeline, collect information about the condition of the pipelines, take actions to minimize applicable threats and integrity concerns to reduce the risk of a pipeline failure, and Workpaper findings of Supply Line 35-1179 in the City of Garden Grove. The total loaded cost of the Project is \$3,741,326.

End of Supply Line 35-1179 TIMP Project Final Workpaper

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DECLARATION OF TRAVIS T. SERA REGARDING CONFIDENTIALITY OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS PURSUANT TO D.21-09-020

I, Travis T. Sera, do declare as follows:

- 1. I am the Director of Integrity Management for Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas). I have been delegated authority to sign this declaration by Gina Orozco, Vice President of Gas Engineering and System Integrity for SoCalGas. I have reviewed the confidential information included within SoCalGas-02-WP Workpapers Supporting the Prepared Direct Testimony of Jordan A. Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and Travis T. Sera (Technical Project Execution and Management) ("TIMP Workpapers"). I am personally familiar with the facts and representations in this Declaration and, if called upon to testify, I could and would testify to the following based upon my personal knowledge and/or information and belief.
- 2. I hereby provide this Declaration in accordance with Decision ("D.") 21-09-020 and General Order ("GO") 66-D to demonstrate that the confidential information ("Protected Information") provided in the TIMP Workpapers is within the scope of data protected as confidential under applicable law.
- 3. In accordance with the legal authority described in Attachment A, the Protected Information should be protected from public disclosure.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed this 30th day of April, 2025 at Los Angeles, California.

Travis T. Sera

Director of Integrity Management Southern California Gas Company

ATTACHMENT A

SoCalGas Request for Confidentiality on the following Protected Information in its Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) Workpapers

Trans	missi
Location of Data	App
SCG-02-WP (Volumes I-	CPR
VII); Workpapers	7927
Supporting the Prepared	whic
Direct Testimony of Jordan	pursi
A. Zeoli, Fidel Galvan, and	•
Travis T. Sera (Technical –	
Project Execution and	•
Management) have been	
marked/highlighted as	
confidential pursuant to PUC	
Section 583, GO 66-D, and	
D.21-09-020.	
Confidential Information:	•
Critical Energy	
Infrastructure Information	
(CEII), Pipe attributes	
(SMYS, MAOP/MOP,	
Diameter, Seam type, Install	

Critical Energy
Infrastructure Information
(CEII), Pipe attributes
(SMYS, MAOP/MOP,
Diameter, Seam type, Instal
date, Class location, HCA
segment information,
Assessment method,
Assessment date, Coating
type, Construction
dates/schedules, Inspection
results, Directional flow of
natural gas), Threat type,
Specific locational
information and system
pipeline map.

Applicable Confidentiality Provisions

CPRA Exemption, Gov't Code § 7927.705 ("Records, the disclosure of which is exempted or prohibited pursuant to federal or state law")

- Cal. Civil Code §§ 3426 et seq. (Uniform Trade Secrets Act)
- TMX Funding Inc. v. Impero Technologies, Inc., 2010 WL 2745484 at *4 (N.D. Cal. 2010) (defining trade secret in an injunction to include "business plans and strategies")
- O2 Micro Int'l Ltd. v. Monolithic Power Sys., Inc., 420 F. Supp. 2d 1070, 1089–1090 (N.D. Cal. 2006) ("It does not matter if a portion of the trade secret is generally known, or even that every individual portion of the trade secret is generally known, so long as the combination of all such information is not generally known.")
- 18 CFR § 388.113(c) (defining CFII)
- FERC Order Nos. 630, 643, 649, 662, 683, and 702 (defining CEII)
- FERC Order 833 (including amendments to the CEII regulations, required by The FAST Act)
- Critical Energy Infrastructure Information, 68 Fed. Reg. 9857, 9862 (Dep't of Energy Mar. 3, 2003) (final rule) (listing what gas information qualifies as CEII)
- FERC's Guidelines for Filing Critical Energy/Electric

Basis for Confidentiality

It is SoCalGas's practice to designate certain data as confidential because this data is similar to data protected by CEII regulations and, if made publicly available, could potentially present a risk to public and pipeline safety.

Engineering design values (i.e., Pipe attributes and production data) for existing critical infrastructure could be used to determine the criticality of a gas facility and identify vulnerabilities of the gas delivery network. Because of the critical nature of these attributes, they have been identified by PHMSA to be restricted attributes available only to government officials.

Inspection results (including assessment results/dates) are forms of production data that is protected and includes details related to the transmission and distribution of energy. This information if released to the public can be used to predict repair schedules and availability of segments of the transportation network. It may affect market pricing for gas transportation and delivery and lead to speculation in the energy markets that may be detrimental to consumers. This information could also be used to identify vulnerabilities of the gas network.

It is SoCalGas's practice to designate portions of their threat analysis, such as threat types, as confidential because this data is considered proprietary, not currently published by PHMSA, and, if made publicly available, could potentially present a risk to public and

Infrastructure Information, (Feb. 21, 2017), *available at* https://www.ferc.gov/sites/default/files/2020-04/CEII-Filing-guidelines.pdf

- Exhibits G, G-1, G-II of pipeline certificate applications. 18 CFR § 157.14
- Exhibit V of abandonment applications. 18 CFR § 157.18
- o FERC Form 567. 18 CFR § 260.8
- CPUC Res. L-436, at 8 (stating CPUC will "refrain from making available to the public detailed maps and schematic diagrams showing the location of specific utility regulator stations, valves, and similar facilities")
- Cal. Pub. Util. Code § 364(d) ("The commission may, consistent with other provisions of law, withhold from the public information generated or obtained pursuant to this section that it deems would pose a security threat to the public if disclosed.")
- The Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety
 Administration's (PHMSA) guidelines consider the data to be restricted pipeline information. PHMSA Guidelines, 81 Fed. Reg. 40757, 40764 (June 22, 2016).
- PHMSA also issued an advisory bulletin on December 9, 2016: ABD-2016-0137; Pipeline Safety: Safeguarding and Securing Pipelines from Unauthorized Access detailing

pipeline safety, as well as a potential financial loss of future revenue as these documents could be monetized.

Pipeline locations (including street names) and maps at a scale of 1 inch to 24,000 feet scale or less are identified as confidential because the data would provide sufficient information to be used by a third party to excavate or access above ground facilities without notifying the Utility through the local Underground Service Alert (USA) or could be used to identify locations for illegal tapping or other acts that could impact the safety of residents living near the natural gas pipeline or gas facility.

- the need for operators to protect their gas systems
- See Administrative Law Judge's Ruling Granting Applicant's Motion for Leave to Submit Confidential Materials Under Seal as to Appendix K Geographic Information System (GIS) Data at 2, Application 16-07-016 (December 1, 2016); Administrative Law Judge's Ruling Granting Applicant's Motion to File Specified Documents Under Seal, Application 16-04-022 (June 2, 2016)
- *See Mr. Doug Hall*, 114 FERC ¶ 62194, 2006 WL 463906 (Feb. 27, 2006) (letter from the FERC Office of External Affairs to an applicant seeking to review information containing CEII, explaining that "precise dam coordinates which could be used to target the dam. In addition, providing coordinate data for all facilities in a specific geographic region increases the vulnerability of those facilities to attack . . . this information could be used to compromise the dams, placing lives at risk.")
- Ms. Alison Arnold, 108 FERC ¶ 62287, 64538 (Sept. 30, 2004) (ruling on a request to the U.S. Department of Interior for a copy of GIS data regarding hydropower projects located in the State of Washington that "contains critical energy infrastructure information (CEII)")
- N. Dakota Pipe Line Co., LLC 24-Inch Crude Oil Pipeline -Sandpiper Project Siting Application, GE-13-193, 2014